



QEEG Clinical Report

BrainLens V0.4



Report Description



Personal & Clinical Data

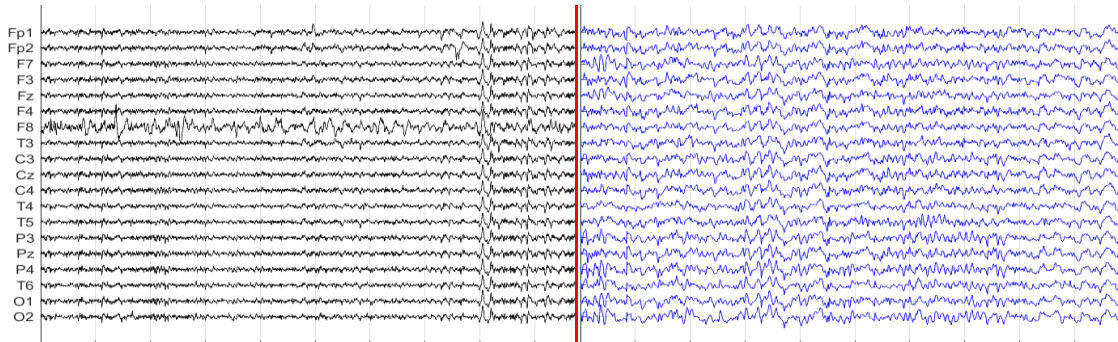
Name	Ghasem Esmaeili	Date of Recording	17-Aug-2024
Date of Birth - Age	25-Mar-1989 - 35.39	Gender	Male
Handedness(R/L)	Right	Source of Referral	Movasatchool
Initial Diagnosis	-		
Current Medication	Medication Free		

Movasatchool

Denoising Information (EC)

Raw EEG

Denoised EEG



Flat Channels

Rejected Channels

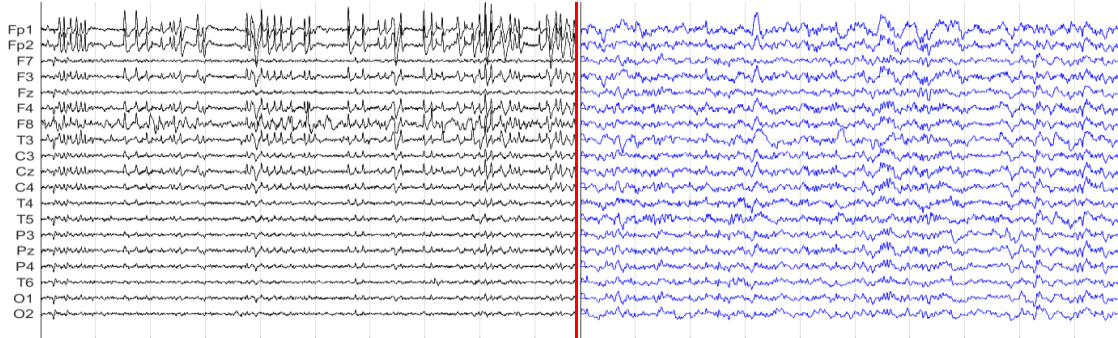


Number of Eye and Muscle Elements				Low Artifact Percentage	
Eye	1	Muscle	0		
Total Artifact Percentage				High Artifact Percentage	
EEG Quality		bad		Total Recording Time Remaining	
				334.17 sec	

Denoising Information (EO)

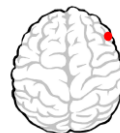
Raw EEG

Denoised EEG



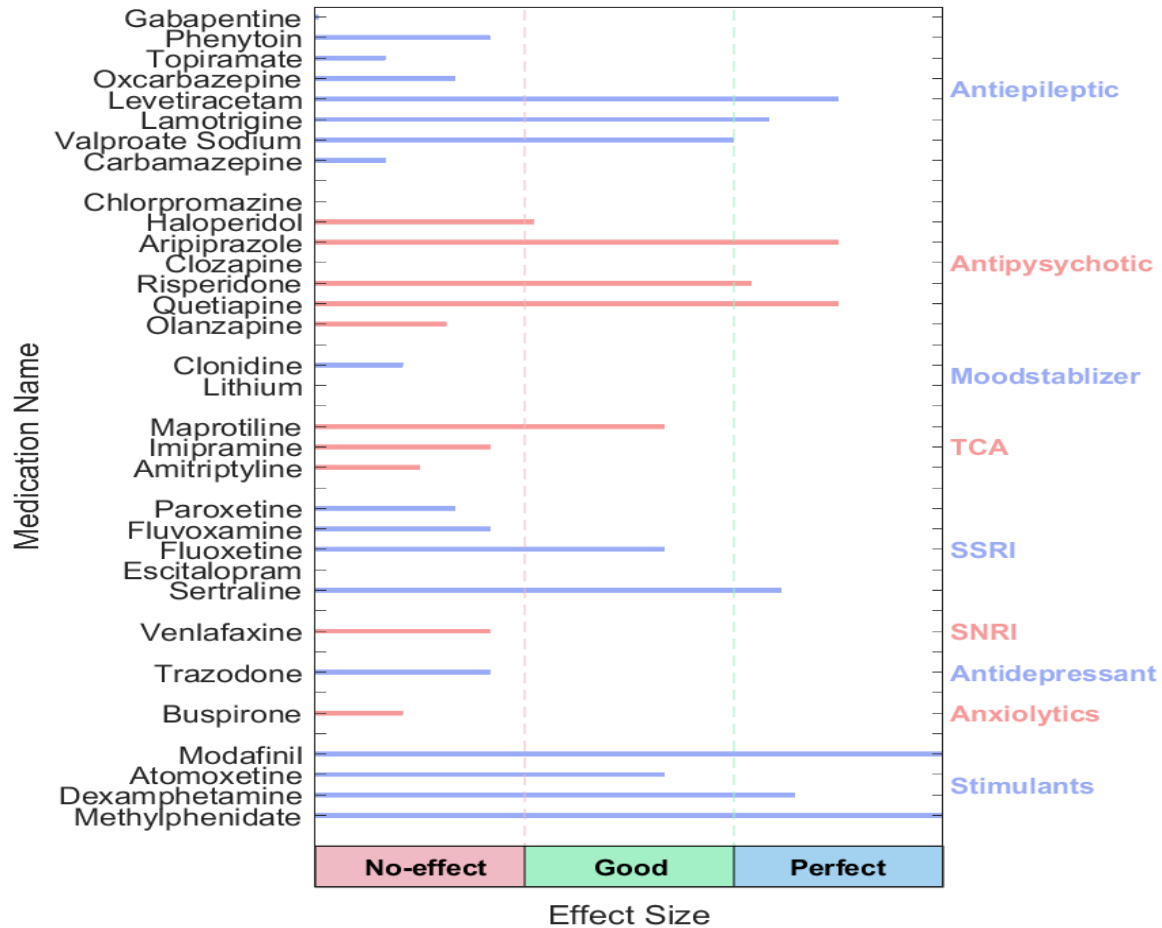
Flat Channels

Rejected Channels



Number of Eye and Muscle Elements				Low Artifact Percentage	
Eye	1	Muscle	0		
Total Artifact Percentage				High Artifact Percentage	
EEG Quality		bad		Total Recording Time Remaining	
				285.60 sec	

QEEG based predicting medication response



Explanation

These two tables can be considered the most important finding that can be extracted from QEEG. To prepare this list, the NPCIndex Article Review Team has studied, categorized, and extracted algorithms from many authoritative published articles on predict medication response and Pharmac EEG studies. These articles are published between 1970 and 2021. The findings extracted from this set include 85 different factors in the raw band domains, spectrum, power, coherence, and loreta that have not been segregated to avoid complexity, and their results are shown in these diagrams. One can review details in NPCIndex.com .



Medication Recommendation

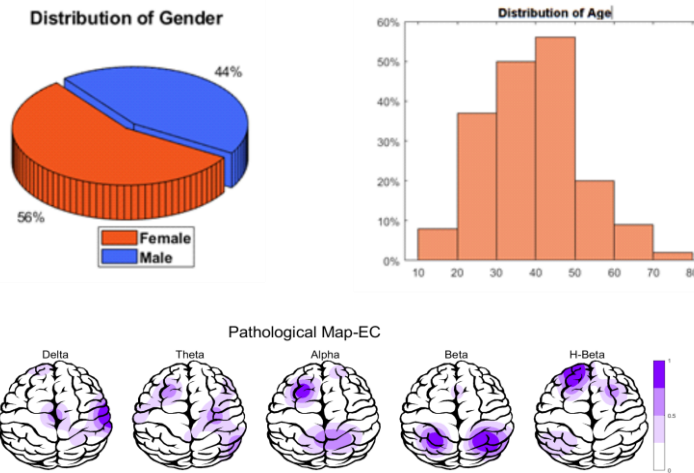
These two charts, calculate response probability to various medications, according only to QEEG indicators. Blue charts favor drug response and red charts favor drug resistance. The longer the bar, the more evidence there is in the articles. Only drugs listed in the articles are listed. These tables present the indicators reviewed in the QEEG studies and are not a substitute for physician selection.

rTMS Response Prediction

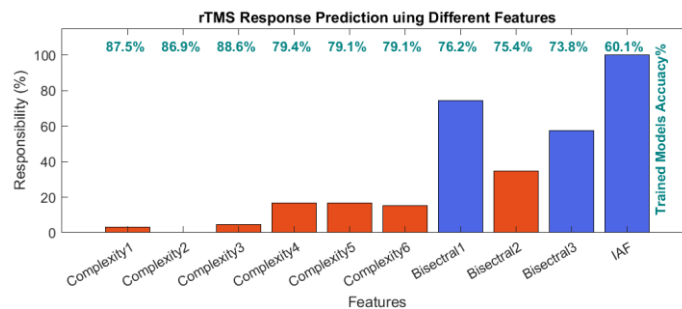
Network Performance

Accuracy: 92.1%
Sensitivity: 89.13%
Specificity: 97.47%

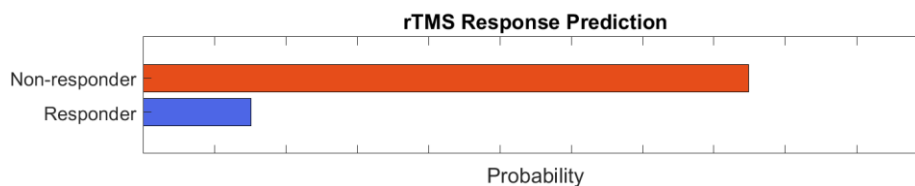
Participants Information



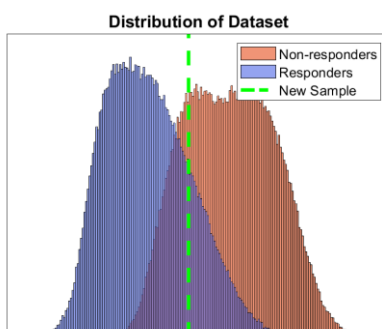
Features Information



Responsibility



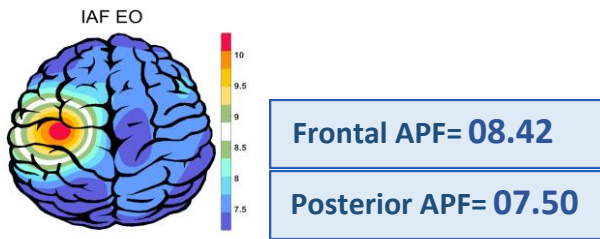
Data Distribution



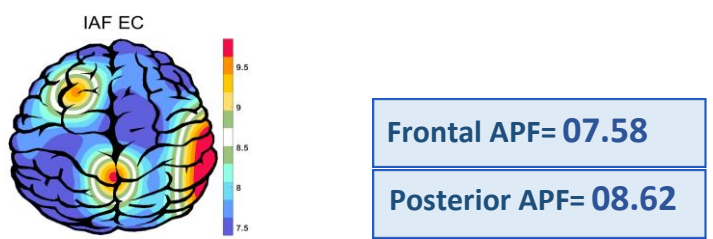
About Predicting rTMS Response

This index was obtained based on machine learning approaches and by examining the QEEG biomarkers of more than 470 cases treated with rTMS. The cases were diagnosed with depression (with and without comorbidity) and all were medication free. By examining more than 40 biomarkers capable of predicting response to rTMS treatment in previous studies and with data analysis, finally 10 biomarkers including bispectral and nonlinear features entered the machine learning process. The final chart can distinguish between rTMS responsive and resistant cases with 92.1% accuracy. This difference rate is much higher than the average response to treatment of 44%, in the selection of patients with clinical criteria, and is an important finding in the direction of personalized treatment for rTMS.

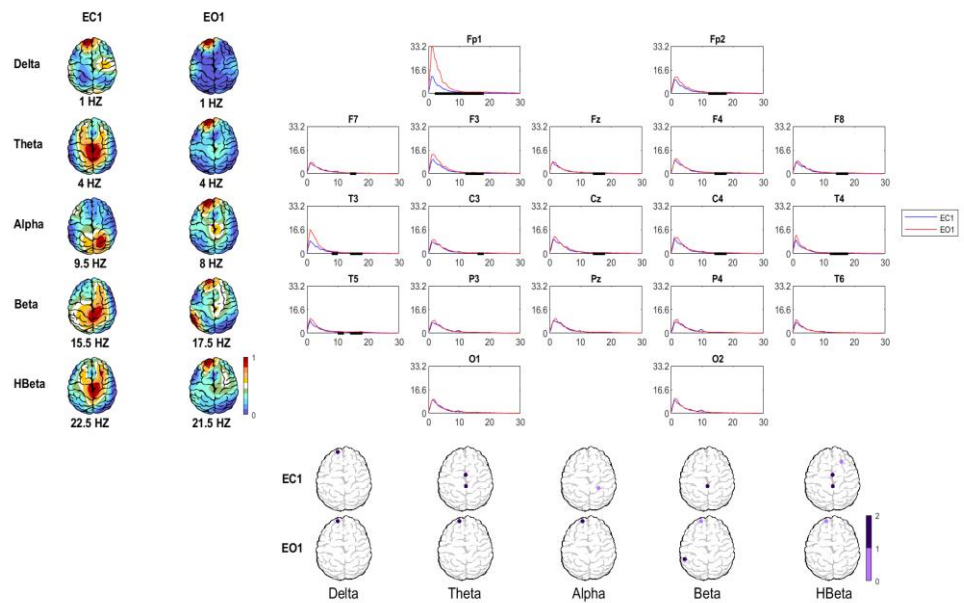
APF(EO)



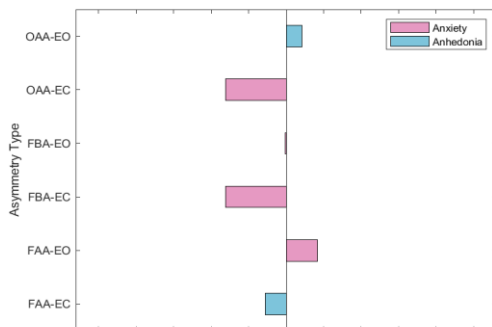
APF(EC)



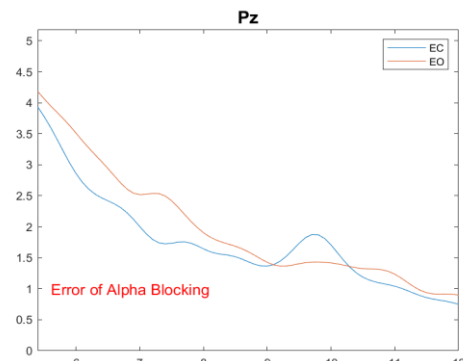
EEG Spectra



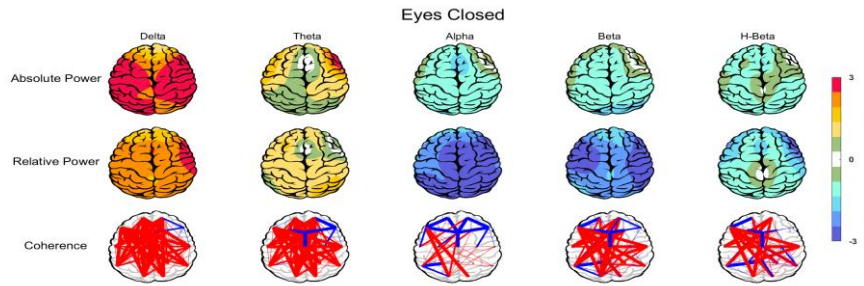
Alpha Asymmetry(AA)



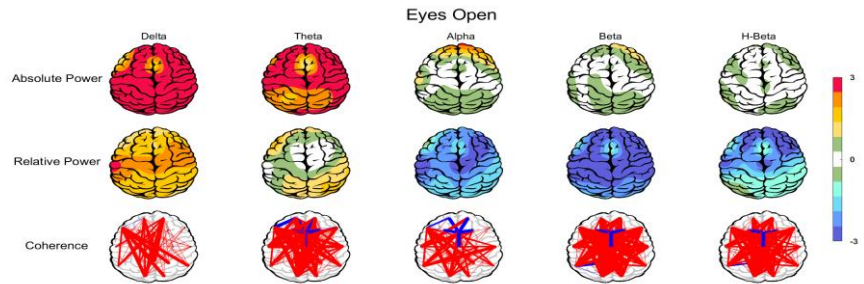
Alpha Blocking



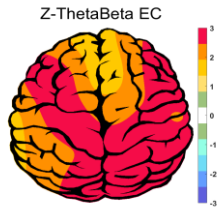
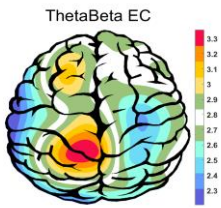
Z Score Summary Information (EC)



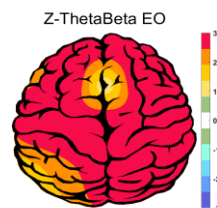
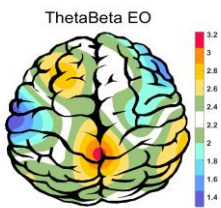
Z Score Summary Information (EO)



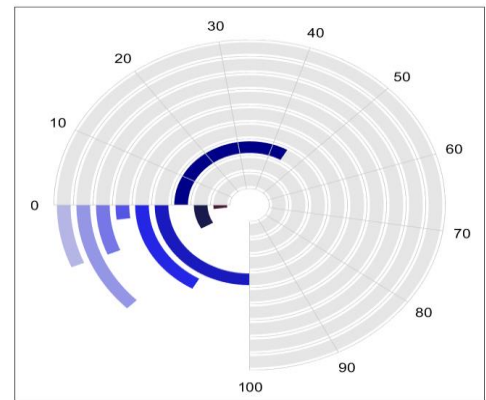
E.C.T/B Ratio (Raw- Z Score)



E.O.T/B Ratio (Raw- Z Score)



Arousal Level



High beta

Visual-area alpha

Temporal beta

IAF

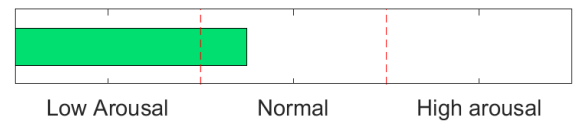
Frontal alpha

Occipital beta

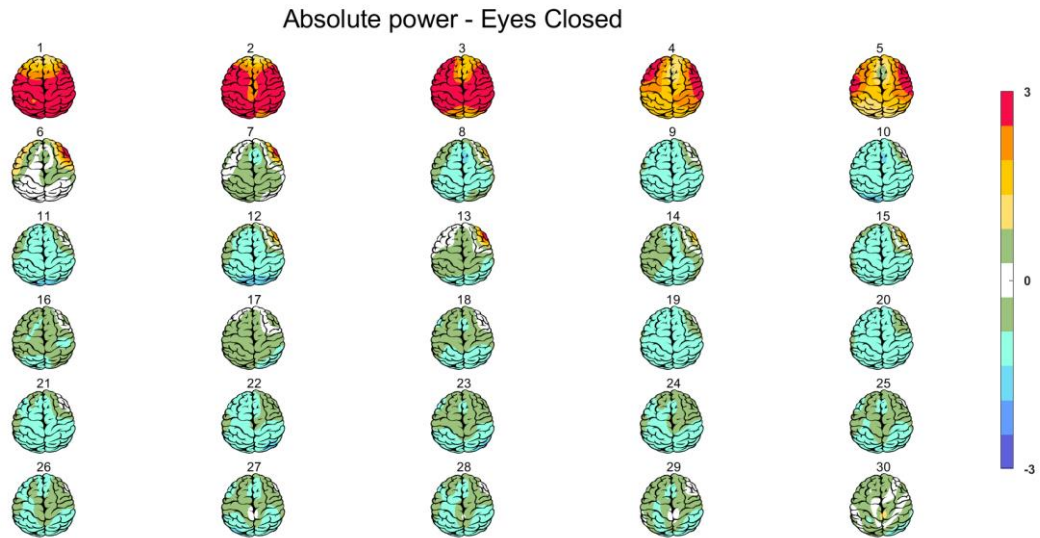
Right-posterior delta

Prefrontal beta

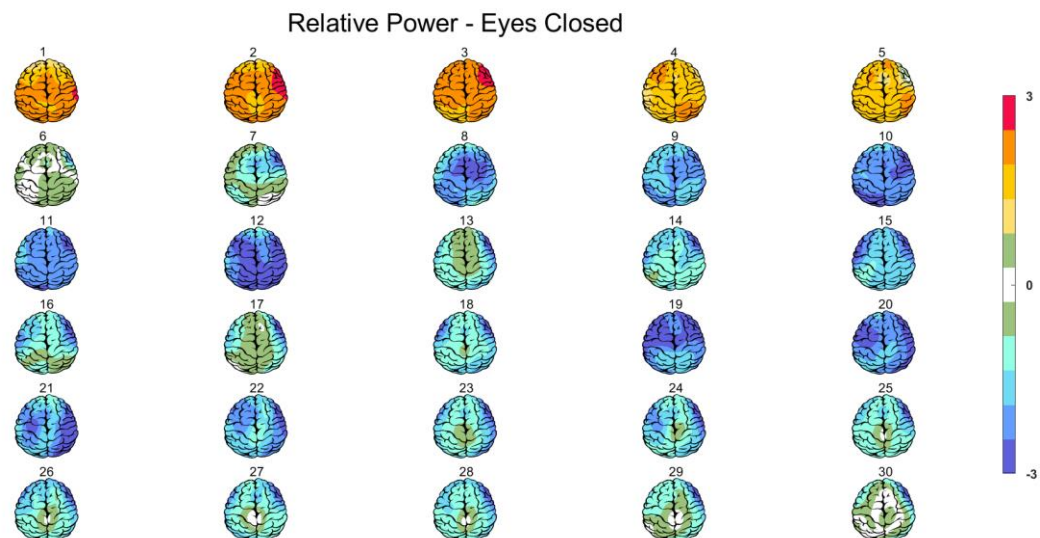
Central beta



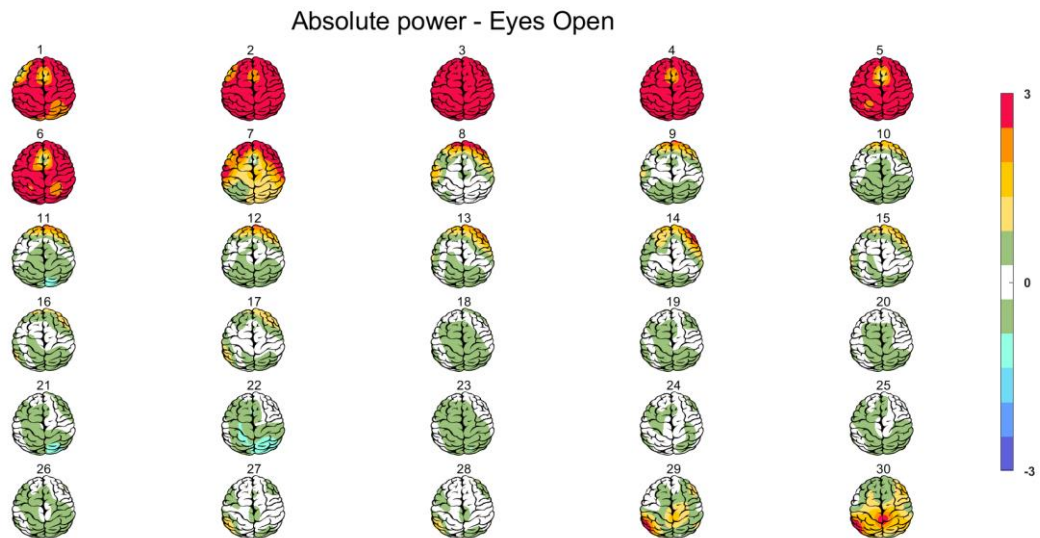
Absolute Power-Eye Closed (EC)



Relative Power-Eye Closed (EC)



Absolute Power-Eye Open (EO)



Relative Power-Eye Open (EO)

