





QEEG Clinical Report BrainLens V0.4

Report Description

Personal & Clinical Data

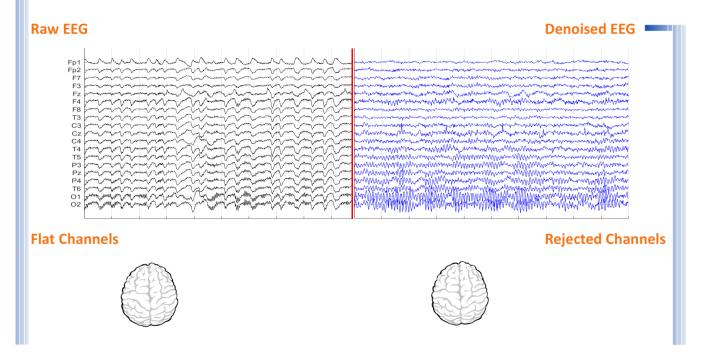
Name	Erfan Farsi	Date of Recording	23-Aug-2023	
Date of Birth - Age	29-Jun-2003 - 20.15	Gender	Male	
Handedness(R/L)	Right	Source of Referral	Dr Goudarzi	
Initial Diagnosis	MDD			
Current Medication	Clonazepam-Rahakin-Buspirone			

Dr Goudarzi



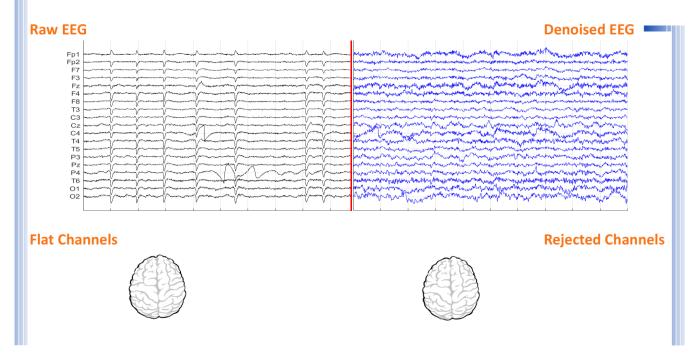


Denoising Information (EC)



Number of Eye and Muscle Elements		Low Artifact Percentage			
Eye	2	Muscle	0	0	
Total Artifact Percentage		High Artifact Percentage			
()		0			
EEG Quality		bad		Total Recording Time Remaining	215.75 sec

Denoising Information (EO)



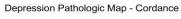
Number of	Number of Eye and Muscle Elements		Low Artifact Percentage		
Eye	1	Muscle	0	0	
Total Artifac	t Percentage			High Artifact Percentage	
	0				
EEG Quality		bad		Total Recording Time Remaining 207.77 sec	

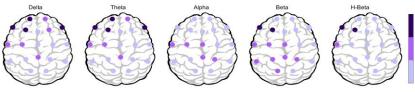




Pathological assessment for Depression

Compare to Depression Database





Depression Probability

Depression Table	EC		EO		
Feature Name	Threshold	Region	Threshold	Region	
Increased Global rAlpha	0.00	NAN	0.00	NAN	
Increased global rTheta	0.00	NAN	0.00	NAN	
Decreased rDelta	0.00	NAN	0.00	NAN	
Increased rBeta	0.00	NAN	0.00	NAN	
Left FAA	-0.69	Left FAA	-0.69	Left FAA	
Right OAA	0.00	NAN	0.00	NAN	
Decreased Coherence	-1.00	Decreased Coherence	-1.00	Decreased Coherence	
Increased Coherence	0.50	Decreased Coherence	0.50	Decreased Coherence	
dep 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 Depression Probability Depression Probability					

Depression Severity



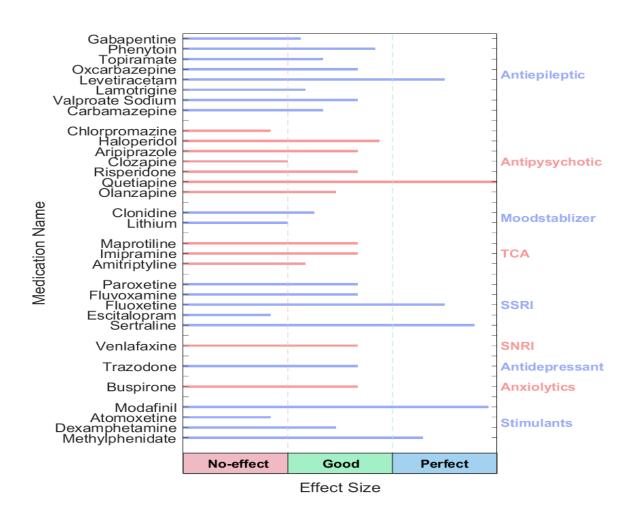








TQEEG based predicting medication response



Explanation



Medication Recommendation

These two tables can be considered the most important finding that can be extracted from QEEG. To prepare this list, the NPCIndex Article Review Team has studied, categorized, and extracted algorithms from many authoritative published articles on predict medication response and Pharmaco EEG studies. These articles are published between 1970 and 2021. The findings extracted from this set include 85 different factors in the raw band domains, spectrum, power, coherence, and loreta that have not been segregated to avoid complexity, and their results are shown in these diagrams. One can review details in NPCIndex.com .

These two charts, calculate response probability to various medications, according only to QEEG indicators. Blue charts favor drug response and red charts favor drug resistance. The longer the bar, the more evidence there is in the articles. Only drugs listed in the articles are listed. These tables present the indicators reviewed in the QEEG studies and are not a substitute for physician selection.

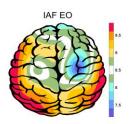
QEEG based predicting rTMS response





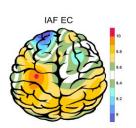


IAF(EO)



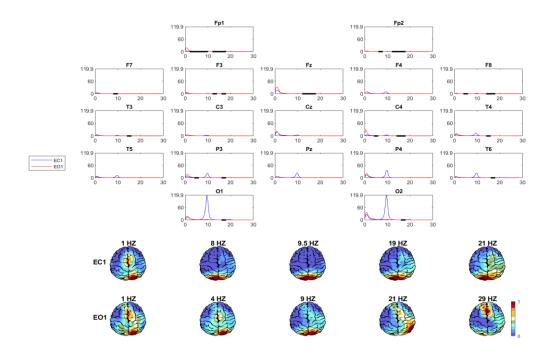
Eye Open IAF= 08.75

IAF(EC)

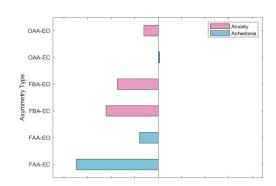


Eye Close IAF= 09.62

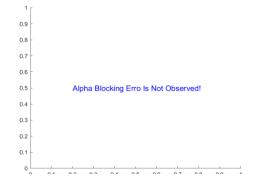
EEG Spectra



Alpha Asymmetry(AA)



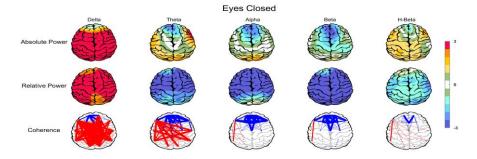
Alpha Blocking



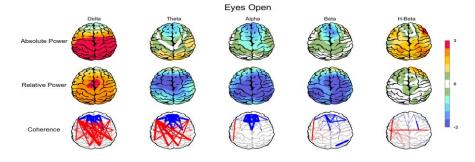




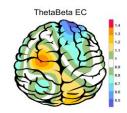
Z Score Summary Information (EC)

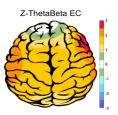


Z Score Summary Information (EO)

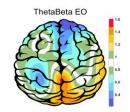


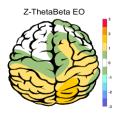
E.C.T/B Ratio (Raw- Z Score)





E.O.T/B Ratio (Raw- Z Score)

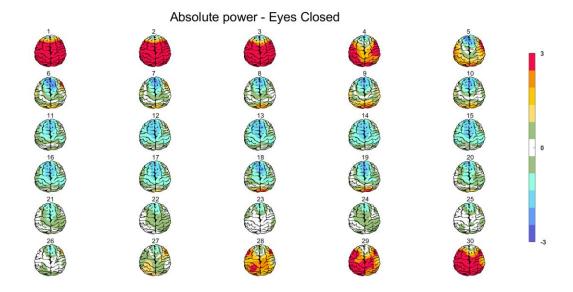




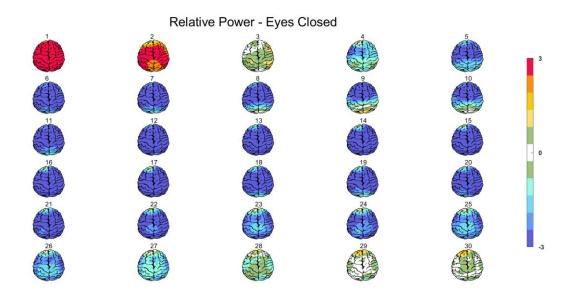




Absolute Power-Eye Closed (EC) 🌮



Relative Power-Eye Closed (EC) ớ

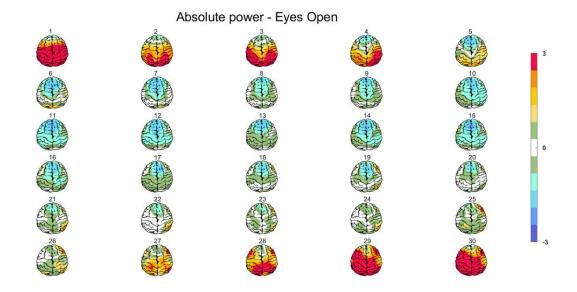






Absolute Power-Eye Open (EO) 🕢





Relative Power-Eye Open (EO)

