



## QEEG Clinical Report

BrainLens V0.4

### Report Description



### Personal & Clinical Data

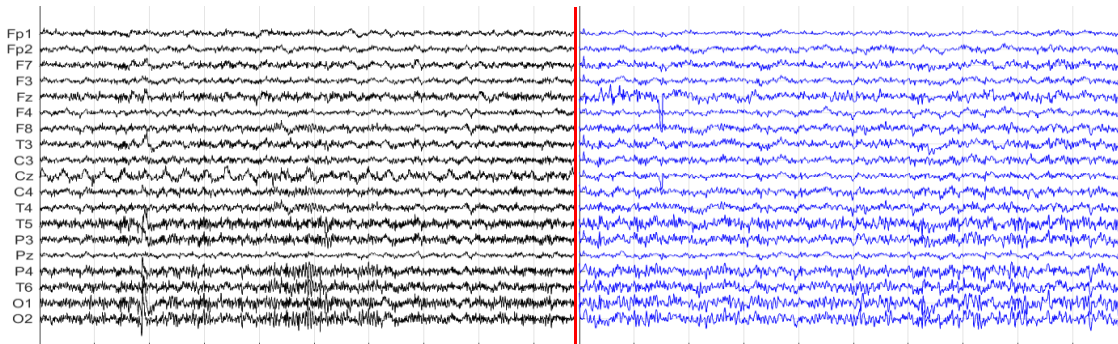
|                     |                       |                    |             |
|---------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-------------|
| Name                | Leyli Ramezanghorbani | Date of Recording  | 31-Jan-2024 |
| Date of Birth - Age | 22-Mar-1959 - 64.86   | Gender             | Female      |
| Handedness(R/L)     | Right                 | Source of Referral | Dr Masjedi  |
| Initial Diagnosis   | Vertigo-Headache      |                    |             |
| Current Medication  | Medication Free       |                    |             |

Dr Masjedi

## Denoising Information (EC)

Raw EEG

Denoised EEG



Flat Channels



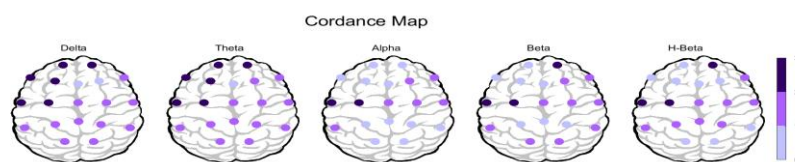
Rejected Channels



| Number of Eye and Muscle Elements |   |        |   | Low Artifact Percentage        |            |
|-----------------------------------|---|--------|---|--------------------------------|------------|
| Eye                               | 1 | Muscle | 0 |                                |            |
| Total Artifact Percentage         |   |        |   | High Artifact Percentage       |            |
|                                   |   |        |   |                                |            |
| EEG Quality                       |   | bad    |   | Total Recording Time Remaining | 352.79 sec |

# Pathological assessment for mood disorders

## Compare to Mood Disorders Database



## EEG Compatibility with Depression Diagnosis

| Depression Table           | EC        |                           |
|----------------------------|-----------|---------------------------|
| Feature Name               | Threshold | Region                    |
| Increased Global rAlpha    | 0.00      | NAN                       |
| Increased global rTheta    | 0.00      | NAN                       |
| Decreased rDelta           | 0.00      | NAN                       |
| Increased rBeta            | 0.00      | NAN                       |
| Left FAA                   | 0.00      | NAN                       |
| Right OAA                  | 0.04      | Right OAA                 |
| Decreased Coherence (D, T) | 0.00      | NAN                       |
| Increased Coherence (A, B) | 2.00      | Increased Coherence (A,B) |

depression

Depression Probability

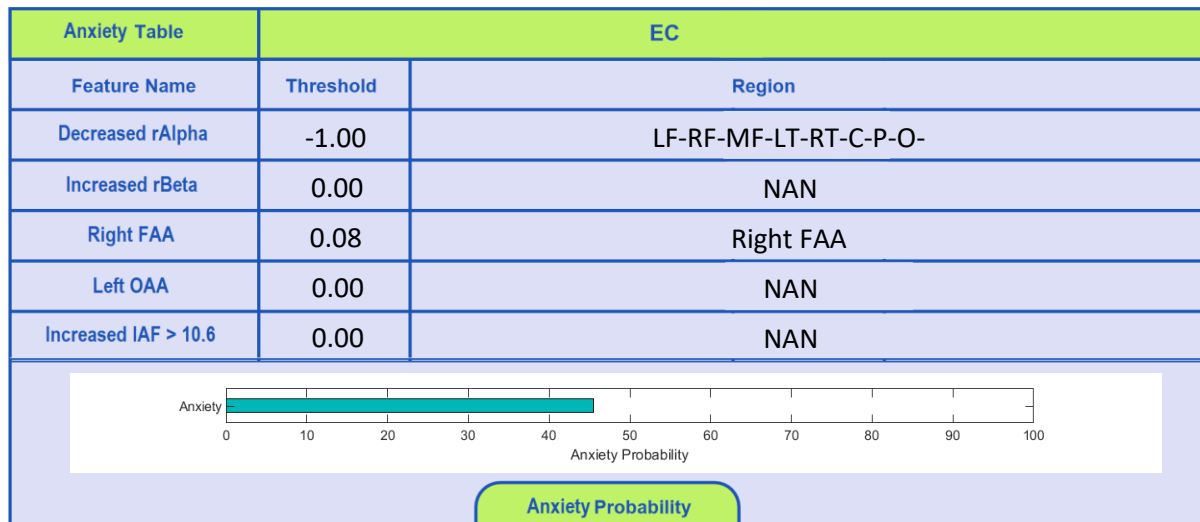
## EEG Compatibility with Mood Swings Diagnosis \*

| Mood Swings Table         | EC        |                       |
|---------------------------|-----------|-----------------------|
| Feature Name              | Threshold | Region                |
| Decreased rAlpha          | -1.00     | LF-RF-MF-LT-RT-C-P-O- |
| Increased (rDelta+rTheta) | 3.00      | NAN                   |
| Increased rBeta           | 0.00      | LF-RF-MF-LT-RT-C-P-O- |
| Decreased Alpha Coherence | 0.00      | NAN                   |
| Right FAA                 | 0.08      | Right FAA             |

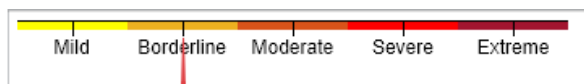
BMD

Mood Swings Probability

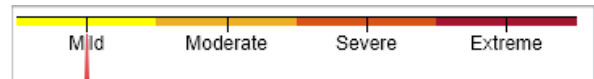
## EEG Compatibility with Anxiety Diagnosis



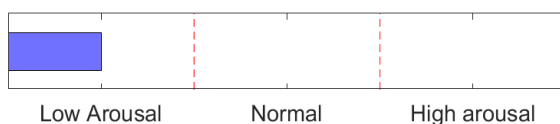
### Depression Severity



### Anxiety Severity



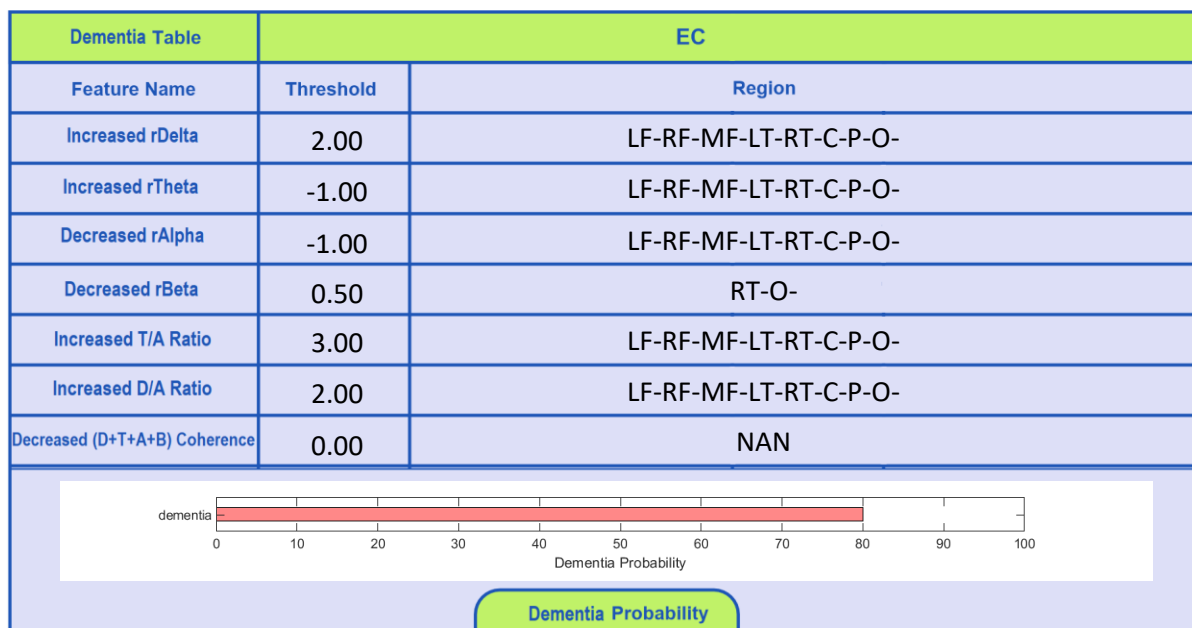
### Arousal Level Detection



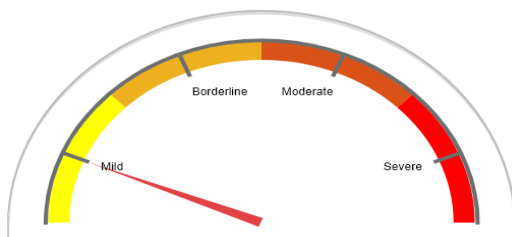
\* This index can only be investigated if there are symptoms of mood swings (R/O BMD or R/O mood swings).

## Pathological assessment for Dementia

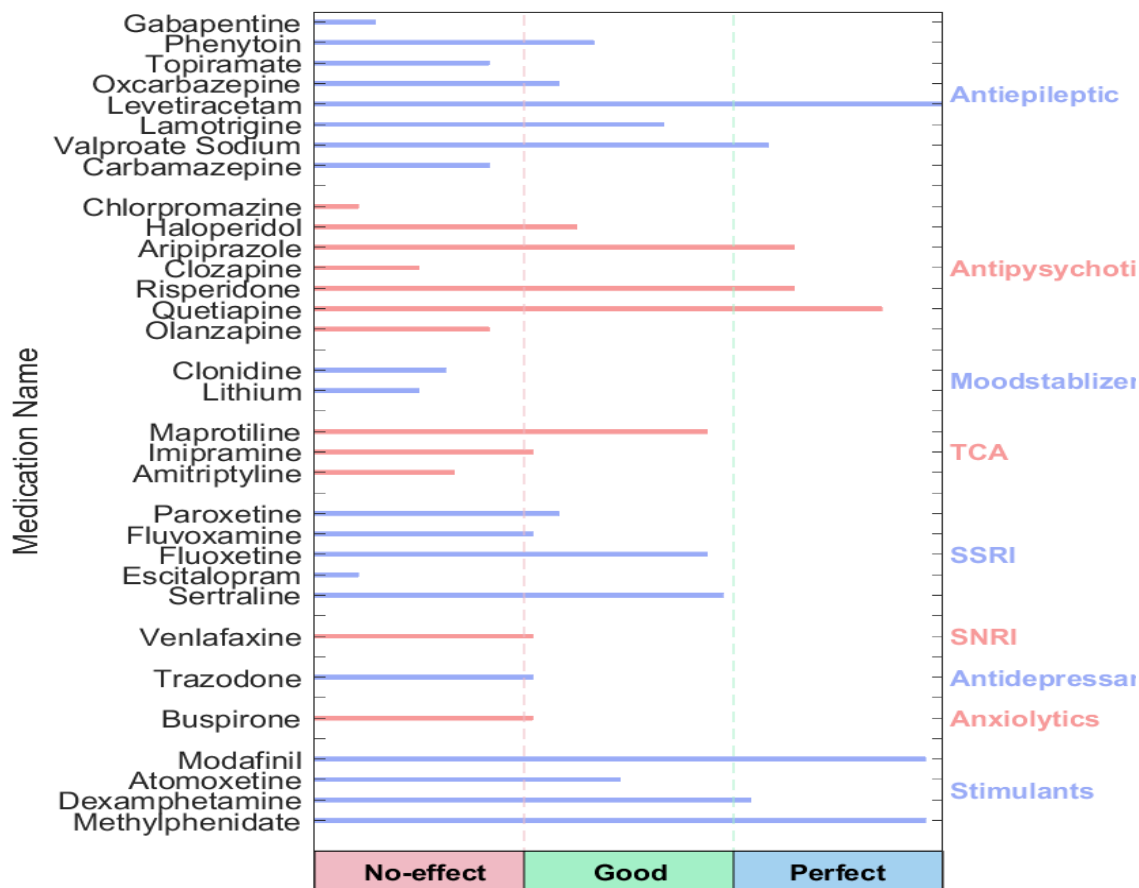
### Dementia Probability



### Cognitive Impairment Severity



## QEEG based predicting medication response



## Explanation

These two tables can be considered the most important finding that can be extracted from QEEG. To prepare this list, the NPCIndex Article Review Team has studied, categorized, and extracted algorithms from many authoritative published articles on predict medication response and Pharmac EEG studies. These articles are published between 1970 and 2021. The findings extracted from this set include 85 different factors in the raw band domains, spectrum, power, coherence, and loreta that have not been segregated to avoid complexity, and their results are shown in these diagrams. One can review details in NPCIndex.com .

## ⚠ Medication Recommendation

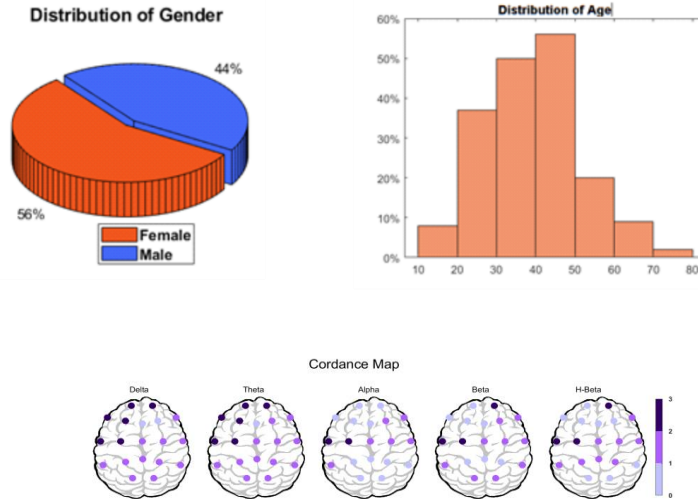
These two charts, calculate response probability to various medications, according only to QEEG indicators. Blue charts favor drug response and red charts favor drug resistance. The longer the bar, the more evidence there is in the articles. Only drugs listed in the articles are listed. These tables present the indicators reviewed in the QEEG studies and are not a substitute for physician selection.

## rTMS Response Prediction

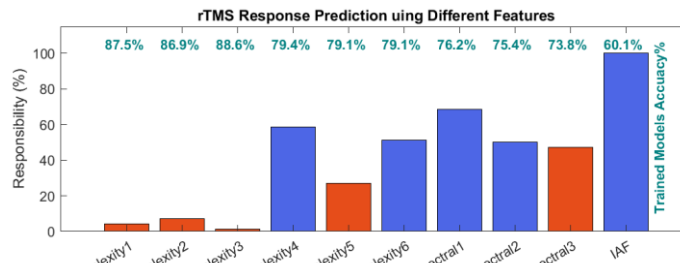
### Network Performance

**Accuracy:** 92.1%  
**Sensitivity:** 89.13%  
**Specificity:** 97.47%

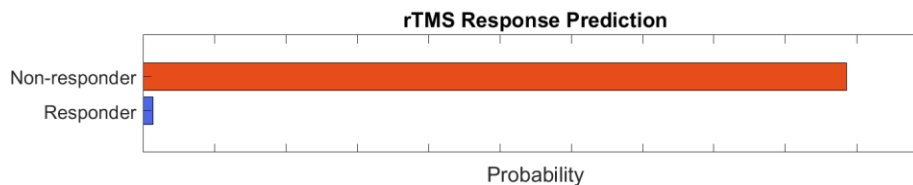
### Participants Information



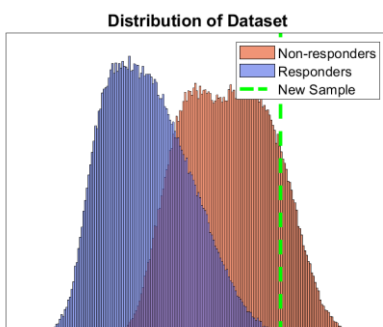
### Features Information



### Responsibility



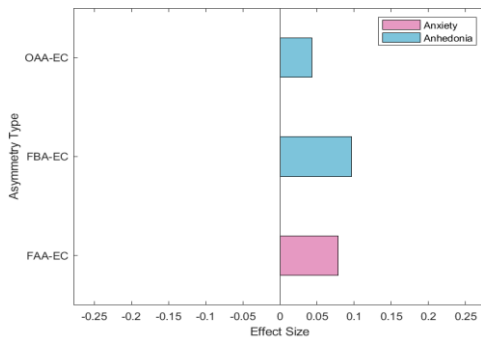
### Data Distribution



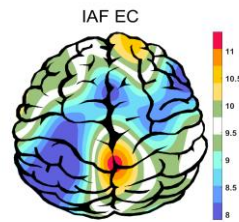
### About Predicting rTMS Response

This index was obtained based on machine learning approaches and by examining the QEEG biomarkers of more than 470 cases treated with rTMS. The cases were diagnosed with depression (with and without comorbidity) and all were medication free. By examining more than 40 biomarkers capable of predicting response to rTMS treatment in previous studies and with data analysis, finally 10 biomarkers including bispectral and nonlinear features entered the machine learning process. The final chart can distinguish between rTMS responsive and resistant cases with 92.1% accuracy. This difference rate is much higher than the average response to treatment of 44%, in the selection of patients with clinical criteria, and is an important finding in the direction of personalized treatment for rTMS.

## Alpha Asymmetry(AA)

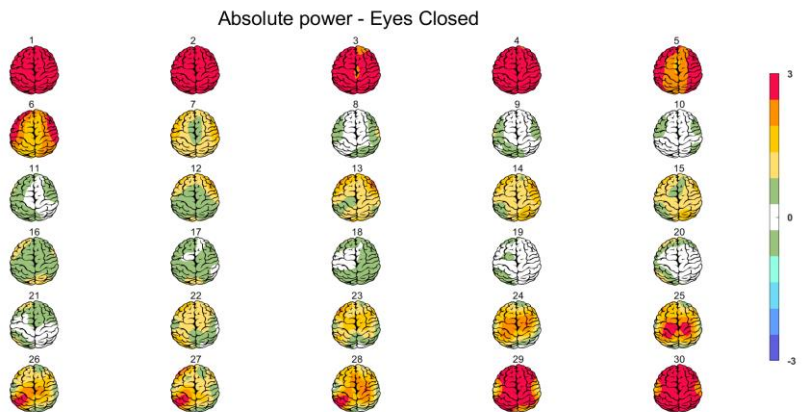


## IAF(EC)

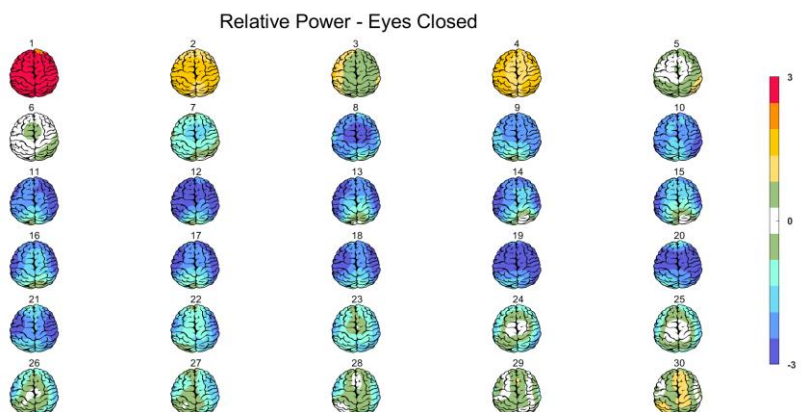


Eye Close IAF= 10.38

## Absolute Power-Eye Closed (EC)

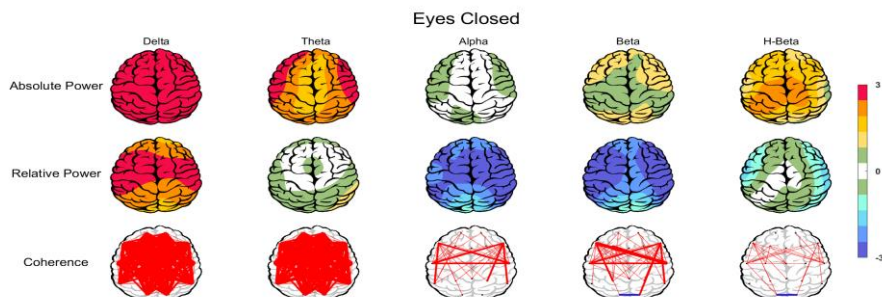


## Relative Power-Eye Closed (EC)

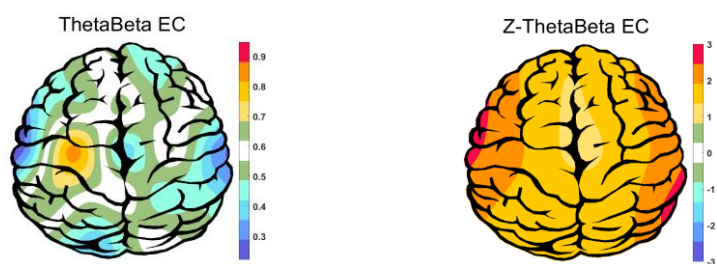




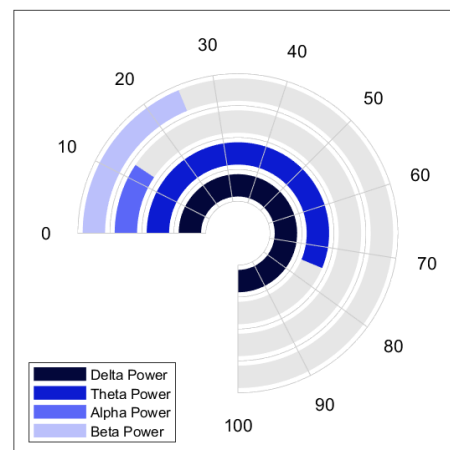
## Z Score Summary Information (EC)



## E.C.T/B Ratio ( Raw- Z Score)



## Arousal Level



## EEG Spectra

