





QEEG Clinical Report BrainLens V0.4

Report Description

Personal & Clinical Data

Name	Aboualfazi Bafandeh	Date of Recording	22-Feb-2025
Date of Birth - Age	20-Feb-2000 - 25.01	Gender	Male
Handedness(R/L)	Right	Source of Referral	Dr Tabatabaei
Initial Diagnosis		-	
Current Medication		-	

Dr Tabatabaei

Summary Report



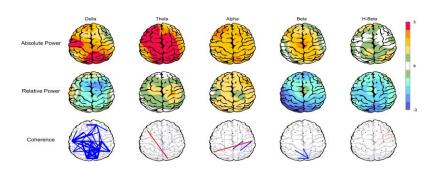


Arousal Level

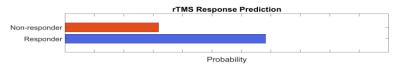


Low Arousal Normal High arousal

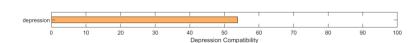
Z-score Information



TMS Responsibility



Compatibility with Depression



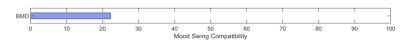
Cognitive Performance



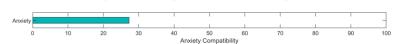


Posterior APF-EC= 09.62

Compatibility with Mood Swing



Compatibility with Anxiety

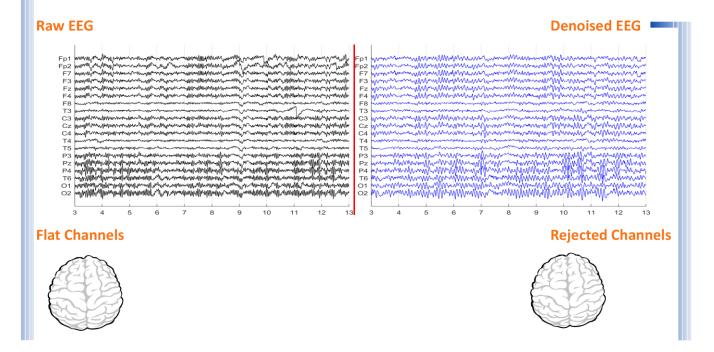


To investigate QEEG-based predicting medication response, please refer to the Report.





Denoising Information (EC)



Number of Eye and Muscle Elements				Low Artifact Percentage	
Eye	2	Muscle	0	0	
Total Artifact Percentage				High Artifact Percentage	
			0		
EEG Quali	ity	good		Total Recording Time Remaining 220.90 sec	





Pathological assessment for mood disorders and adult ADHD

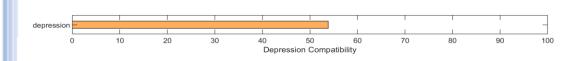
Compare to Mood Disorders Database

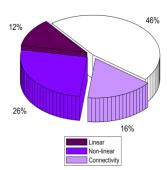


Compare to Adult ADHD Database

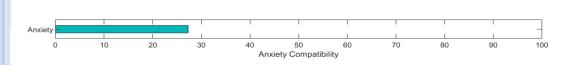


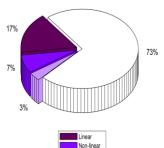
EEG Compatibility with Depression Diagnosis



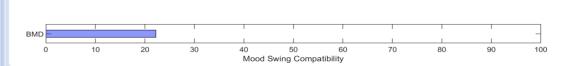


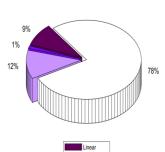
EEG Compatibility with Anxiety Diagnosis





EEG Compatibility with Mood Swing Diagnosis *



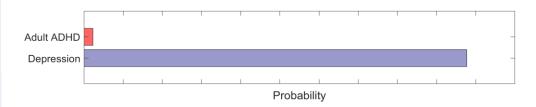


^{*} This index can only be investigated if there are symptoms of mood swings (R/O BMD or R/O mood swings).





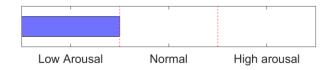
Depression and Adult ADHD Diagnosis Probabiliy



Cognitive Functions Asessment



Arousal Level Detection







rTMS Response Prediction

Network Performance

Accuracy: 92.1% Sensitivity: 89.13% Specificity: 97.47%

Participants Information Distribution of Gender 60% 60% 60% 50% 44% 40% 30% 10%



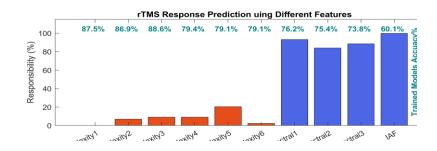




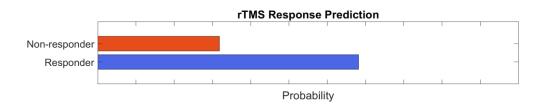




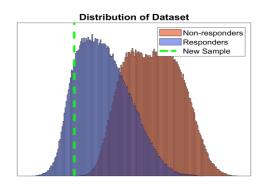
Features Information



Responsibility



Data Distribution



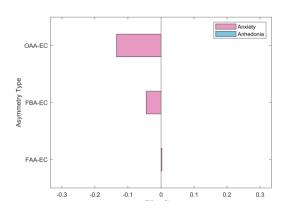
About Predicting rTMS Response

This index was obtained based on machine learning approaches and by examining the QEEG biomarkers of more than 470 cases treated with rTMS. The cases were diagnosed with depression (with and without comorbidity) and all were medication free. By examining more than 40 biomarkers capable of predicting response to rTMS treatment in previous studies and with data analysis, finally 10 biomarkers including bispectral and nonlinear features entered the machine learning process. The final chart can distinguish between RTMS responsive and resistant cases with 92.1% accuracy. This difference rate is much higher than the average response to treatment of 44%, in the selection of patients with clinical criteria, and is an important finding in the direction of personalized treatment for rTMS.

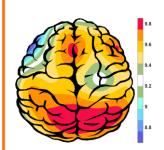




Alpha Asymmetry(AA)



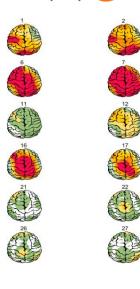
APF(EC)

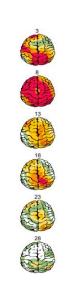


Frontal APF= 09.42

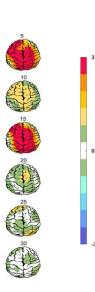
Posterior APF= 09.62

Absolute Power-Eye Closed (EC) 🌮

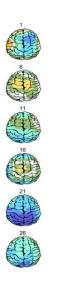


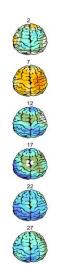


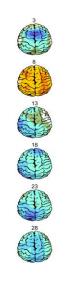


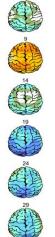


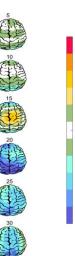
Relative Power-Eye Closed (EC) 🌮







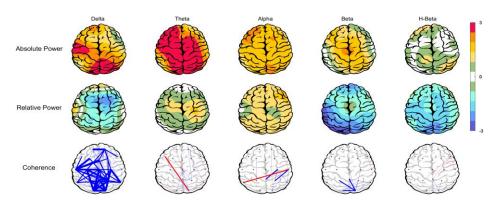




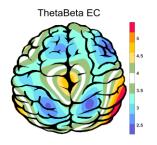


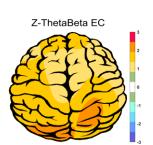


Z Score Summary Information (EC)

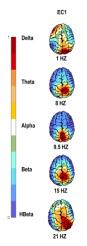


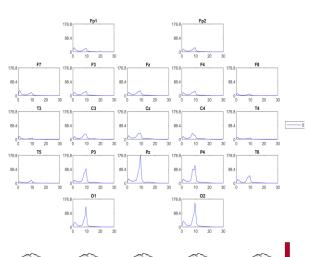
E.C.T/B Ratio (Raw- Z Score)

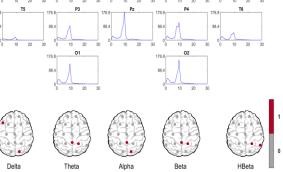




EEG Spectra







Arousal Level

