





QEEG Clinical Report BrainLens V0.4

Report Description

Personal & Clinical Data

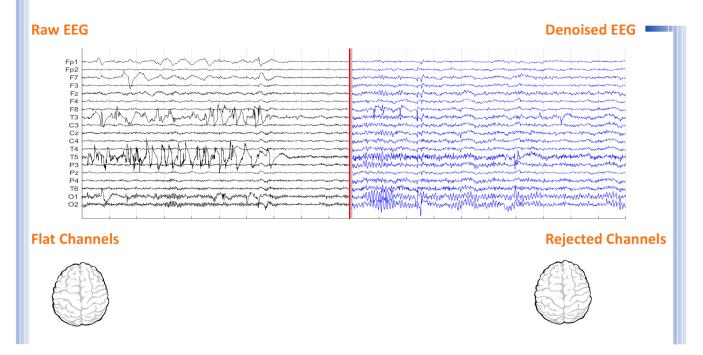
Name	Kobra Kazemzade	Date of Recording	13-Feb-2024
Date of Birth - Age	21-Mar-1957 - 66.89	Gender	Female
Handedness(R/L)	Right	Source of Referral	Dr Masjedi
Initial Diagnosis	Nerve pain		
Current Medication	Medication Free		

Dr Masjedi





Denoising Information (EC)



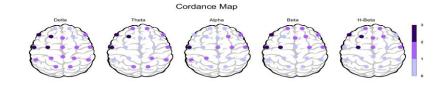
Number of Eye and Muscle Elements			Low Artifact Percentage	
Eye	0	Muscle	0	0
Total Artifact Percentage			High Artifact Percentage	
0				
EEG Quali	ity	bad		Total Recording Time Remaining 237.40 sec





Pathological assessment for mood disorders

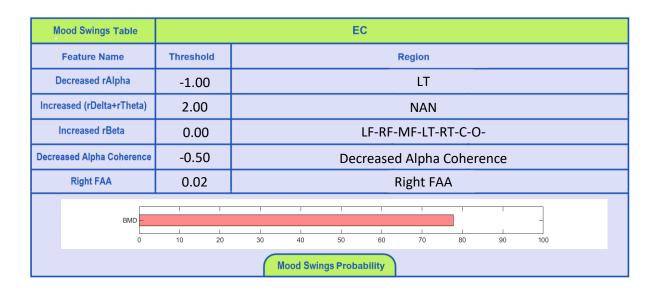
Compare to Mood Disorders Database



EEG Compatibility with Depression Diagnosis

Depression Table	EC	
Feature Name	Threshold	Region
Increased Global rAlpha	0.00	NAN
Increased global rTheta	0.00	NAN
Decreased rDelta	0.00	NAN
Increased rBeta	0.00	NAN
Left FAA	0.00	NAN
Right OAA	0.00	NAN
Decreased Coherence (D, T)	-0.50	Decreased Coherence (D,T)
Increased Coherence (A, B)	0.00	NAN
depression 0	10 20	30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 Depression Probability
Depression Probability		

EEG Compatibility with Mood Swings Diagnosis *







EEG Compatibility with Anxiety Diagnosis

Anxiety Table	EC		
Feature Name	Threshold	Region	
Decreased rAlpha	-1.00	LT	
Increased rBeta	0.00	NAN	
Right FAA	0.02	Right FAA	
Left OAA	-0.17	Left OAA	
Increased IAF > 10.6	0.00	NAN	
Anxiety 0	10 20	30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 Anxiety Probability	
Anxiety Probability			

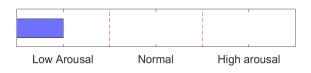
Depression Severity







Arousal Level Detection



^{*} This index can only be investigated if there are symptoms of mood swings (R/O BMD or R/O mood swings).



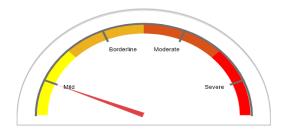


Pathological assessment for Dementia

Dementia Probability

Dementia Table	EC		
Feature Name	Threshold	Region	
Increased rDelta	2.00	LF-RF-MF-LT-RT-C-O-	
Increased rTheta	-1.00	LT	
Decreased rAlpha	-0.50	LF-RF-MF-LT-RT-C-P-O-	
Decreased rBeta	0.50	LF-RF-MF-C-	
Increased T/A Ratio	2.00	LF-RF-LT-RT-O-	
Increased D/A Ratio	1.00	LF-RF-LT-	
Decreased (D+T+A+B) Coherence	-0.50	Decreased global Coherence	
dementia 0	10 20	30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 Dementia Probability	
		Dementia Probability	

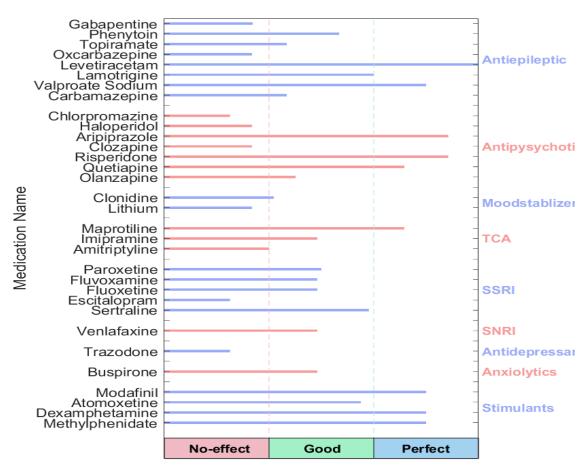
Cognitive Impairment Severity







QEEG based predicting medication response



Explanation

Medication Recommendation

These two tables can be considered the most important finding that can be extracted from QEEG. To prepare this list, the NPCIndex Article Review Team has studied, categorized, and extracted algorithms from many authoritative published articles on predict medication response and Pharmaco EEG studies. These articles are published between 1970 and 2021. The findings extracted from this set include 85 different factors in the raw band domains, spectrum, power, coherence, and loreta that have not been segregated to avoid complexity, and their results are shown in these diagrams. One can review details in NPCIndex.com .

These two charts, calculate response probability to various medications, according only to QEEG indicators. Blue charts favor drug response and red charts favor drug resistance. The longer the bar, the more evidence there is in the articles. Only drugs listed in the articles are listed. These tables present the indicators reviewed in the QEEG studies and are not a substitute for physician selection.



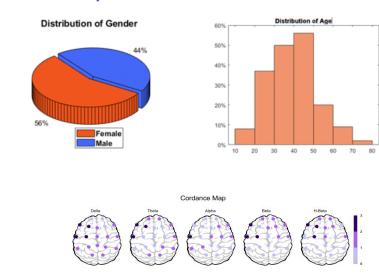


rTMS Response Prediction

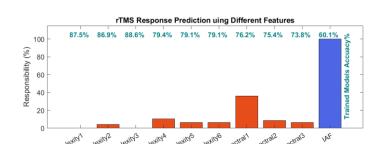
Network Performance

Accuracy: 92.1% Sensitivity: 89.13% Specificity: 97.47%

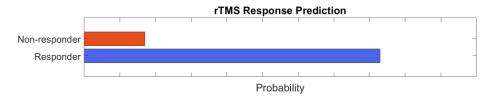
Participants Information



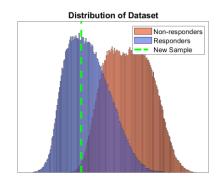
Features Information



Responsibility



Data Distribution



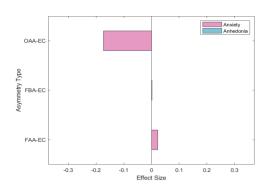
About Predicting rTMS Response

This index was obtained based on machine learning approaches and by examining the QEEG biomarkers of more than 470 cases treated with rTMS. The cases were diagnosed with depression (with and without comorbidity) and all were medication free. By examining more than 40 biomarkers capable of predicting response to rTMS treatment in previous studies and with data analysis, finally 10 biomarkers including bispectral and nonlinear features entered the machine learning process. The final chart can distinguish between RTMS responsive and resistant cases with 92.1% accuracy. This difference rate is much higher than the average response to treatment of 44%, in the selection of patients with clinical criteria, and is an important finding in the direction of personalized treatment for rTMS.

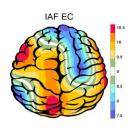




Alpha Asymmetry(AA)



IAF(EC)

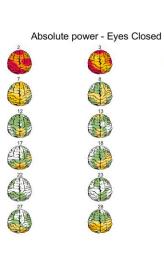


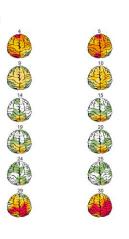
Eye Close IAF= 10.00

Absolute Power-Eye Closed (EC) 🌮





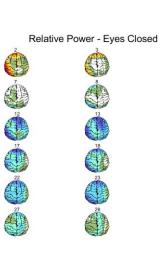


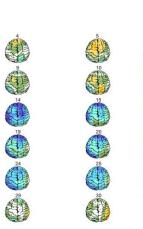


Relative Power-Eye Closed (EC) 🌮





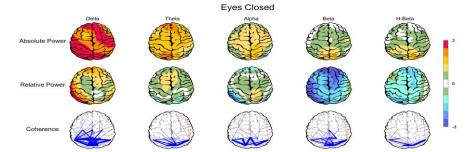




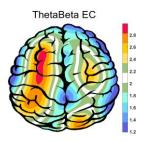


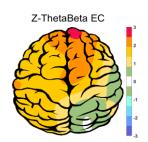


Z Score Summary Information (EC)

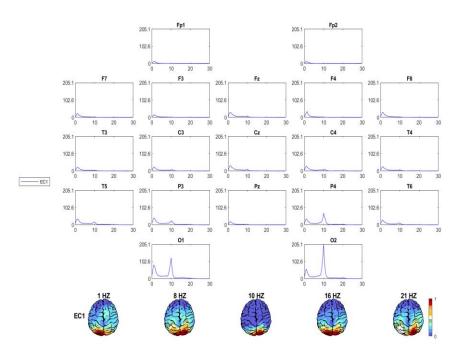


E.C.T/B Ratio (Raw- Z Score)





EEG Spectra



Arousal Level

