

QEEG Clinical Report

EEGLens



The QEEG report is provided by NPCindex Company, operating under the QEEGhome brand.

Personal Data:

Name: Sina Arjmand
Gender: Male
Age: 2017-05-28 - 8.5
Handedness: Right

Clinical Data:

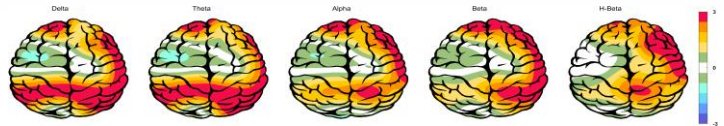
Initial diagnosis: ADHD
Medication: -
Date of Recording: 2025-10-20
Source of Referral: Asayesh Psychiatric Clinic - Dr Torabi

This case belongs to Asayesh Psychiatric Clinic - Dr

Z Score Summary Information

■ Eye Open

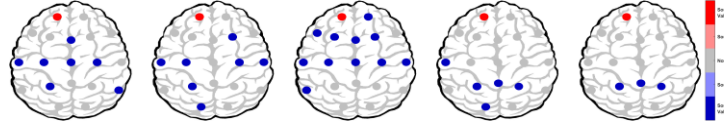
Absolute Power



Relative Power



Generation Source



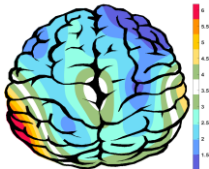
Coherence



Theta/Beta Ratio

■ Eye Open

ThetaBeta EO



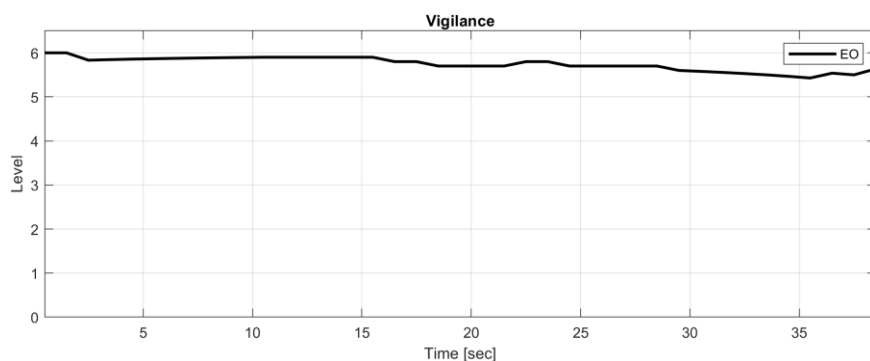
Raw ThetaBeta

Z-ThetaBeta EO



Z- ThetaBeta EC

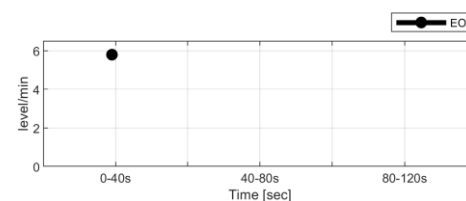
Vigilance



Vigilance Slope

-0.95

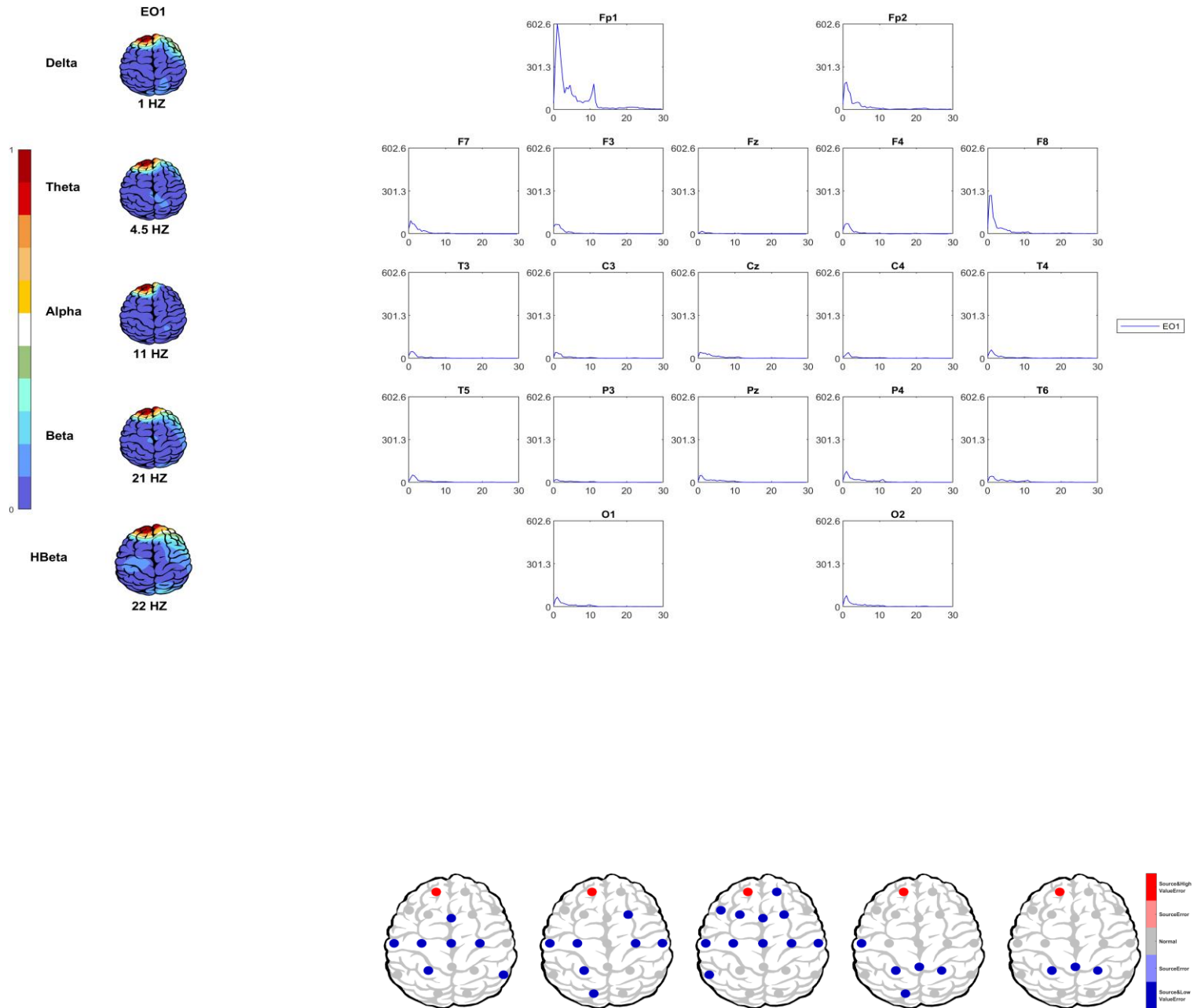
2min



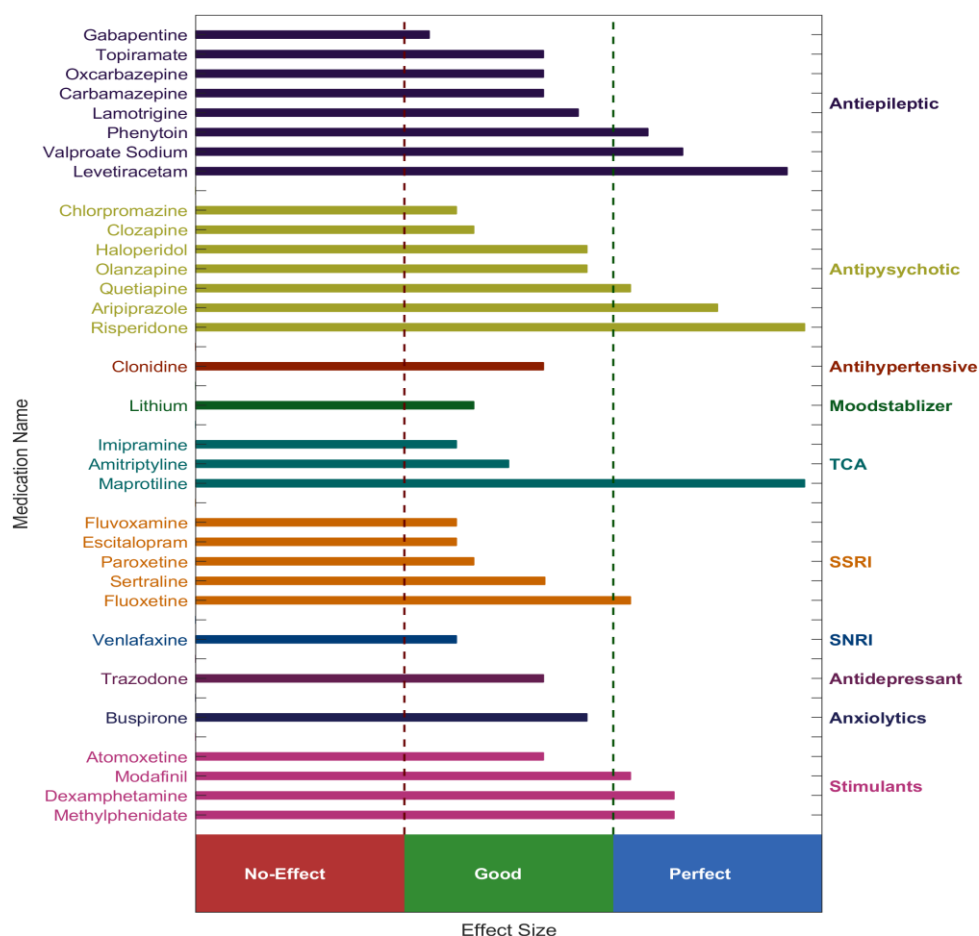
EEG Neuromarker Values

Neuromarker	Region	Value	Assessment
APF	Frontal	10.58	High
APF	Occipital	10.25	High
Alpha Asymmetry	Frontal	-0.10	Anhedonia
Alpha Asymmetry	Occipital	-0.05	Anhedonia
Beta Asymmetry	Frontal	-0.22	Anxiety
Arousal Level	-	-	High
Vigilance Level	-	06.00	Normal
Vigilance Mean	-	05.74	Normal
Vigilance Regulation	-	-0.95	Low
Vigilance 0 Stage (%)	-	87.18	High
Vigilance A1 Stage (%)	-	00.00	-

EEG Spectra



QEEG Based Predicting Medication Response



Explanation

These two tables can be considered the most important finding that can be extracted from QEEG. To prepare this list, the NPCIndex Article Review Team has studied, categorized, and extracted algorithms from many authoritative published articles on predict medication response and Pharmac EEG studies. These articles are published between 1970 and 2021. The findings extracted from this set include 85 different factors in the raw band domains, spectrum, power, coherence, and loreta that have not been segregated to avoid complexity, and their results are shown in these diagrams. One can review details in NPCIndex.com .

Medication Recommendation

These two charts, calculate response probability to various medications, according only to QEEG indicators. Blue charts favor drug response and red charts favor drug resistance. The longer the bar, the more evidence there is in the articles. Only drugs listed in the articles are listed. These tables present the indicators reviewed in the QEEG studies and are not a substitute for physician selection.

Report

گزارش:

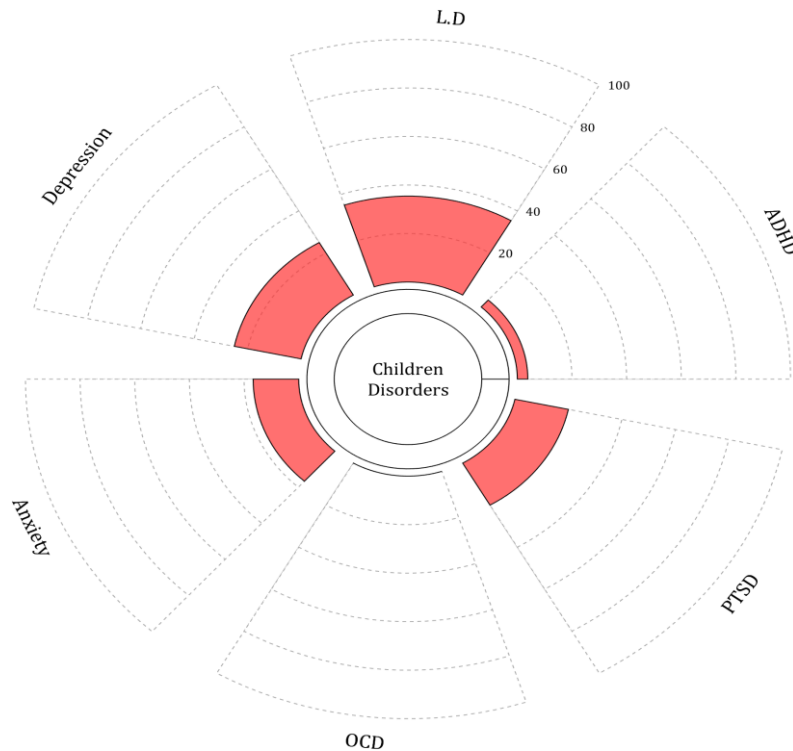
1.

نتایج تشخیصی:

1.

Pathological Assessment

Main Diagnosis: Children Disorder



ADHD Subtypes

1.

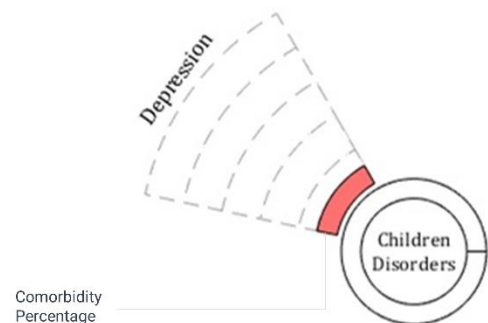
Description

According to the guidelines, psychiatric disorders in children (under 17 years) include *ADHD*, *learning disorder (LD)*, *PTSD*, *OCD*, *depression*, and *anxiety*. In the above graph, the red area shows the percentage of each disorder from your patient's EEG markers. Observe that each disorder marker is not unique and can be shared with others.

References:

Sadock, B. J., Sadock, V. A., & Ruiz, P. (Eds.). (2025). Kaplan and Sadock's comprehensive textbook of psychiatry (11th ed., Vols. 1–2). Wolters Kluwer
 Sadock, B. J., Sadock, V. A., & Ruiz, P. (2022). Kaplan and Sadock's synopsis of psychiatry: Behavioral sciences/clinical psychiatry (12th ed.). Wolters Kluwer

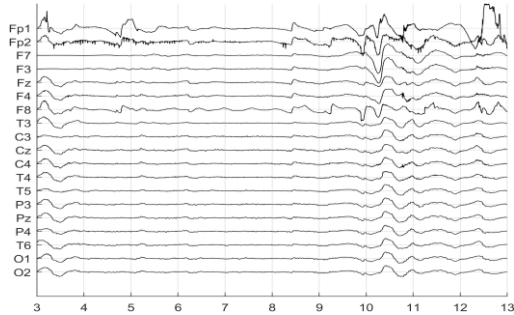
■ User Manual



Denoising Information

■ Eye Open

Raw EEG



Rejected Channel



Total Recording Time Remaining:
39.83 sec

Number of Eye and Muscle Elements

Eye: 5

Muscle: 0

Low Artifact Percentage



High Artifact Percentage

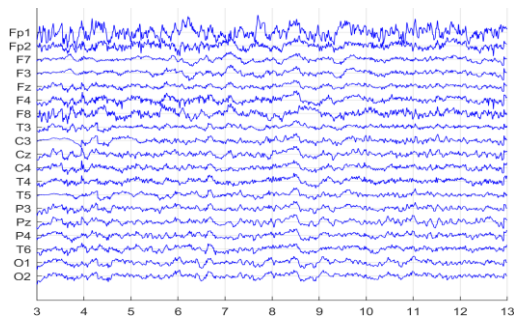


Total Artifact Percentage



EEG Quality: good

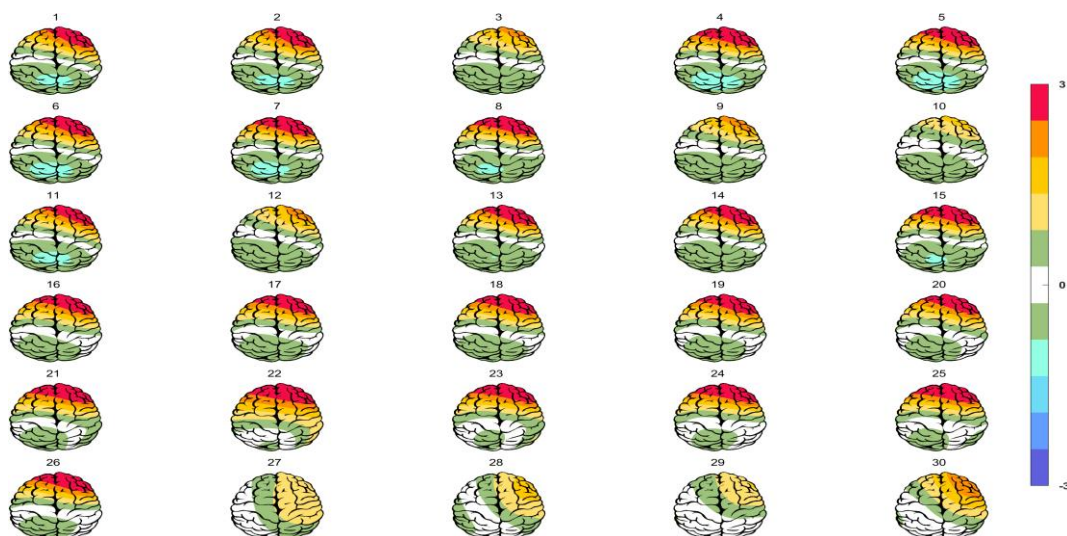
Denoised EEG



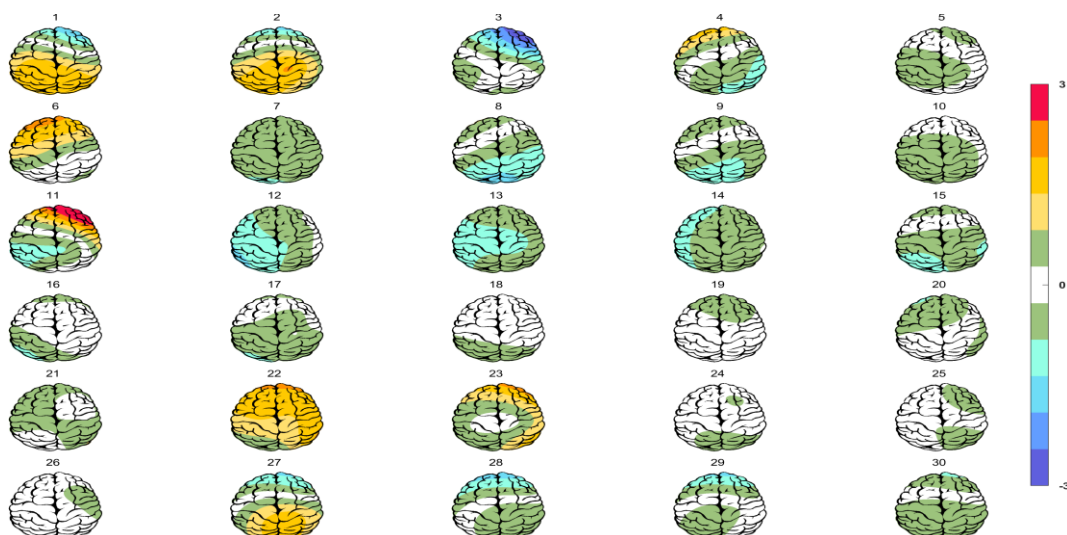
Flat Channel



Absolute Power-Eye Open



Relative Power-Eye Open



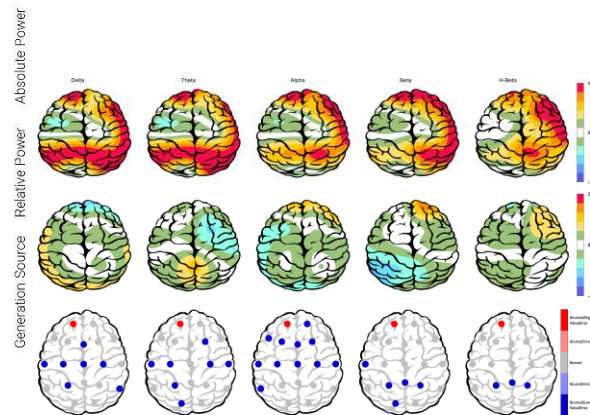
EEG Quality

EO



Z-score Information

EO



EEG Neuromarker Values

Neuromarker	Region	Value	Assessment
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Arousal Level - EO	-	-	High

Pathological Assessment

