





# QEEG Clinical Report BrainLens V0.4

## Report Description

### Personal & Clinical Data

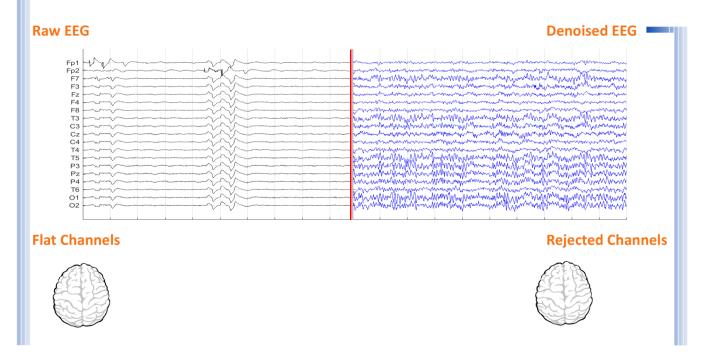
Name	Keshvar Ferdousitaghi	Date of Recording	21-Jul-2024
Date of Birth - Age	22-Mar-1939 - 85.33	Gender	Female
Handedness(R/L)	Right	Source of Referral	Dr Masjedi
Initial Diagnosis	High anxiety-Memory disor	der -Excessive thinking and	imagination -Hallucinations
Current Medication		Medication Free	

Dr Masjedi





### Denoising Information (EC)



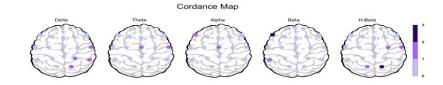
Number	of Eye and Mu	scle Elements		Low Artifact Percentage	
Eye	3	Muscle	0	0	
Total Arti	fact Percentage			High Artifact Percentage	
	0				
<b>EEG Quali</b>	ity	good		Total Recording Time Remaining	303.38 sec





### Pathological assessment for mood disorders

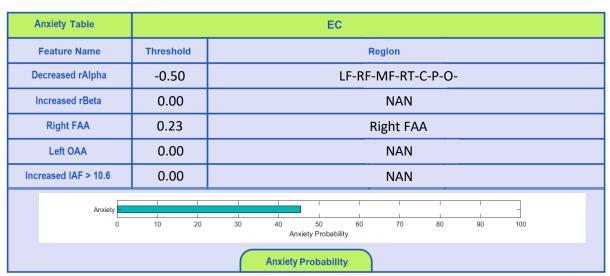
#### **Compare to Mood Disorders Database**



### **EEG Compatibility with Depression Diagnosis**

Depression Table		EC
Feature Name	Threshold	Region
Increased Global rAlpha	0.00	NAN
Increased global rTheta	0.00	NAN
Decreased rDelta	0.00	NAN
Increased rBeta	0.00	NAN
Left FAA	0.00	NAN
Right OAA	0.08	Right OAA
Decreased Coherence (D, T)	0.00	NAN
Increased Coherence (A, B)	0.00	NAN
depression 0	10 20	30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100  Depression Probability
		Depression Probability

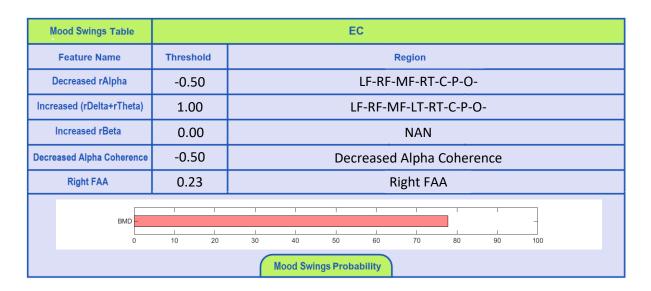
### **EEG Compatibility with Anxiety Diagnosis**







### **EEG Compatibility with Mood Swings Diagnosis \***



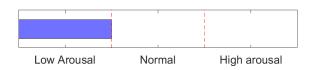
\* This index can only be investigated if there are symptoms of mood swings (R/O BMD or R/O mood swings).

### **Depression Severity**

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Anyiet	y Severity
All All All All	y Ocverity



### Arousal Level Detection

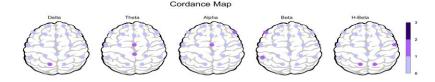






### Pathological assessment for Dementia

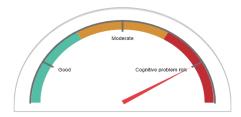
### **Compare to Dementia Database**



### **Dementia Probability**

	Dementia Table		EC
	Feature Name	Threshold	Region
	Increased rDelta	2.00	LF-RF-MF-LT-RT-C-P-O-
	Increased rTheta	0.50	P-O-
	Decreased rAlpha	-0.50	LF-RF-MF-RT-C-P-O-
	Decreased rBeta	-1.00	LF-RF-MF-LT-RT-C-P-O-
li	ncreased T/A Ratio	0.50	LF-RF-MF-RT-C-P-O-
lr	ncreased D/A Ratio	1.00	LF-RF-MF-LT-RT-C-P-O-
Decrea	sed (D+T+A+B) Coherence	-0.50	Decreased global Coherence
	dementia	10 20	30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100  Dementia Probability
			Dementia Probability

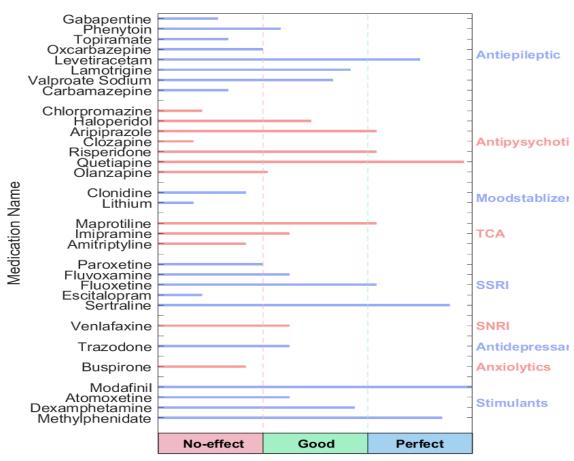
## **Cognitive Impairment Severity**







### QEEG based predicting medication response



### **Explanation**



These two tables can be considered the most important finding that can be extracted from QEEG. To prepare this list, the NPCIndex Article Review Team has studied, categorized, and extracted algorithms from many authoritative published articles on predict medication response and Pharmaco EEG studies. These articles are published between 1970 and 2021. The findings extracted from this set include 85 different factors in the raw band domains, spectrum, power, coherence, and loreta that have not been segregated to avoid complexity, and their results are shown in these diagrams. One can review details in NPCIndex.com .

These two charts, calculate response probability to various medications, according only to QEEG indicators. Blue charts favor drug response and red charts favor drug resistance. The longer the bar, the more evidence there is in the articles. Only drugs listed in the articles are listed. These tables present the indicators reviewed in the QEEG studies and are not a substitute for physician selection.



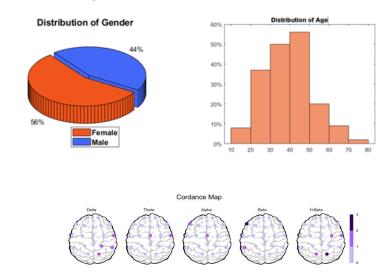


#### rTMS Response Prediction

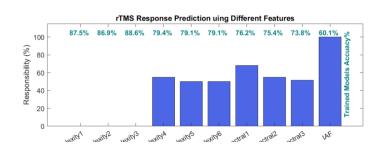
#### Network Performance

Accuracy: 92.1% Sensitivity: 89.13% Specificity: 97.47%

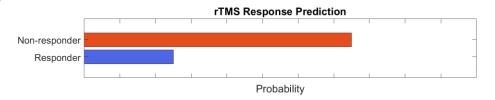
#### Participants Information



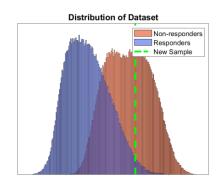
#### Features Information



#### Responsibility



#### Data Distribution



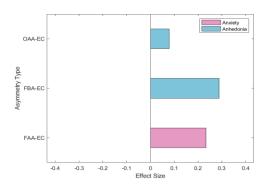
#### About Predicting rTMS Response

This index was obtained based on machine learning approaches and by examining the QEEG biomarkers of more than 470 cases treated with rTMS. The cases were diagnosed with depression (with and without comorbidity) and all were medication free. By examining more than 40 biomarkers capable of predicting response to rTMS treatment in previous studies and with data analysis, finally 10 biomarkers including bispectral and nonlinear features entered the machine learning process. The final chart can distinguish between RTMS responsive and resistant cases with 92.1% accuracy. This difference rate is much higher than the average response to treatment of 44%, in the selection of patients with clinical criteria, and is an important finding in the direction of personalized treatment for rTMS.

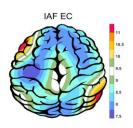




### Alpha Asymmetry(AA)



### IAF(EC)



Eye Close IAF= 09.38

### 🚃 Absolute Power-Eye Closed (EC) 🌮



















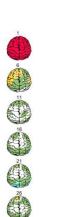
### TBI Severity

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0



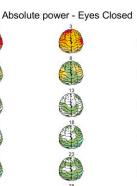


## Relative Power-Eye Closed (EC) 🌮





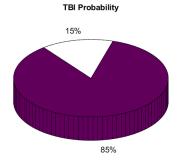








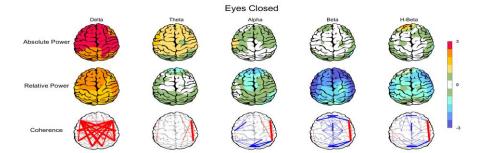
### TBI Probability



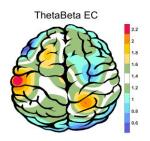


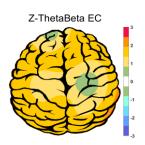


### Z Score Summary Information (EC)

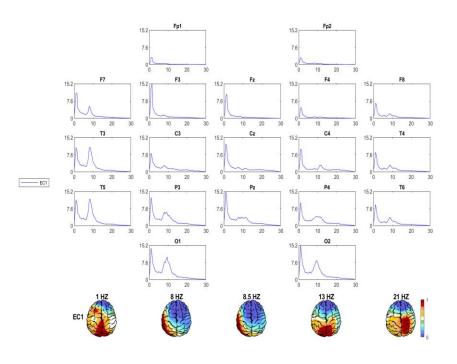


### E.C.T/B Ratio ( Raw- Z Score)





### EEG Spectra



### Arousal Level

