





# QEEG Clinical Report BrainLens V0.4

# Report Description

# Personal & Clinical Data

Name	Roham Alizadeh	Date of Recording	01-Dec-2024		
Date of Birth - Age	26-Aug-2018 - 6.26	Gender	Male		
Handedness(R/L)	Right	Source of Referral	Dr Parvin Safavi		
Initial Diagnosis		ADHD			
Current Medication	Ritalin				

Dr Parvin Safavi

# Summary Report

# NPCindex

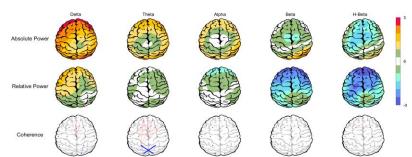




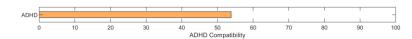




### Z-score Information



### Compatibility with ADHD



### Arousal Level



APF

Posterior APF-EC= 08.25

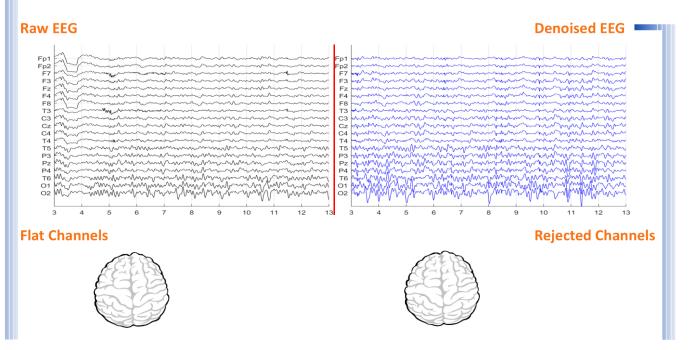
Posterior APF-EO= 09.13

To investigate QEEG-based predicting medication response, please refer to the Report.



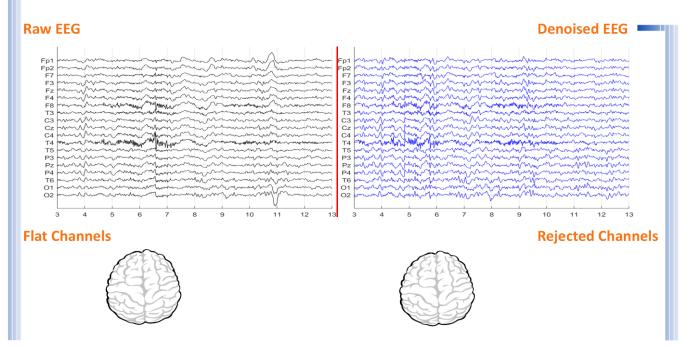


# **Denoising Information (EC)**



Number of Eye and Muscle Elements			Low Artifact Percentage		
Eye	1	Muscle	0	0	
Total Artifact Percentage			High Artifact Percentage		
0			0		
<b>EEG Quality</b>		good		Total Recording Time Remaining 136.50 sec	

# **Denoising Information (EO)**



Number of Eye and Muscle Elements			Low Artifact Percentage		
Eye	1	Muscle	0	0	
Total Artifact Percentage			High Artifact Percentage		
			0		
<b>EEG Quality</b>		good		<b>Total Recording Time Remaining</b> 147.38 sec	





# Pathological assessment for ADHD

### **Compare to ADHD Database**













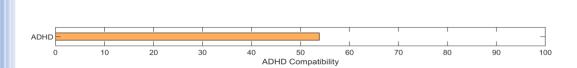


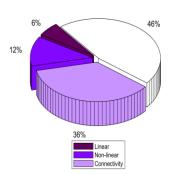






# **EEG Compatibility with ADHD Diagnosis**





### **Arousal Level Detection**



### ADHD Clustering \*

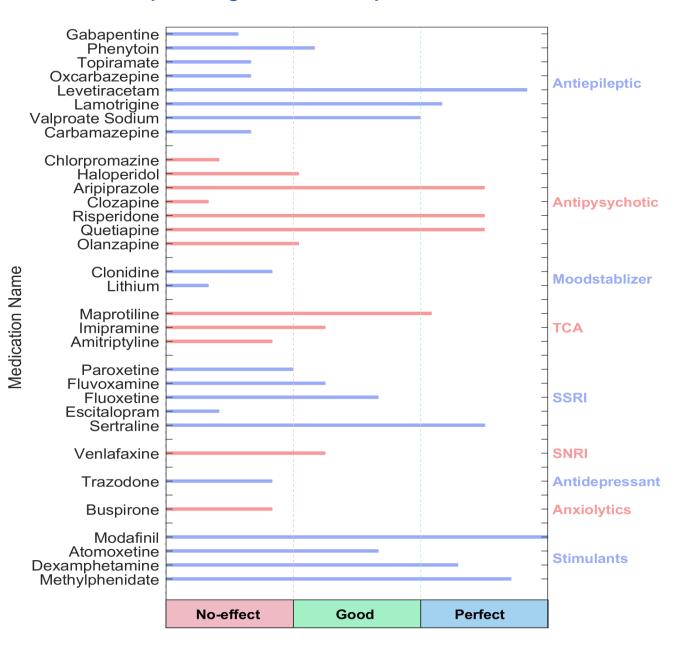
1. Same inattentive and hyperactive prevalence. Well respond to stimulants.

\* If there is Paroxymal epileptic discharge in EEG data, this case needs sufficient sleep and should avoid high carbohydrate intake.
You can consider anticonvulant medications.





### QEEG based predicting medication response



### **Explanation**



#### Medication Recommendation

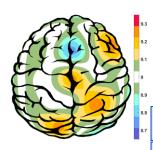
These two tables can be considered the most important finding that can be extracted from QEEG. To prepare this list, the NPCIndex Article Review Team has studied, categorized, and extracted algorithms from many authoritative published articles on predict medication response and Pharmaco EEG studies. These articles are published between 1970 and 2021. The findings extracted from this set include 85 different factors in the raw band domains, spectrum, power, coherence, and loreta that have not been segregated to avoid complexity, and their results are shown in these diagrams. One can review details in NPCIndex.com.

two charts, calculate probability to various medications, according only to QEEG indicators. Blue charts favor drug response and red charts favor drug resistance. The longer the bar, the more evidence there is in the articles. Only drugs listed in the articles are listed. These tables present the indicators reviewed in the QEEG studies and are not a substitute for physician selection.





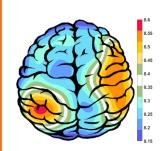
### APF(EO)



Frontal APF= 09.00

Posterior APF= 09.13

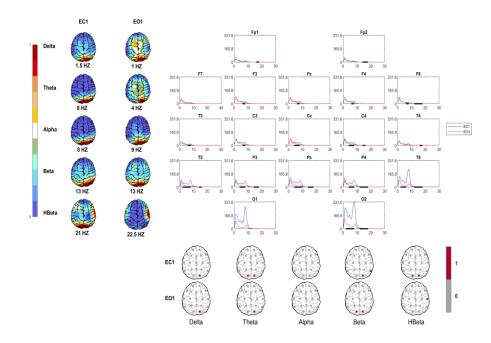
# APF(EC)



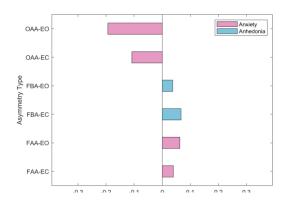
Frontal APF= 08.33

Posterior APF= 08.25

### EEG Spectra



# Alpha Asymmetry(AA)



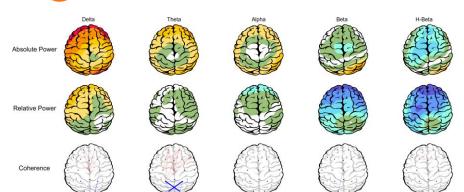
# -Alpha Blocking



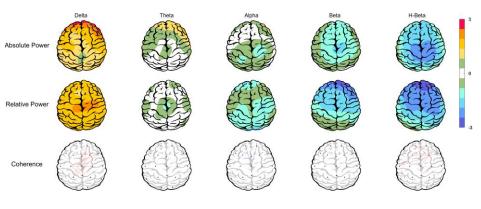




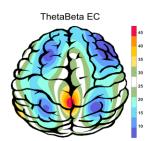
### Z Score Summary Information (EC)

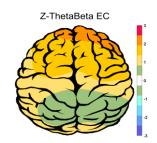


# Z Score Summary Information (EO)

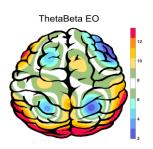


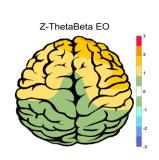
### E.C.T/B Ratio ( Raw- Z Score)



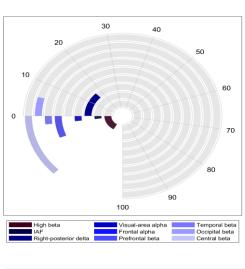


### E.O.T/B Ratio ( Raw- Z Score)





# Arousal Level





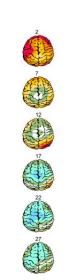




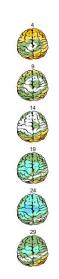
# Absolute Power-Eye Closed (EC) 🌮

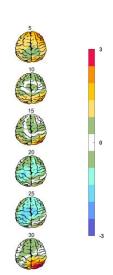






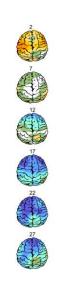


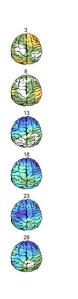


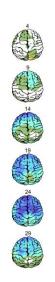


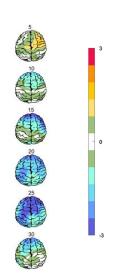
### Relative Power-Eye Closed (EC) 🌮







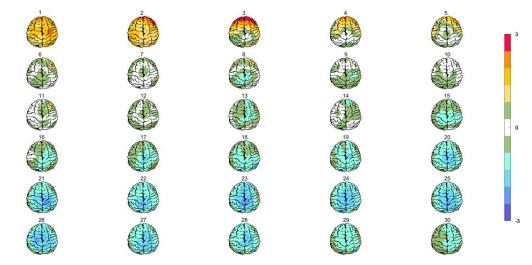








# Absolute Power-Eye Open (EO) 🕢



### Relative Power-Eye Open (EO) 🕢

