





QEEG Clinical Report BrainLens V0.4

Report Description

Personal & Clinical Data

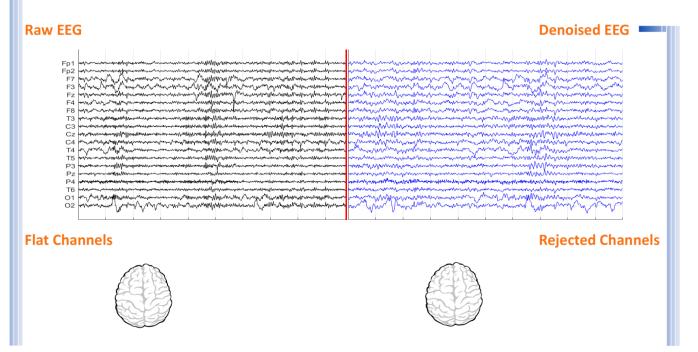
| Name | Aliakbar Babamohammadi | Date of Recording | 14-Jul-2024 | |
|---------------------|------------------------|--------------------|-------------|--|
| Date of Birth - Age | 26-Jun-1958 - 66.05 | Gender | Male | |
| Handedness(R/L) | Right | Source of Referral | Dr Saemi | |
| Initial Diagnosis | Aphasia-Stroke | | | |
| Current Medication | Medication Free | | | |

Dr Saemi



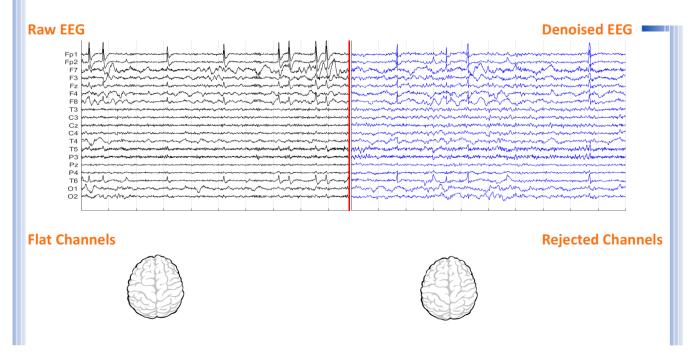


Denoising Information (EC)



| Number of Eye and Muscle Elements | | | Low Artifact Percentage | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|-----|--------------------------|--------------------------------|------------|
| Eye 0 Muscle 0 | | | | | |
| Total Artifact Percentage | | | High Artifact Percentage | | |
| | | | | | |
| EEG Qualit | У | bad | | Total Recording Time Remaining | 207.19 sec |

Denoising Information (EO)



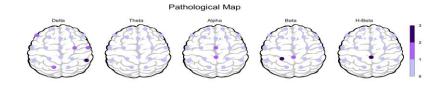
| Number of Eye and Muscle Elements | | Low Artifact Percentage | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|--------------------------|---|--|
| Eye | Eye 0 Muscle 0 | | 0 | |
| Total Artifact Percentage | | High Artifact Percentage | | |
| 0 | | 0 | | |
| EEG Quality | | bad | | Total Recording Time Remaining 230.54 sec |





Pathological assessment for mood disorders

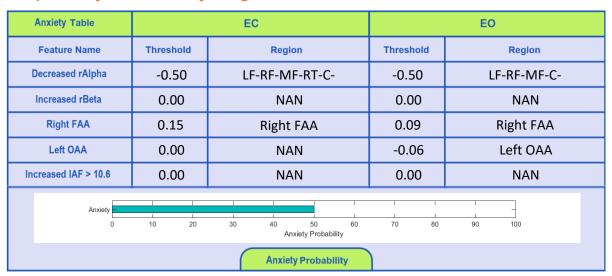
Compare to Mood Disorders Database



EEG Compatibility with Depression Diagnosis

| Depression Table | EC | | EO | | |
|----------------------------|-----------|---------------------|-------|---------------------|--|
| Feature Name | Threshold | hreshold Region | | Region | |
| Increased Global rAlpha | 0.00 | NAN | 0.00 | NAN | |
| Increased global rTheta | 0.50 | global | 0.00 | NAN | |
| Decreased rDelta | 0.00 | NAN | 0.00 | NAN | |
| Increased rBeta | 0.00 | NAN | 0.00 | NAN | |
| Left FAA | 0.00 | NAN | 0.00 | NAN | |
| Right OAA | 0.03 | Right OAA | 0.00 | NAN | |
| Decreased Coherence (D, T) | -0.50 | Decreased Coherence | -0.50 | Decreased Coherence | |
| Increased Coherence (A, B) | 1.00 | Increased Coherence | 0.00 | NAN | |
| depression | | | | | |
| Depression Probability | | | | | |

EEG Compatibility with Anxiety Diagnosis







EEG Compatibility with Mood Swings Diagnosis

| Mood Swings Table | | EC | EO | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|-----------|-------------------|--|
| Feature Name | Threshold Region | | Threshold | Region | |
| Decreased rAlpha | -0.50 | -0.50 LF-RF-MF-RT-C- | | LF-RF-MF-C- | |
| Increased (rDelta+rTheta) | 1.00 | LF-RF-MF-LT-RT-C-P-O- | 1.00 | LF-RF-MF-LT-RT-O- | |
| Increased rBeta | 0.00 | NAN | 0.00 | NAN | |
| Decreased Alpha Coherence | -0.50 | Decreased Alpha | -0.50 | Decreased Alpha | |
| Right FAA | 0.15 | Right FAA | 0.09 | Right FAA | |
| BMD | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 0 | 1 1 1 1 30 40 50 60 | 70 80 | 90 100 | |
| Mood Swings Probability | | | | | |

* This index can only be investigated if there are symptoms of mood swings (R/O BMD or R/O mood swings).

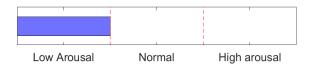
Depression Severity

Anxiety Severity

| Mild | Borderline | Moderate | Severe | Extreme |
|------|------------|----------|--------|---------|
| | | | | |



Arousal Level Detection

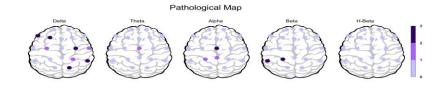






Pathological assessment for Dementia

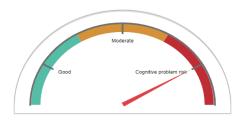
Compare to Dementia Database



Dementia Probability

| Dementia Table | | EC | | EO | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|--|-----------|---------------------|--|
| Feature Name | Threshold | Region | Threshold | Region | |
| Increased rDelta | 2.00 | LF-RF-MF-RT-C-O- | 2.00 | LF-RF-MF-RT-C- | |
| Increased rTheta | 1.00 | RF-LT-RT-P-O- | 1.00 | RF-LT-RT-O- | |
| Decreased rAlpha | -0.50 | LF-RF-MF-RT-C- | -0.50 | LF-RF-MF-C- | |
| Decreased rBeta | -0.50 | LF-RF-MF-LT-RT-C-P- | -0.50 | LF-RF-MF-LT-RT-C-P- | |
| Increased T/A Ratio | 1.00 | 1.00 LF-RF-MF-RT-C-O- | | LF-RF-MF-RT-O- | |
| Increased D/A Ratio | 2.00 LF-RF-MF-RT-C-O- | | 2.00 | LF-RF-MF-RT-C- | |
| Decreased (D+T+A+B) Coherence | -0.50 | Decreased global | -0.50 | Decreased global | |
| dementia 0 | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 20 | 1 1 1 1 30 40 50 60 Dementia Probability | T 1 70 80 | 90 100 | |
| Dementia Probability | | | | | |

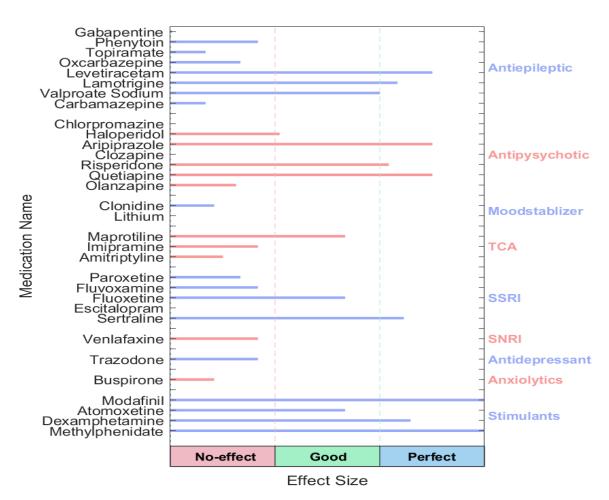
Cognitive Impairment Severity







QEEG based predicting medication response



Explanation



These two tables can be considered the most important finding that can be extracted from QEEG. To prepare this list, the NPCIndex Article Review Team has studied, categorized, and extracted algorithms from many authoritative published articles on predict medication response and Pharmaco EEG studies. These articles are published between 1970 and 2021. The findings extracted from this set include 85 different factors in the raw band domains, spectrum, power, coherence, and loreta that have not been segregated to avoid complexity, and their results are shown in these diagrams. One can review details in NPCIndex.com .

These two charts, calculate response probability to various medications, according only to QEEG indicators. Blue charts favor drug response and red charts favor drug resistance. The longer the bar, the more evidence there is in the articles. Only drugs listed in the articles are listed. These tables present the indicators reviewed in the QEEG studies and are not a substitute for physician selection.



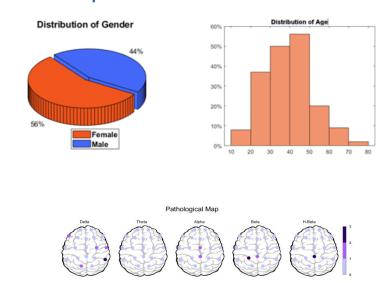


rTMS Response Prediction

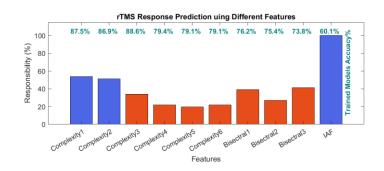
Network Performance

Accuracy: 92.1% Sensitivity: 89.13% Specificity: 97.47%

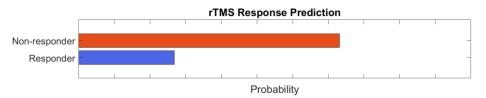
Participants Information



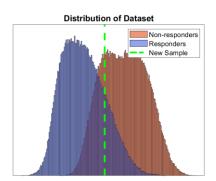
Features Information



Responsibility



Data Distribution



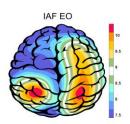
About Predicting rTMS Response

This index was obtained based on machine learning approaches and by examining the QEEG biomarkers of more than 470 cases treated with rTMS. The cases were diagnosed with depression (with and without comorbidity) and all were medication free. By examining more than 40 biomarkers capable of predicting response to rTMS treatment in previous studies and with data analysis, finally 10 biomarkers including bispectral and nonlinear features entered the machine learning process. The final chart can distinguish between RTMS responsive and resistant cases with 92.1% accuracy. This difference rate is much higher than the average response to treatment of 44%, in the selection of patients with clinical criteria, and is an important finding in the direction of personalized treatment for rTMS.



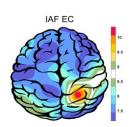


IAF(EO)



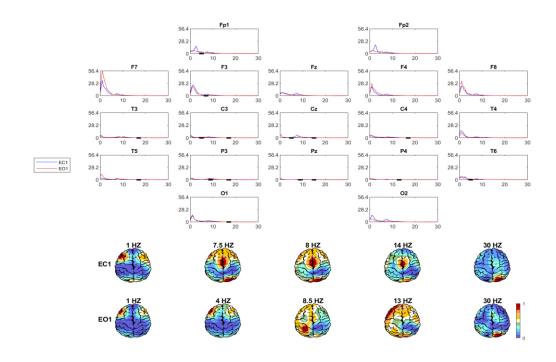
Eye Open IAF= 07.75

IAF(EC)

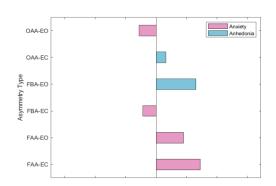


Eye Close IAF= 07.88

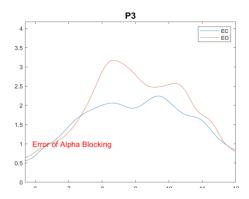
EEG Spectra



Alpha Asymmetry(AA)



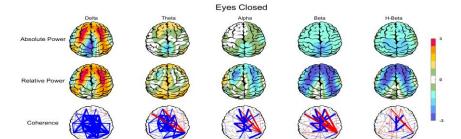
Alpha Blocking



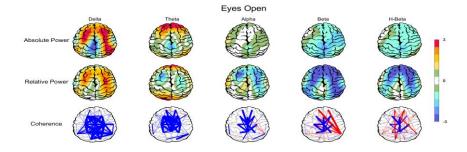




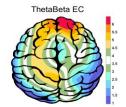
Z Score Summary Information (EC)

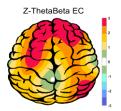


Z Score Summary Information (EO)

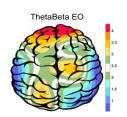


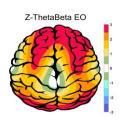
E.C.T/B Ratio (Raw- Z Score)



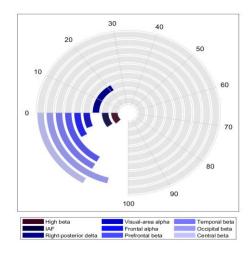


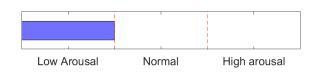
E.O.T/B Ratio (Raw- Z Score)





Arousal Level

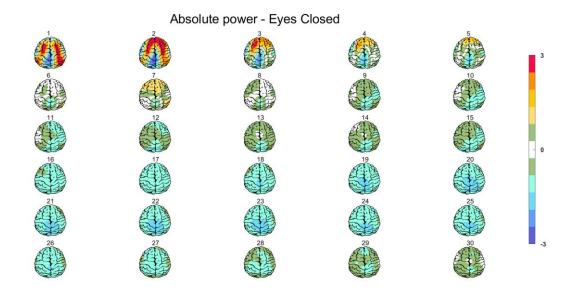




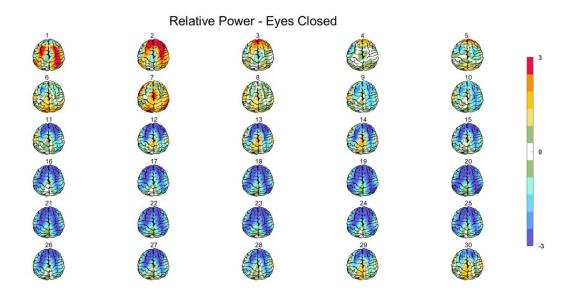




Absolute Power-Eye Closed (EC) ớ



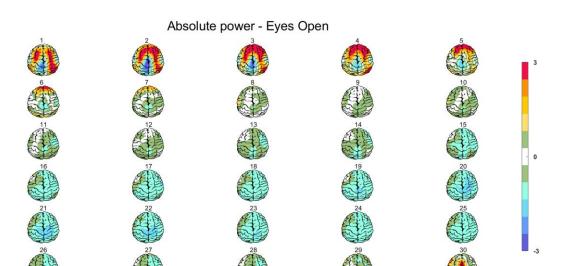
Relative Power-Eye Closed (EC) ớ







Absolute Power-Eye Open (EO) 🕢



Relative Power-Eye Open (EO)

