QEEG Clinical Report

EEGLens





The QEEG report is provided by NPCindex Company, operating under the QEEGhome brand.

Personal Data:

Name: Behdadbiniyaz

Gender: Male

Age: 2009-08-03 - 16.3

Handedness: Right

Clinical Data:

Initial diagnosis: Anxiety

Medication: -

Date of Recording: 2025-10-05

Source of Referral: Kamal Barzegar Ghazi

This case belongs to Kamal Barzegar Ghazi





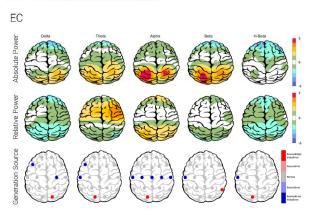




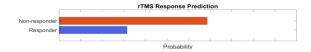
EEG Quality

EC

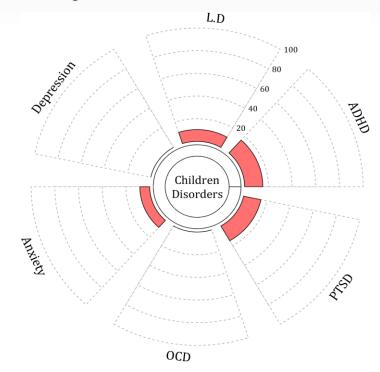
Z-score Information



■ TMS Reponsibility



■ Pathological Assessment



■ EEG Neuromarker Values

Neuromarker	Region	Value	Assessment
AFP	Frontal	10.92	High
AFP	Occipital	10.75	High
Arousal Level		-	Normal

QEEGhome Clinical Report

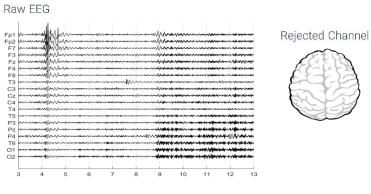
Kamal Barzegar Ghazi

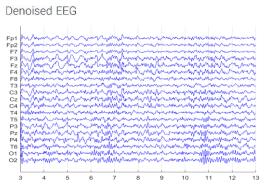


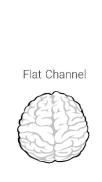


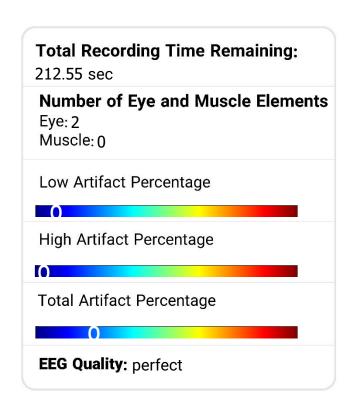
Denoising Information

Eye Close







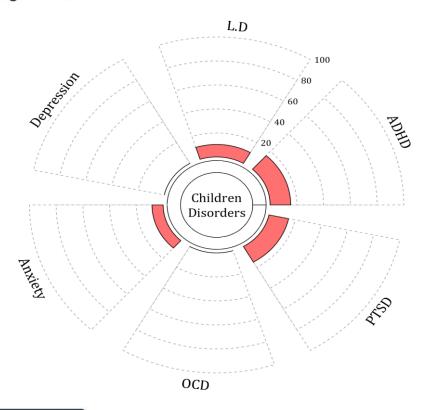






Pathological Assessment

Main Diagnosis: Children Disorder



ADHD Subtypes

1. Same inattentive and hyperactive prevalence, may be anxious, may be highly intelligent, need sufficient sleep, and should avoid high arbohydrate inbtake. Consider clonidine

Description

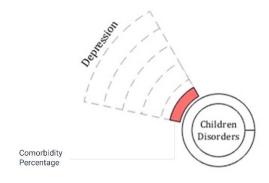
According to the guidelines, psychiatric disorders in children (under 17 years) include *ADHD*, learning disorder (LD), PTSD, OCD, depression, and anxiety.

In the above graph, the red area shows the percentage of each disorder from your patient's EEG markers. Observe that each disorder marker is not unique and can be shared with others.

References

Sadock, B. J., Sadock, V. A., & Ruiz, P. (Eds.). (2025). Kaplan and Sadock's comprehensive textbook of psychiatry (11th ed., Vols. 1–2). Wolters Kluwer Sadock, B. J., Sadock, V. A., & Ruiz, P. (2022). Kaplan and Sadock's synopsis of psychiatry: Behavioral sciences/clinical psychiatry (12th ed.). Wolters Kluwer

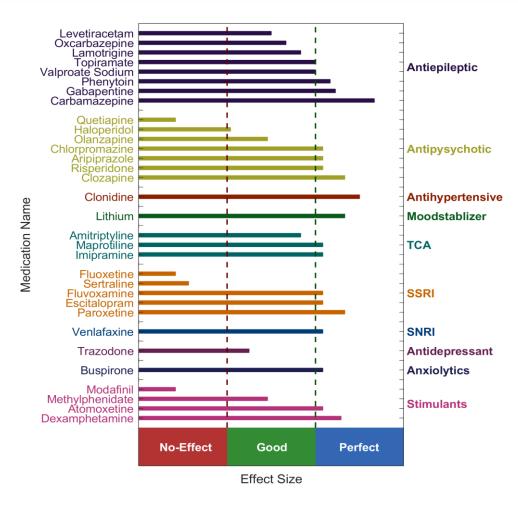
User Manual

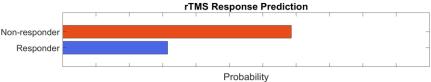






QEEG Based Predicting Medication Response





Explanation

These two tables can be considered the most important finding that can be extracted from QEEG. To prepare this list, the NPCIndex Article Review Team has studied, categorized, and extracted algorithms from many authoritative published articles on predict medication response and Pharmaco EEG studies. These articles are published between 1970 and 2021. The findings extracted from this set include 85 different factors in the raw band domains, spectrum, power, coherence, and loreta that have not been segregated to avoid complexity, and their results are shown in these diagrams. One can review details in NPCIndex.com .

Medication Recommendation

These two charts, calculate response probability to various medications, according only to QEEG indicators. Blue charts favor drug response and red charts favor drug resistance. The longer the bar, the more evidence there is in the articles. Only drugs listed in the articles are listed. These tables present the indicators reviewed in the QEEG studies and are not a substitute for physician selection.





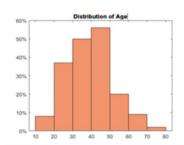
rTMS Response Prediction

Network Performance

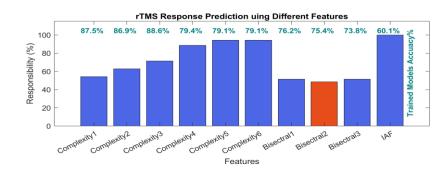
Accuracy: 92.10% Sensitivity: 89.13% Specificity: 97.47%

Participants Information

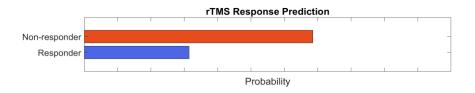




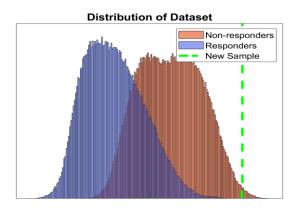
Features Information



Responsibility



Data Distribution



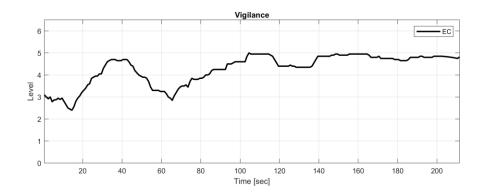
About Predicting rTMS Response

This index was obtained based on machine learning approaches and by examining the QEEG biomarkers of more than 470 cases treated with rTMS. The cases were diagnosed with depression (with and without comorbidity) and all were medication free. By examining more than 40 biomarkers capable of predicting response to rTMS treatment in previous studies and with data analysis, finally 10 biomarkers including bispectral and nonlinear features entered the machine learning process. The final chart can distinguish between RTMS responsive and resistant cases with 92.1% accuracy. This difference rate is much higher than the average response to treatment of 44%, in the selection of patients with clinical criteria, and is an important finding in the direction of personalized treatment for rTMS.

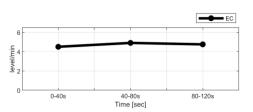




Vigilance



Vigilance Slope 0.81



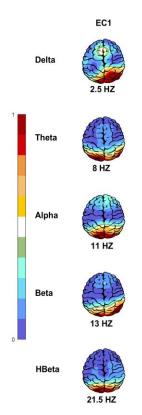
EEG Neuromarker Values

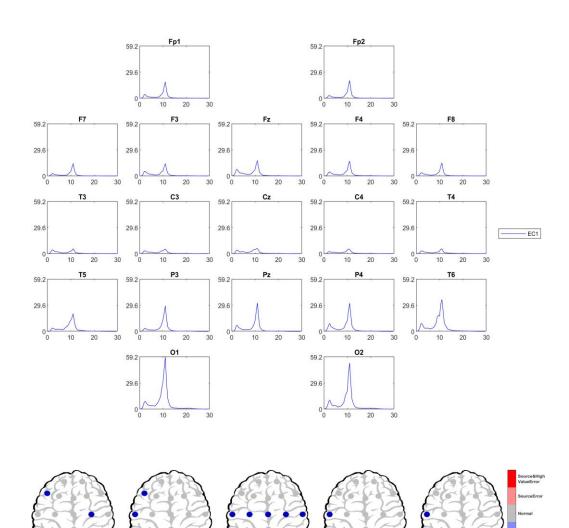
Neuromarker	Region	Value	Assessment
AFP	Frontal	10.92	High
AFP	Occipital	10.75	High
Alpha Asymmetry	Frontal	-0.09	Anhedonia
Alpha Asymmetry	Occipital	00.08	Anxiety
Beta Asymmetry	Frontal	-0.05	Anxiety
Arousal Level		-	Normal
Vigilance Level	-	05.00	Normal
Vigilance Mean	-	04.29	Normal
Vigilance Regulation	_	00.81	High
Vigilance 0 Stage (%)		00.00	Normal
Vigilance A1 Stage (%)	_	66.51	-





EEG Spectra



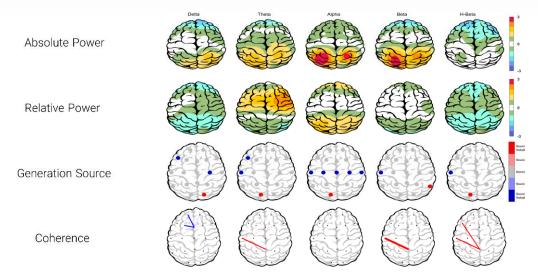




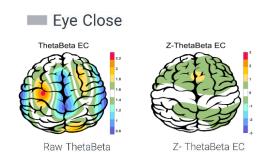


Z Score Summary Information

Eye Close



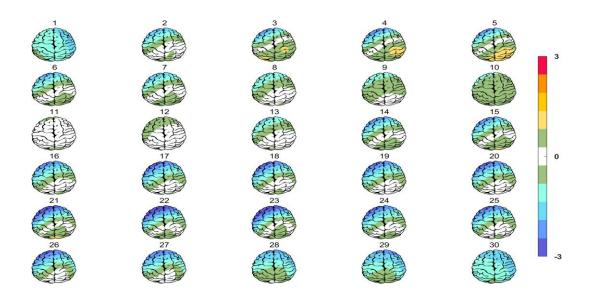
Theta/Beta Ratio







Absolute Power-Eye Close



Relative Power-Eye Close

