



## QEEG Clinical Report

BrainLens V0.4



### Report Description



### Personal & Clinical Data

|                     |                   |                    |                   |
|---------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| Name                | Alireza Salehi    | Date of Recording  | 2025-07-23        |
| Date of Birth - Age | 2019-04-22 - 6.25 | Gender             | Male              |
| Handedness(R/L)     | Right             | Source of Referral | Dr Mohammadhasani |
| Initial Diagnosis   | ADHD-Anxiety      |                    |                   |
| Current Medication  | -                 |                    |                   |

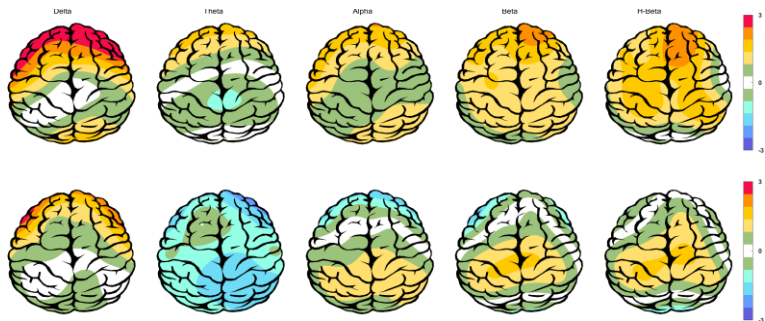
Dr Mohammadhasani

# Summary Report

## EEG Quality

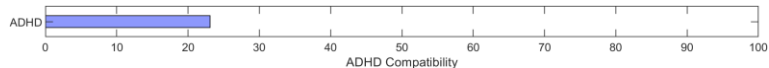


## Z-score Information

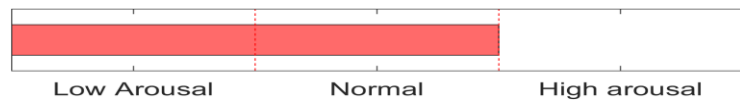


Absolute Power  
Relative Power

## Compatibility with ADHD



## Arousal Level



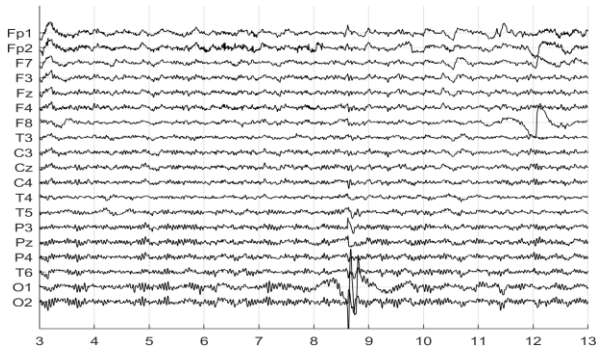
## APF

Posterior APF-EC= 09.38

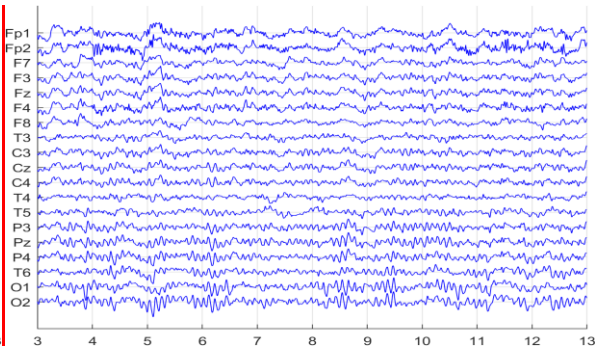
To investigate QEEG-based predicting medication response, please refer to the Report.

## Denoising Information (EC)

### Raw EEG



### Denoised EEG



### Flat Channels



### Rejected Channels



#### Number of Eye and Muscle Elements

Eye 0 Muscle 0

#### Total Artifact Percentage



EEG Quality good

#### Low Artifact Percentage



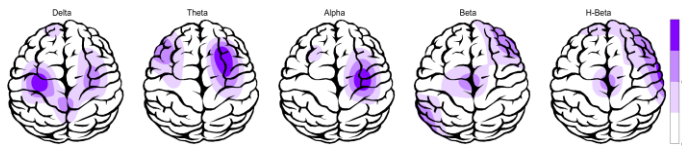
#### High Artifact Percentage



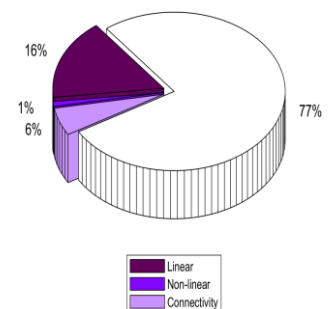
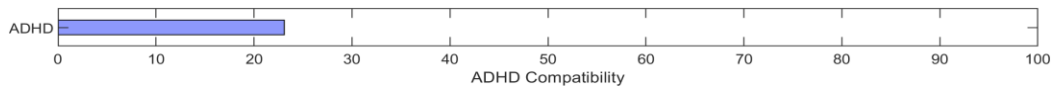
Total Recording Time Remaining 483.70 sec

## Pathological assessment for ADHD

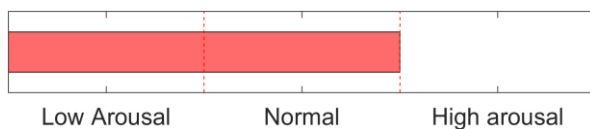
### Compare to ADHD Database



### EEG Compatibility with ADHD Diagnosis



### Arousal Level Detection

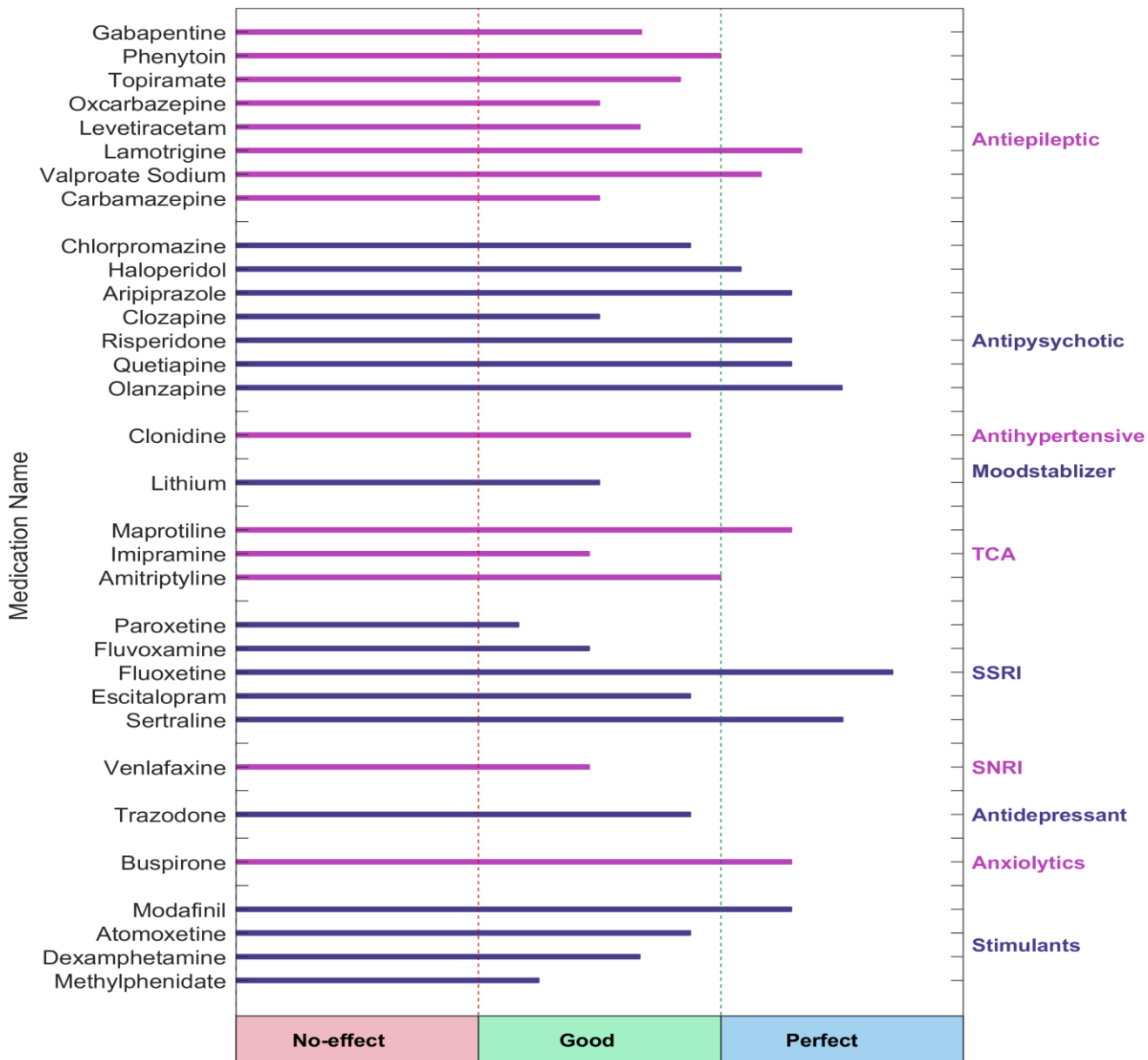


### ADHD Clustering \*

1. Same inattentive and hyperactive prevalence. Well respond to stimulants.

\* If there is Paroxymal epileptic discharge in EEG data, this case needs sufficient sleep and should avoid high carbohydrate intake. You can consider anticonvulant medications.

## QEEG based predicting medication response



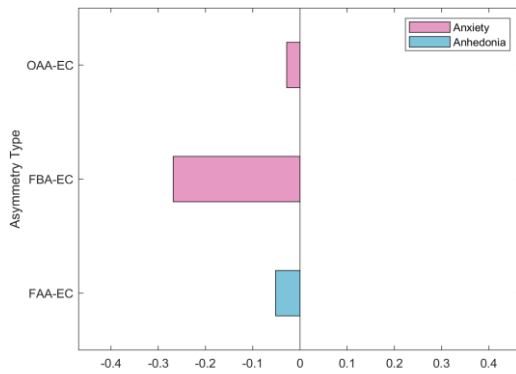
### Explanation

These two tables can be considered the most important finding that can be extracted from QEEG. To prepare this list, the NPCIndex Article Review Team has studied, categorized, and extracted algorithms from many authoritative published articles on predict medication response and Pharmacoe EEG studies. These articles are published between 1970 and 2021. The findings extracted from this set include 85 different factors in the raw band domains, spectrum, power, coherence, and loreta that have not been segregated to avoid complexity, and their results are shown in these diagrams. One can review details in NPCIndex.com .

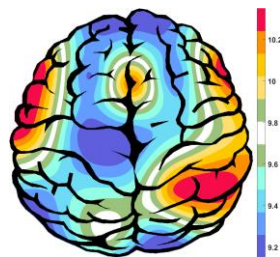
### Medication Recommendation

These two charts, calculate response probability to various medications, according only to QEEG indicators. Blue charts favor drug response and red charts favor drug resistance. The longer the bar, the more evidence there is in the articles. Only drugs listed in the articles are listed. These tables present the indicators reviewed in the QEEG studies and are not a substitute for physician selection.

## Alpha Asymmetry(AA)



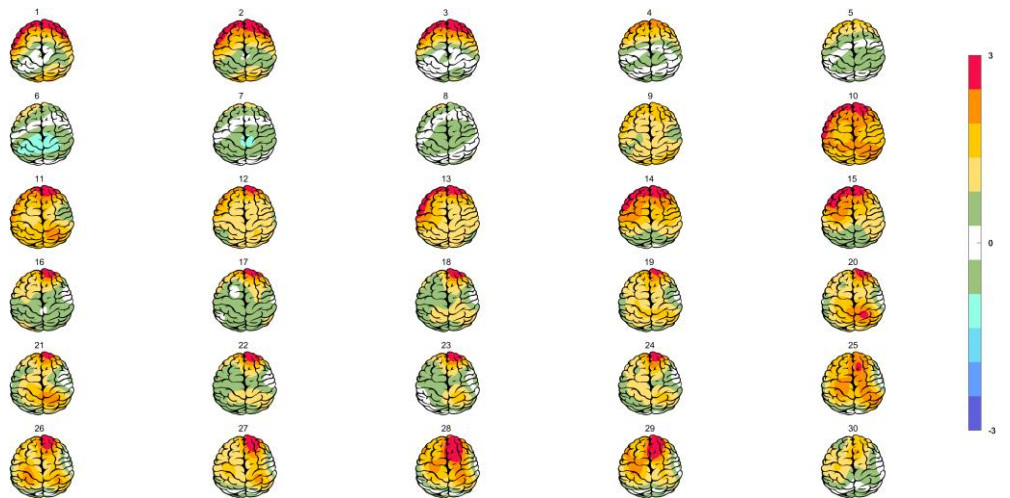
## APF(EC)



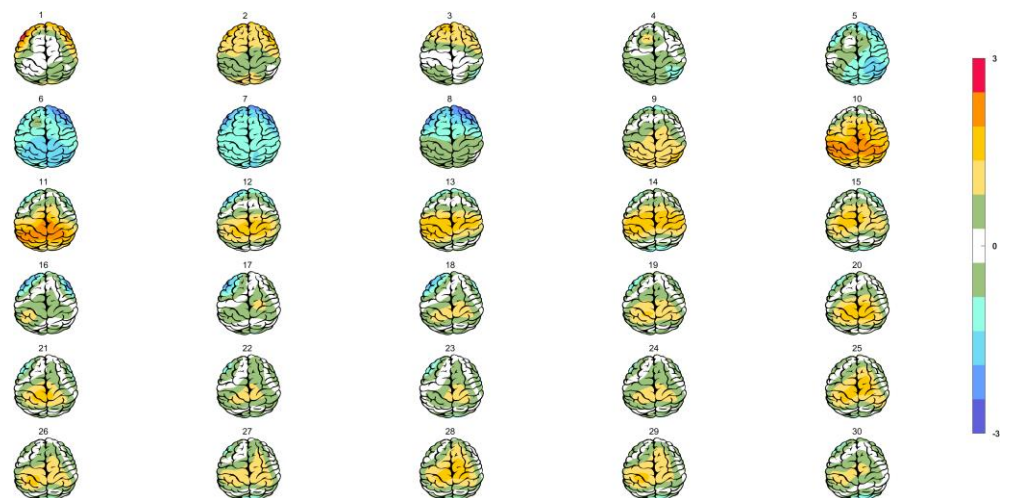
Frontal APF= 09.33

Posterior APF= 09.38

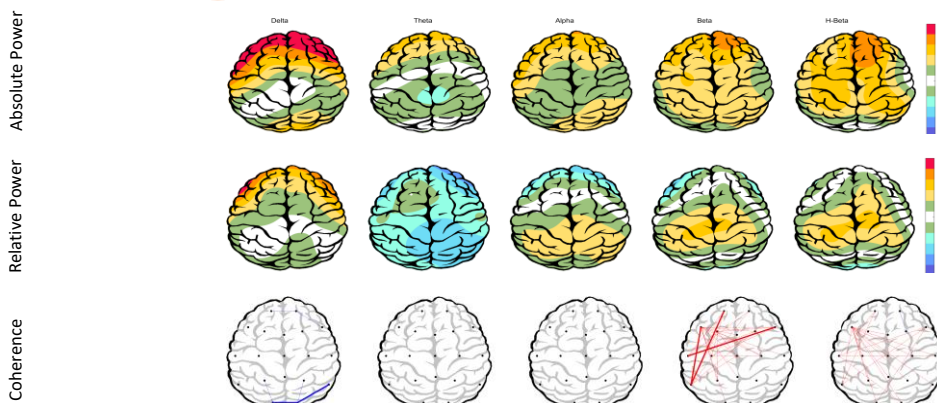
## Absolute Power-Eye Closed (EC)



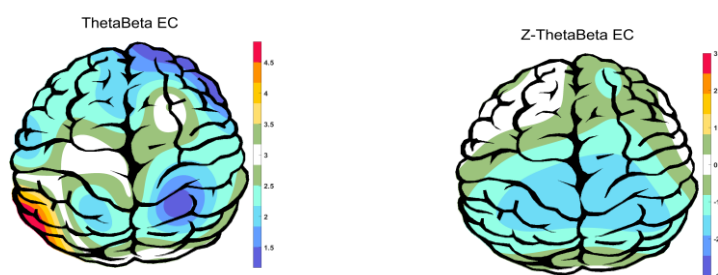
## Relative Power-Eye Closed (EC)



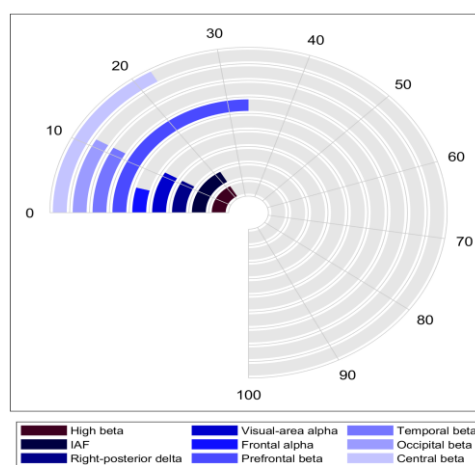
## Z Score Summary Information (EC)



## E.C.T/B Ratio ( Raw- Z Score)



## Arousal Level



## EEG Spectra

