QEEG Clinical Report

EEGLens





The QEEG report is provided by NPCindex Company, operating under the OEEGhome brand.

Personal Data:

Name: Shahnazeidi61fr

Gender: Female

Age: 1964-09-23 - 61.1 Handedness: Right

Clinical Data:

Initial diagnosis: Alzheimer-Anxiety-Depression

Medication: -

Date of Recording: 2025-10-13 Source of Referral: Zahra Rahbari

This case belongs to Zahra Rahbari





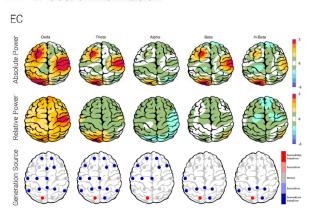




EEG Quality

EC

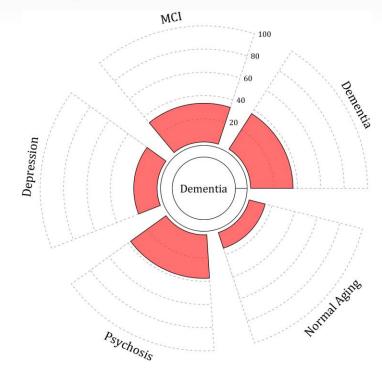
Z-score Information



■ TMS Reponsibility



■ Pathological Assessment



■ EEG Neuromarker Values

Neuromarker	Region	Value	Assessment
AFP	Frontal	09.67	Normal
AFP	Occipital	09.88	Normal
Arousal Level	-	-	Normal

QEEGhome Clinical Report

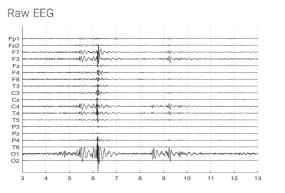
Zahra Rahbari





Denoising Information

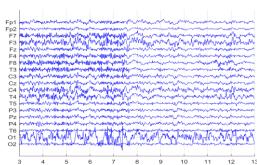
Eye Close



Rejected Channel



Denoised EEG



Flat Channel



Total Recording Time Remaining: 264.60 sec Number of Eye and Muscle Elements Eye: 1

Low Artifact Percentage

Muscle: 0

High Artifact Percentage

Total Artifact Percentage

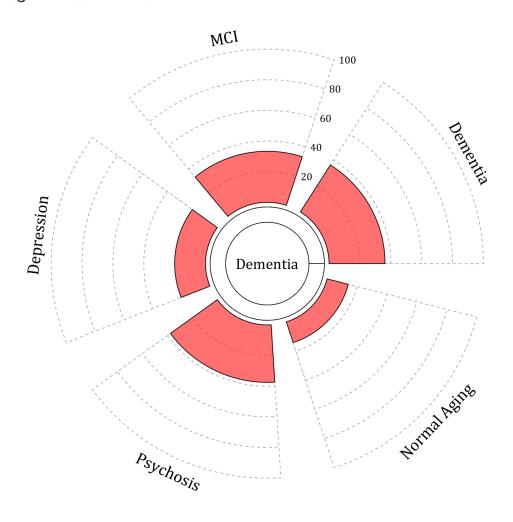
EEG Quality: perfect





Pathological Assessment

Main Diagnosis: Dementia



Description

According to the guidelines, psychiatric disorders in elderly individuals (over 60 years) include *dementia, depression, mild cognitive impairment (MCI), psychosis, or normal aging.*

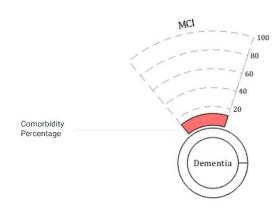
In the above graph, the red area shows the percentage of each disorder from your patient's EEG markers. Observe that each disorder marker is not unique and can be shared with others.

Note: In case your patient has drug abuse, obtain the substance abuse pathologic page of QEEGhome by registering the diagnosis under the initial diagnoses section of the website.

References

Sadock, B. J., Sadock, V. A., & Ruiz, P. (Eds.). (2025). Kaplan and Sadock's comprehensive textbook of psychiatry (11th ed., Vols. 1–2). Wolters Kluwer Sadock, B. J., Sadock, V. A., & Ruiz, P. (2022). Kaplan and Sadock's synopsis of psychiatry: Behavioral sciences/clinical psychiatry (12th ed.). Wolters Kluwer

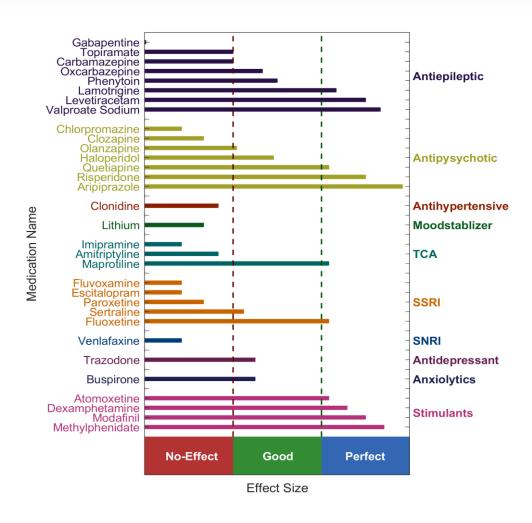
User Manual

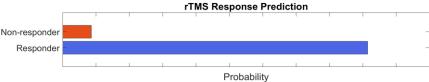






QEEG Based Predicting Medication Response





Explanation

These two tables can be considered the most important finding that can be extracted from QEEG. To prepare this list, the NPCIndex Article Review Team has studied, categorized, and extracted algorithms from many authoritative published articles on predict medication response and Pharmaco EEG studies. These articles are published between 1970 and 2021. The findings extracted from this set include 85 different factors in the raw band domains, spectrum, power, coherence, and loreta that have not been segregated to avoid complexity, and their results are shown in these diagrams. One can review details in NPCIndex.com .

Medication Recommendation

These two charts, calculate response probability to various medications, according only to QEEG indicators. Blue charts favor drug response and red charts favor drug resistance. The longer the bar, the more evidence there is in the articles. Only drugs listed in the articles are listed. These tables present the indicators reviewed in the QEEG studies and are not a substitute for physician selection.





rTMS Response Prediction

Network Performance

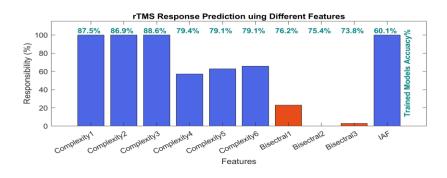
Accuracy: 92.10% Sensitivity: 89.13% Specificity: 97.47%

Participants Information

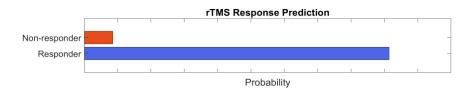




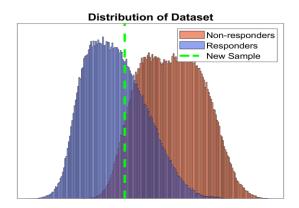
Features Information



Responsibility



Data Distribution



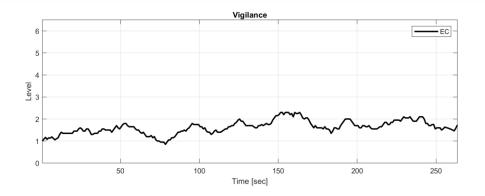
About Predicting rTMS Response

This index was obtained based on machine learning approaches and by examining the QEEG biomarkers of more than 470 cases treated with rTMS. The cases were diagnosed with depression (with and without comorbidity) and all were medication free. By examining more than 40 biomarkers capable of predicting response to rTMS treatment in previous studies and with data analysis, finally 10 biomarkers including bispectral and nonlinear features entered the machine learning process. The final chart can distinguish between RTMS responsive and resistant cases with 92.1% accuracy. This difference rate is much higher than the average response to treatment of 44%, in the selection of patients with clinical criteria, and is an important finding in the direction of personalized treatment for rTMS.

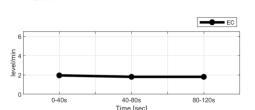




Vigilance



Vigilance Slope 0.10



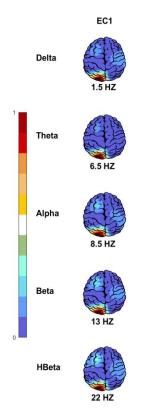
EEG Neuromarker Values

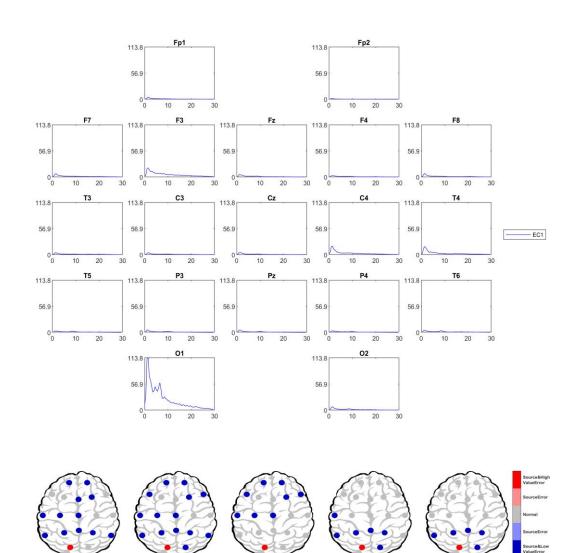
Neuromarker	Region	Value	Assessment
APF	Frontal	09.67	Normal
APF	Occipital	09.88	Normal
Alpha Asymmetry	Frontal	00.74	Anxiety
Alpha Asymmetry	Occipital	00.84	Anxiety
Beta Asymmetry	Frontal	00.76	Anhedonia
Arousal Level	-	-	Normal
Vigilance Level	<u>-</u>	02.00	Low
Vigilance Mean	_	01.63	Low
Vigilance Regulation	_	00.10	Normal
Vigilance 0 Stage (%)	-	00.00	Normal
Vigilance A1 Stage (%)		00.00	-





EEG Spectra



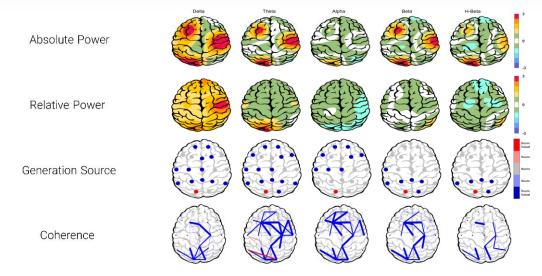




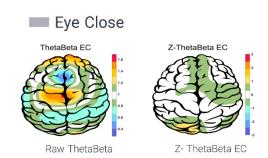


Z Score Summary Information

Eye Close



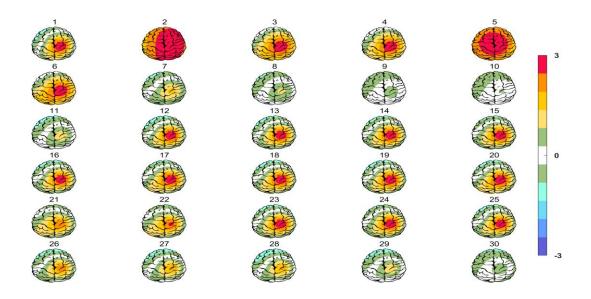
Theta/Beta Ratio







Absolute Power-Eye Close



Relative Power-Eye Close

