





# Report Description

# Personal & Clinical Data

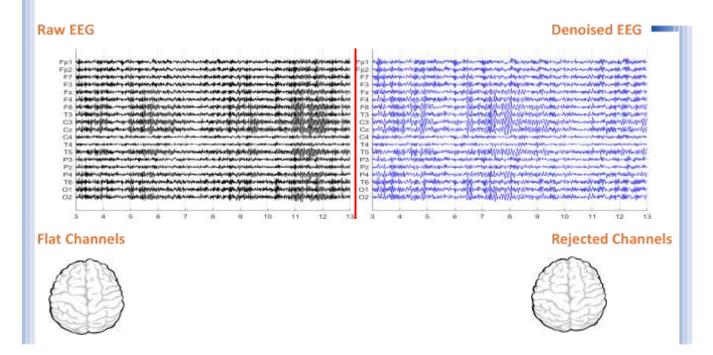
Name	Anahita Nikeghbalian	Date of Recording	08-Oct-2024			
Date of Birth - Age	26-Aug-1988 - 36.12	Gender	Female			
Handedness(R/L)	Right	Source of Referral	Soshiyan Center			
Initial Diagnosis	Anxiety-Depression-OCD-Sleep Problems-Social Anxiety					
Current Medication	Medication Free					

Soshiyan Center





# Denoising Information (EC)



Number of Eye and Muscle Elements		Low Artifact Percentage					
Eye 0 Muscle 0			0	0			
Total Artifact Percentage		High Artifact Percentage					
0		0					
EEG Quality bad		<b>Total Recording Time Remaining</b> 275.92 sec					





## Pathological assessment for mood disorders

### Compare to Mood Disorders Database







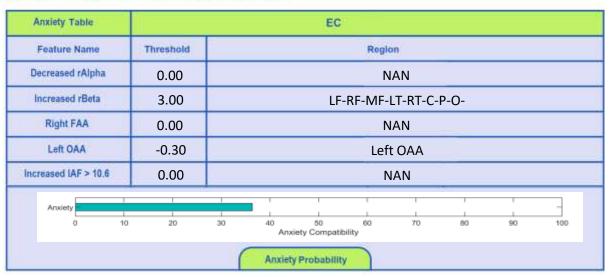




### **EEG Compatibility with Depression Diagnosis**

Depression Table	EC							
Feature Name	Threshold Region							
Increased Global rAlpha	0.00	0.00 NAN						
Increased global rTheta	0.00	NAN						
Decreased rDelta	-2.00	LF-RF-MF-LT-RT-C-P-O-						
Increased rBeta	3.00	LF-RF-MF-LT-RT-C-P-O-						
Left FAA	-0.14	Left FAA						
Right OAA	0.00	NAN						
Decreased Coherence (D, T)	0.00	NAN						
Increased Coherence (A, B)	1.00	Increased Coherence (A,B)						
depression								
0 1	0 20	30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 Depression Compatibility						
		Depression Probability						

# **EEG Compatibility with Anxiety Diagnosis**







### EEG Compatibility with Mood Swings Diagnosis \*

Mood Swings Table	EC								
Feature Name	Threshold								
Decreased rAlpha	0.00		NAN						
Increased (rDelta+rTheta)	0.00	NAN							
Increased rBeta	3.00		LF-RF-MF-LT-RT-C-P-O-						
Decreased Alpha Coherence	0.00		NAN						
Right FAA	0.00	NAN							
BMD 10	20	30	40 Mood S	50 Swing Comp	60 atibility	70	80	90	100
			Mood Sv	vings Proba	bility				

\* This index can only be investigated if there are symptoms of mood swings (R/O BMD or R/O mood swings).

## Cognitive Functions



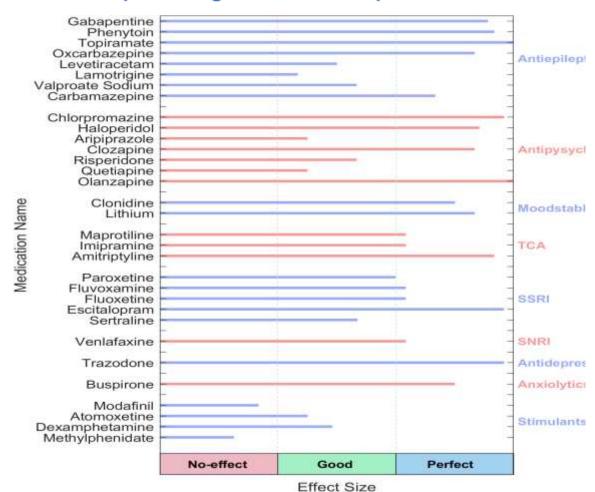








### QEEG based predicting medication response



### Explanation

**■■■** Medication Recommendation

These two tables can be considered the most important finding that can be extracted from QEEG. To prepare this list, the NPCIndex Article Review Team has studied, categorized, and extracted algorithms from many authoritative published articles on predict medication response and Pharmaco EEG studies. These articles are published between 1970 and 2021. The findings extracted from this set include 85 different factors in the raw band domains, spectrum, power, coherence, and loreta that have not been segregated to avoid complexity, and their results are shown in these diagrams. One can review details in NPCIndex.com .

These two charts, calculate response probability to various medications, according only to QEEG indicators. Blue charts favor drug response and red charts favor drug resistance. The longer the bar, the more evidence there is in the articles. Only drugs listed in the articles are listed. These tables present the indicators reviewed in the QEEG studies and are not a substitute for physician selection.

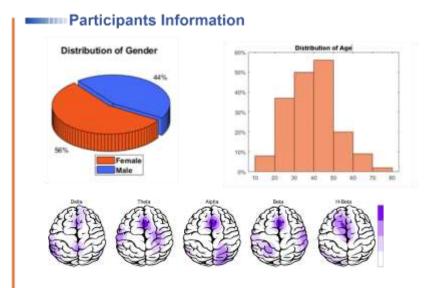




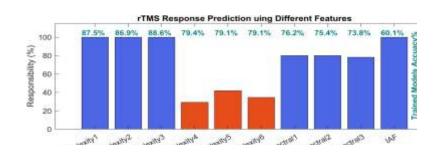
### rTMS Response Prediction

#### Network Performance

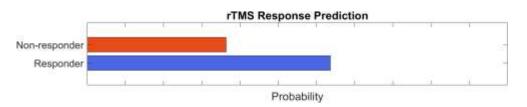
Accuracy: 92.1% Sensitivity: 89.13% Specificity: 97.47%



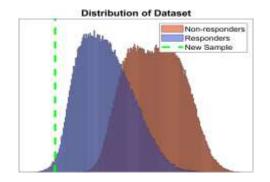
#### Features Information



#### Responsibility



#### Data Distribution



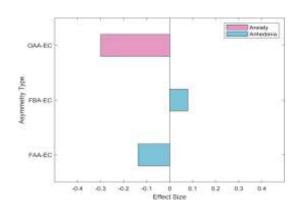
#### About Predicting rTMS Response

This index was obtained based on machine learning approaches and by examining the QEEG biomarkers of more than 470 cases treated with rTMS. The cases were diagnosed with depression (with and without comorbidity) and all were medication free. By examining more than 40 biomarkers capable of predicting response to rTMS treatment in previous studies and with data analysis, finally 10 biomarkers including bispectral and nonlinear features entered the machine learning process. The final chart can distinguish between RTMS responsive and resistant cases with 92.1% accuracy. This difference rate is much higher than the average response to treatment of 44%, in the selection of patients with clinical criteria, and is an important finding in the direction of personalized treatment for rTMS.

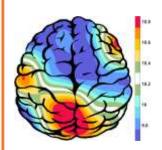




## Alpha Asymmetry(AA)



## APF(EC)

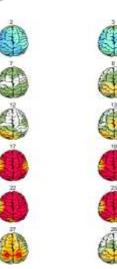


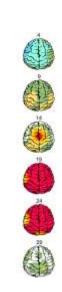
Frontal APF= 09.83

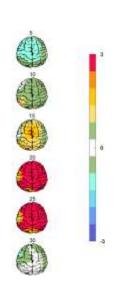
Posterior APF= 10.25

## Em Absolute Power-Eye Closed (EC)





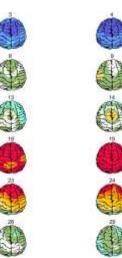


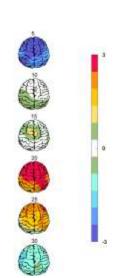


## Relative Power-Eye Closed (EC) 🀠





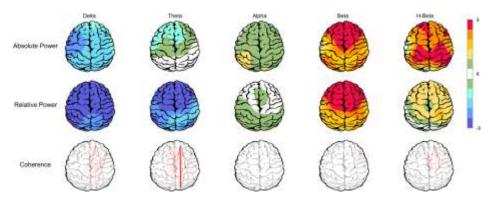




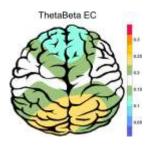


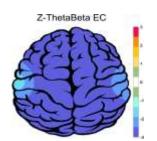


## Z Score Summary Information (EC)

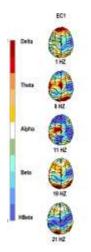


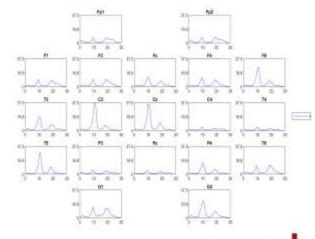
### E.C.T/B Ratio ( Raw- Z Score)





## EEG Spectra







## Arousal Level

