





QEEG Clinical Report BrainLens V0.4

Report Description

Personal & Clinical Data

Name	Ilya Rezghi	Date of Recording	2025-05-23
Date of Birth - Age	2015-11-08 - 9.54	Gender	Male
Handedness(R/L)	Left	Source of Referral	Ms Amouzandeh
Initial Diagnosis		-	
Current Medication		-	

Ms Amouzandeh

Summary Report



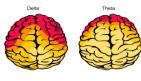








Z-score Information















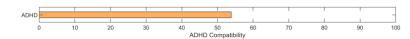








Compatibility with ADHD



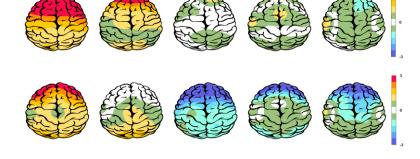
Arousal Level





Posterior APF-EC= 09.00

Posterior APF-EO= 09.12



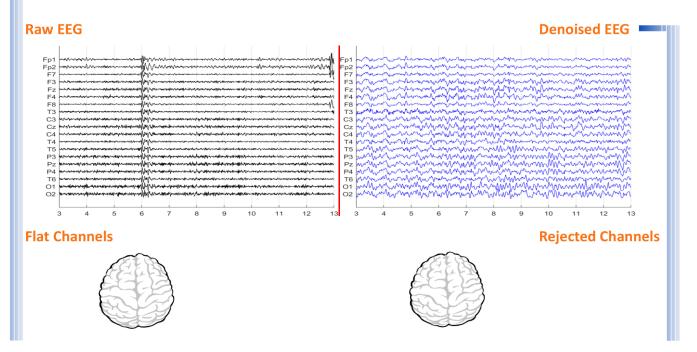
Absolute Power Relative Power

To investigate QEEG-based predicting medication response, please refer to the Report.



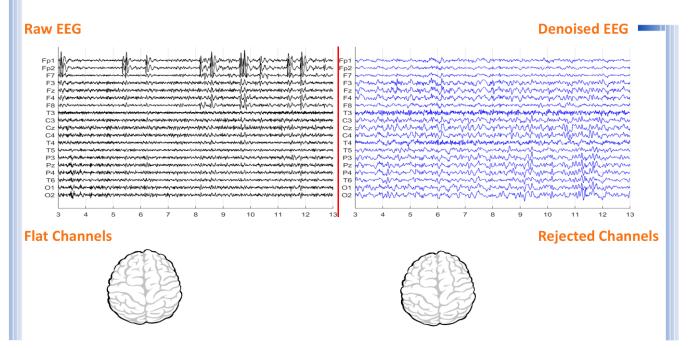


Denoising Information (EC)



Number of Eye and Muscle Elements			Low Artifact Percentage			
Eye	4	Muscle	0	0		
Total Artifact Percentage			High Artifact Percentage			
0			0			
EEG Quality		bad		Total Recording Time Remaining	86.46 sec	

Denoising Information (EO)



Number of Eye and Muscle Elements			Low Artifact Percentage		
Eye	2	Muscle	0	0	
Total Artifact Percentage			High Artifact Percentage		
EEG Quality		good		Total Recording Time Remaining	101.85 sec





Pathological assessment for ADHD

Compare to ADHD Database













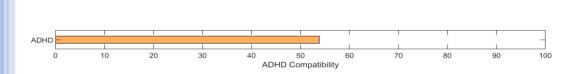


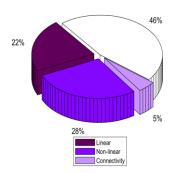






EEG Compatibility with ADHD Diagnosis





Arousal Level Detection



ADHD Clustering *

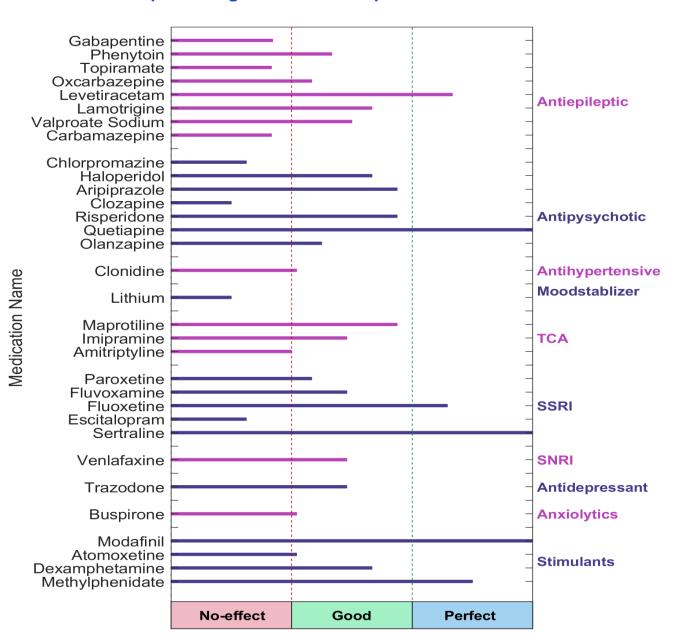
1. Same inattentive and hyperactive prevalence. Well respond to stimulants.

* If there is Paroxymal epileptic discharge in EEG data, this case needs sufficient sleep and should avoid high carbohydrate intake.
You can consider anticonvulant medications.





QEEG based predicting medication response



Explanation

Medication Recommendation

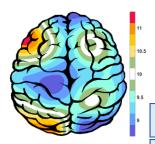
These two tables can be considered the most important finding that can be extracted from QEEG. To prepare this list, the NPCIndex Article Review Team has studied, categorized, and extracted algorithms from many authoritative published articles on predict medication response and Pharmaco EEG studies. These articles are published between 1970 and 2021. The findings extracted from this set include 85 different factors in the raw band domains, spectrum, power, coherence, and loreta that have not been segregated to avoid complexity, and their results are shown in these diagrams. One can review details in NPCIndex.com.

These two charts, calculate probability to various medications, according only to QEEG indicators. Blue charts favor drug response and red charts favor drug resistance. The longer the bar, the more evidence there is in the articles. Only drugs listed in the articles are listed. These tables present the indicators reviewed in the QEEG studies and are not a substitute for physician selection.





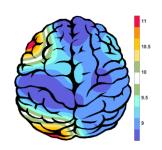
APF(EO)



Frontal APF= 09.50

Posterior APF= 09.12

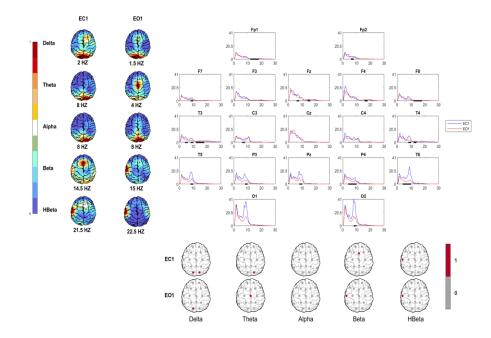
APF(EC)



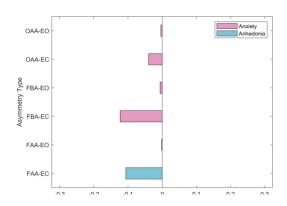
Frontal APF= 08.83

Posterior APF= 09.00

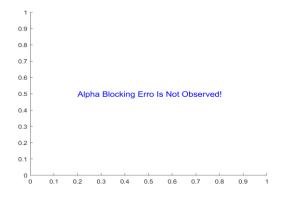
EEG Spectra



Alpha Asymmetry(AA)



Alpha Blocking







Z Score Summary Information (EC) 🥟



































Z Score Summary Information (EO)





























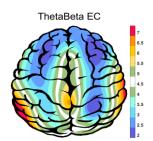


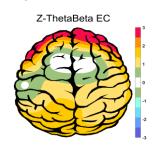




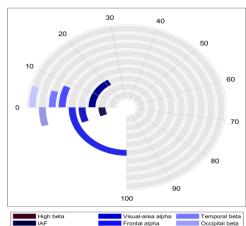


E.C.T/B Ratio (Raw- Z Score)

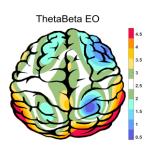


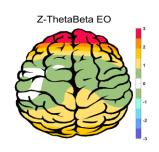


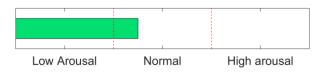
Arousal Level









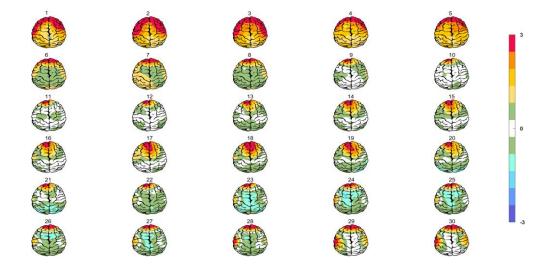




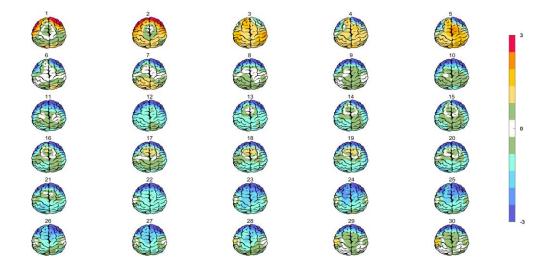


Absolute Power-Eye Closed (EC) 🌮





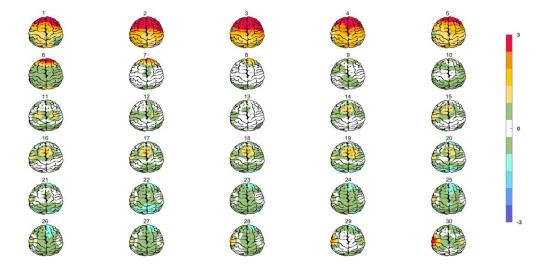
Relative Power-Eye Closed (EC) 🌮







Absolute Power-Eye Open (EO) 🕢



Relative Power-Eye Open (EO)

