





# QEEG Clinical Report BrainLens V0.4

# Report Description

# Personal & Clinical Data

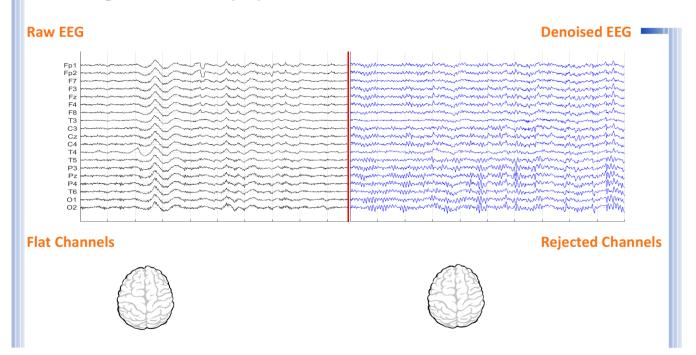
Name	Alireza Asadi	Date of Recording	23-Apr-2024	
Date of Birth - Age	19-Jul-2001 - 22.76	Gender	Male	
Handedness(R/L)	Right	Source of Referral	Dr Dehghani	
Initial Diagnosis	Depression-PIC-Stubbornness			
Current Medication	Medication Free			

Dr Dehghani



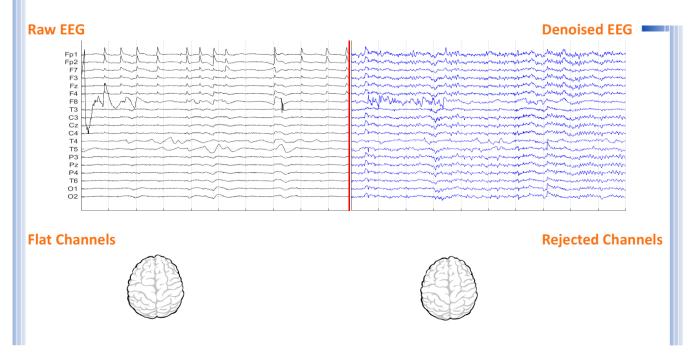


## Denoising Information (EC)



Number of Eye and Muscle Elements			Low Artifact Percentage		
Eye 2 Muscle 0		0			
Total Artifact Percentage			High Artifact Percentage		
			()		
<b>EEG Quality</b>		good		<b>Total Recording Time Remaining</b>	241.18 sec

# Denoising Information (EO)



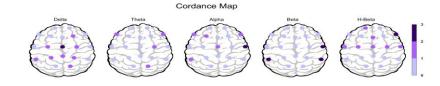
Number of Eye and Muscle Elements		Low Artifact Percentage			
Eye	2	Muscle	0	0	
Total Artifact	Percentage			High Artifact Percentage	
<b>EEG Quality</b>		good		Total Recording Time Remaining 24	10.91 sec





### Pathological assessment for mood disorders

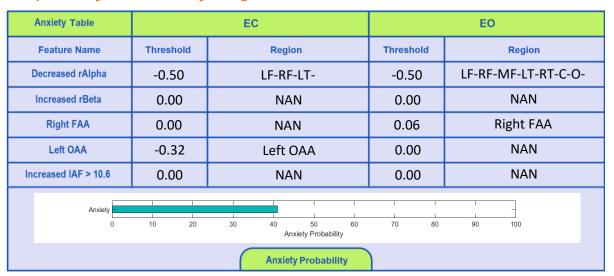
### **Compare to Mood Disorders Database**



### **EEG Compatibility with Depression Diagnosis**

Depression Table		EC	EO	
Feature Name	Threshold	Region	Threshold	Region
Increased Global rAlpha	0.00	NAN	0.00	NAN
Increased global rTheta	0.00	NAN	0.00	NAN
Decreased rDelta	0.00	NAN	0.00	NAN
Increased rBeta	0.00	NAN	0.00	NAN
Left FAA	-0.02	Left FAA	0.00	NAN
Right OAA	0.00	NAN	0.01	Right OAA
Decreased Coherence (D, T)	0.00	NAN	0.00	NAN
Increased Coherence (A, B)	0.00	NAN	0.00	NAN
depression				
Depression Probability				

### **EEG Compatibility with Anxiety Diagnosis**







### **EEG Compatibility with Mood Swings Diagnosis**\*

Mood Swings Table		EC	EO		
Feature Name	Threshold	Region	Threshold	Region	
Decreased rAlpha	-0.50	LF-RF-LT-	-0.50	LF-RF-MF-LT-RT-C-O-	
Increased (rDelta+rTheta)	0.50	LF-RF-MF-LT-RT-O-	0.50	LF-RF-MF-LT-RT-C-P-O-	
Increased rBeta	0.00	NAN	0.00	NAN	
Decreased Alpha Coherence	-0.50	Decreased Alpha	-0.50	Decreased Alpha	
Right FAA	0.00	NAN	0.06	Right FAA	
BMD 0	10 20	1 1 1 1 30 40 50 60	1 1 70 80	90 100	
Mood Swings Probability					

\* This index can only be investigated if there are symptoms of mood swings (R/O BMD or R/O mood swings).

### **Depression Severity**



### Anxiety Severity



# Cognitive Functions



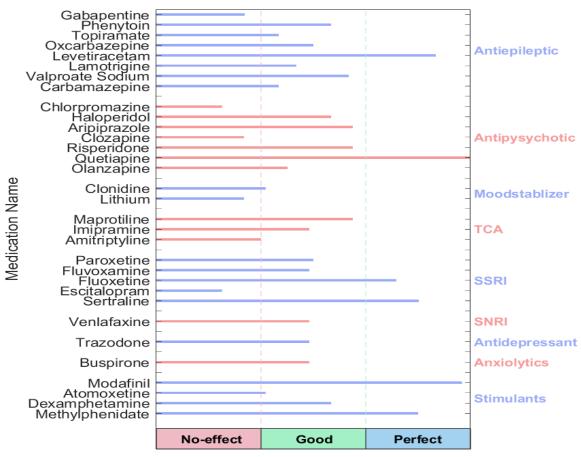
## Arousal Level Detection







## **■QEEG** based predicting medication response



Effect Size

### **Explanation**



These two tables can be considered the most important finding that can be extracted from QEEG. To prepare this list, the NPCIndex Article Review Team has studied, categorized, and extracted algorithms from many authoritative published articles on predict medication response and Pharmaco EEG studies. These articles are published between 1970 and 2021. The findings extracted from this set include 85 different factors in the raw band domains, spectrum, power, coherence, and loreta that have not been segregated to avoid complexity, and their results are shown in these diagrams. One can review details in NPCIndex.com .

These two charts, calculate response probability to various medications, according only to QEEG indicators. Blue charts favor drug response and red charts favor drug resistance. The longer the bar, the more evidence there is in the articles. Only drugs listed in the articles are listed. These tables present the indicators reviewed in the QEEG studies and are not a substitute for physician selection.



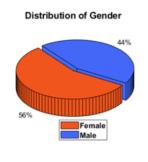


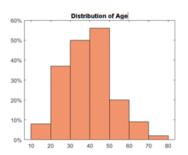
#### rTMS Response Prediction

#### Network Performance

Accuracy: 92.1% Sensitivity: 89.13% Specificity: 97.47%

#### Participants Information







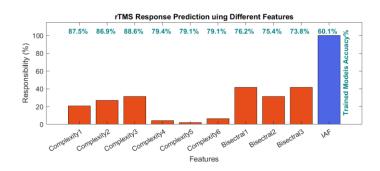




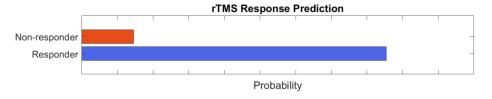
Cordance Map



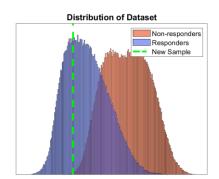
#### Features Information



#### Responsibility



#### Data Distribution



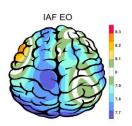
#### About Predicting rTMS Response

This index was obtained based on machine learning approaches and by examining the QEEG biomarkers of more than 470 cases treated with rTMS. The cases were diagnosed with depression (with and without comorbidity) and all were medication free. By examining more than 40 biomarkers capable of predicting response to rTMS treatment in previous studies and with data analysis, finally 10 biomarkers including bispectral and nonlinear features entered the machine learning process. The final chart can distinguish between RTMS responsive and resistant cases with 92.1% accuracy. This difference rate is much higher than the average response to treatment of 44%, in the selection of patients with clinical criteria, and is an important finding in the direction of personalized treatment for rTMS.



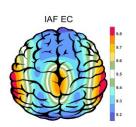


# IAF(EO)



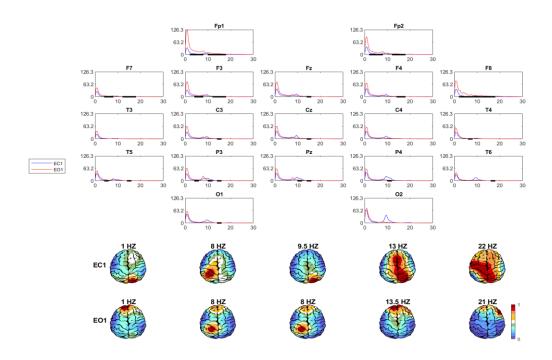
**Eye Open IAF= 07.75** 

# IAF(EC)

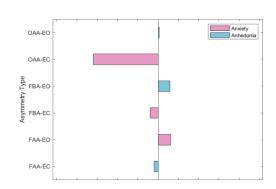


**Eye Close IAF= 09.75** 

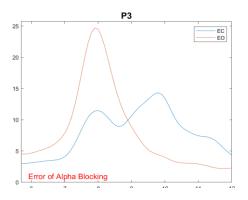
### EEG Spectra



# Alpha Asymmetry(AA)



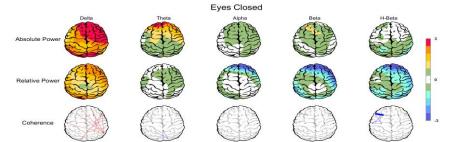
## Alpha Blocking



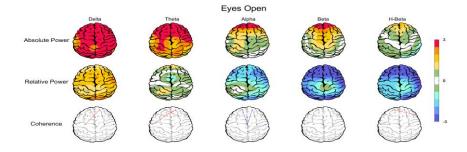




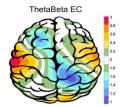
### Z Score Summary Information (EC)

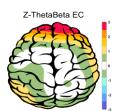


### Z Score Summary Information (EO)

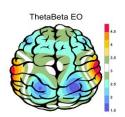


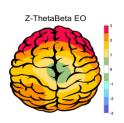
### E.C.T/B Ratio ( Raw- Z Score)



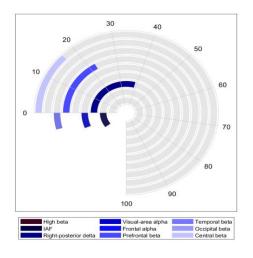


### E.O.T/B Ratio ( Raw- Z Score)





### Arousal Level

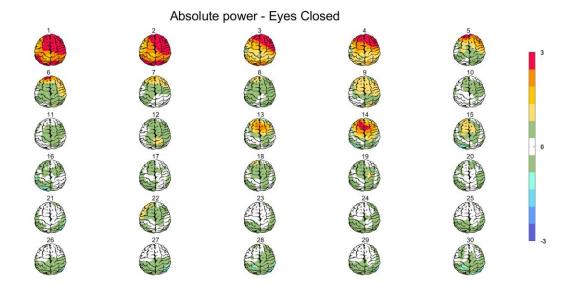




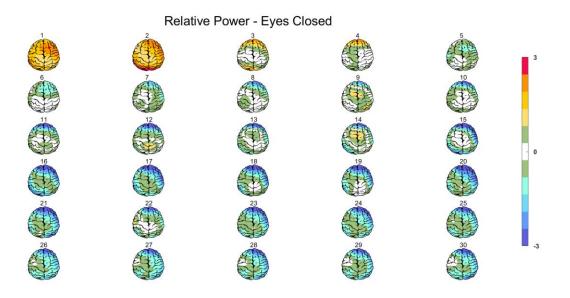




## Absolute Power-Eye Closed (EC) 🌮



## Relative Power-Eye Closed (EC) 🤣

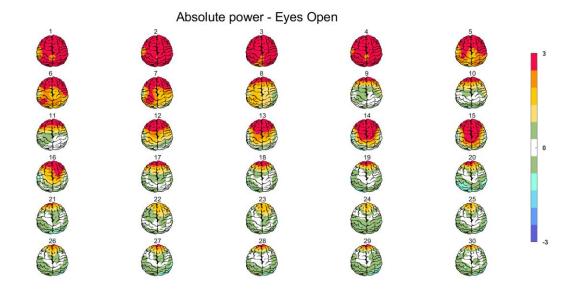






# Absolute Power-Eye Open (EO) 🕢





### Relative Power-Eye Open (EO) 🕢

