





# QEEG Clinical Report BrainLens V0.4

# Report Description

# Personal & Clinical Data

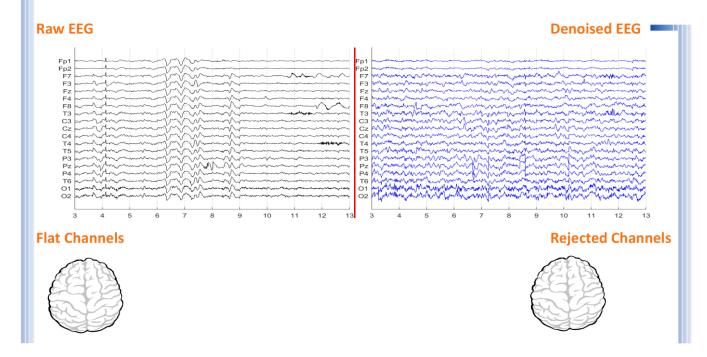
Name	Reza Hasani	Date of Recording	27-Oct-2024			
Date of Birth - Age	21-Mar-2019 - 5.6	Gender	Male			
Handedness(R/L)	Right	Source of Referral	Dr Masjedi			
Initial Diagnosis	ADHD-Headache					
Current Medication	Medication Free					

Dr Masjedi





# Denoising Information (EC)



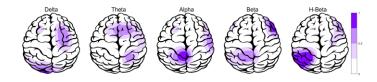
Number of Eye and Muscle Elements				Low Artifact Percentage				
Eye	2	Muscle	0	0				
Total Artifact Percentage				High Artifact Percentage				
<b>EEG Quali</b>	ity	good		Total Recording Time Remaining	370.18 sec			





# Pathological assessment for ADHD

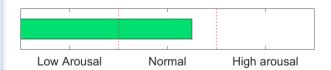
### Compare to ADHD Database



### **EEG Compatibility with ADHD Diagnosis**

ADHD Table		EC							
Feature Name	Threshold	Region							
Increased rDelta	2.00	global							
Increased rTheta	0.00	NAN							
Increased rAlpha	0.00	NAN							
Increased rBeta	0.00	NAN							
Decreased SMR	-0.50	global							
Increased T/B Ratio	0.00	NAN							
ADHD	20	30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100  ADHD Compatibility							
ADHD Probability									

#### **Arousal Level Detection**



# **ADHD Clustering**

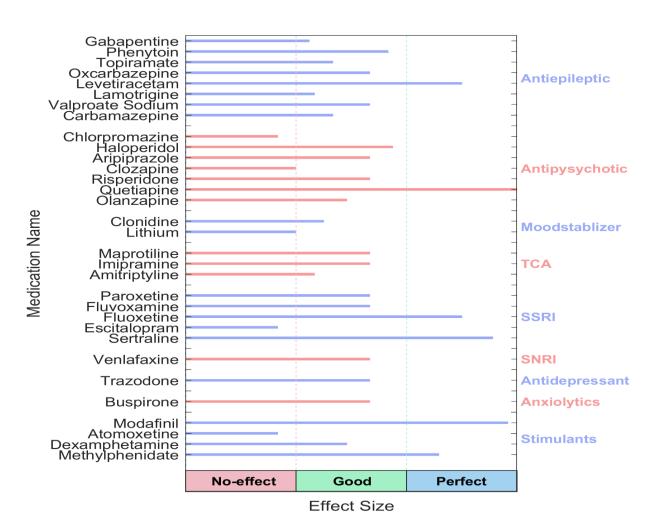
1. Same inattentive and hyperactive prevalence. Well respond to stimulants.

<sup>\*</sup> If there is Paroxymal epileptic discharge in EEG data, this case needs sufficient sleep and should avoid high carbohydrate intake. You can consider anticonvulsant medications.





#### **QEEG** based predicting medication response



#### Explanation

#### Medication Recommendation

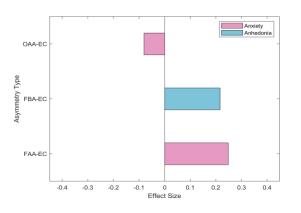
These two tables can be considered the most important finding that can be extracted from QEEG. To prepare this list, the NPCIndex Article Review Team has studied, categorized, and extracted algorithms from many authoritative published articles on predict medication response and Pharmaco EEG studies. These articles are published between 1970 and 2021. The findings extracted from this set include 85 different factors in the raw band domains, spectrum, power, coherence, and loreta that have not been segregated to avoid complexity, and their results are shown in these diagrams. One can review details in NPCIndex.com.

These two charts, calculate response probability to various medications, according only to QEEG indicators. Blue charts favor drug response and red charts favor drug resistance. The longer the bar, the more evidence there is in the articles. Only drugs listed in the articles are listed. These tables present the indicators reviewed in the QEEG studies and are not a substitute for physician selection.

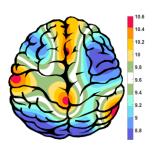




## Alpha Asymmetry(AA)



## APF(EC)



Frontal APF= 09.25

Posterior APF= 10.12

### 🚃 Absolute Power-Eye Closed (EC) 🌮



















































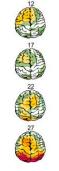
5_											
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

## Relative Power-Eye Closed (EC) 🠠











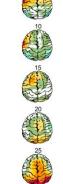


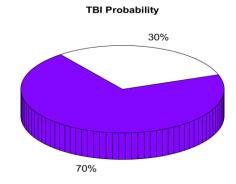










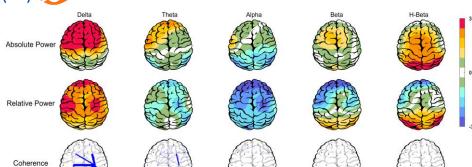


TBI Probability

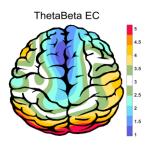


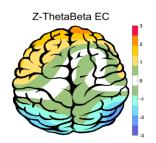


### Z Score Summary Information (EC)



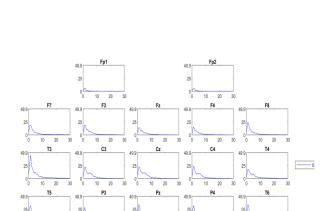
### E.C.T/B Ratio ( Raw- Z Score)

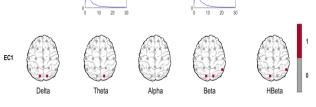




### EEG Spectra

EC1





### Arousal Level

