





QEEG Clinical Report BrainLens V0.4

Report Description

Personal & Clinical Data

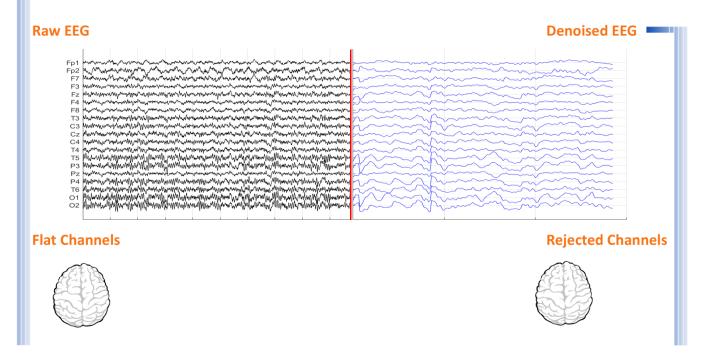
Name	Mahmoud Saadatfar	Date of Recording	07-Feb-2024						
Date of Birth - Age	21-Mar-1964 - 59.88	Gender	Male						
Handedness(R/L)	Right	Source of Referral	Dr Masjedi						
Initial Diagnosis		Migraine							
Current Medication	Medication Free								

Dr Masjedi





Denoising Information (EC)



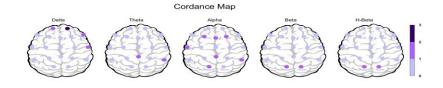
Number	of Eye and Mu	scle Elements		Low Artifact Percentage				
Eye	0	Muscle	0	0				
Total Arti	fact Percentage			High Artifact Percentage				
	0			0				
EEG Quali	ity	bad		Total Recording Time Remaining 34.41 sec				





Pathological assessment for mood disorders

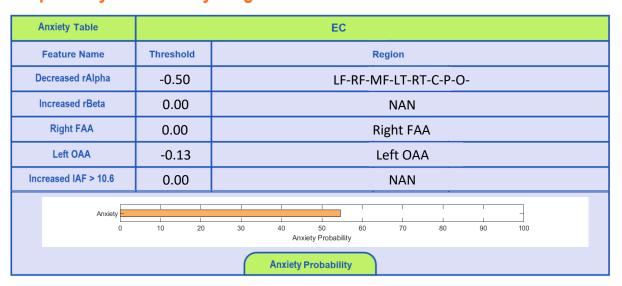
Compare to Mood Disorders Database



EEG Compatibility with Depression Diagnosis

Depres	sion Table		EC										
Featu	re Name	Threshold	Threshold Region										
Increased	Global rAlpha	0.00	0.00 NAN										
Increased	global rTheta	2.00	2.00 global										
Decrea	sed rDelta	0.00	0.00 NAN										
Increas	sed rBeta	0.00) NAN										
Lef	t FAA	0.00	NAN										
Righ	nt OAA	0.00	NAN										
Decreased C	oherence (D, T)	-0.50	Decreased Coherence (D,T)										
Increased Co	oherence (A, B)	0.00					NAN						
	depression 0	10 20	30	40 Depi	50 ression Probal	60 bility	70	80	90	100			
Depression Probability													

EEG Compatibility with Anxiety Diagnosis







EEG Compatibility with Mood Swings Diagnosis *

M	ood Swings Table	EC											
	Feature Name	Threshold Region											
D	ecreased rAlpha	-0.50 LF-RF-MF-LT-RT-C-P-O-											
Incre	eased (rDelta+rTheta)	3.00	3.00 LF-RF-MF-LT-RT-C-P-O-										
	Increased rBeta	0.00 NAN											
Decre	ased Alpha Coherence	-0.50	0	Decreased Alpha Coherence									
	Right FAA	0.00)	Right FAA									
	BMD	1 10	20	1 30	40	1 50	1 60	70	80	l 90	100		
Mood Swings Probability													

* This index can only be investigated if there are symptoms of mood swings (R/O BMD or R/O mood swings).

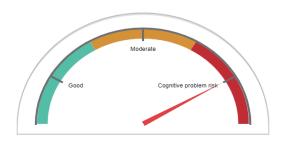
Depression Severity



Anxiety Severity



Cognitive Functions



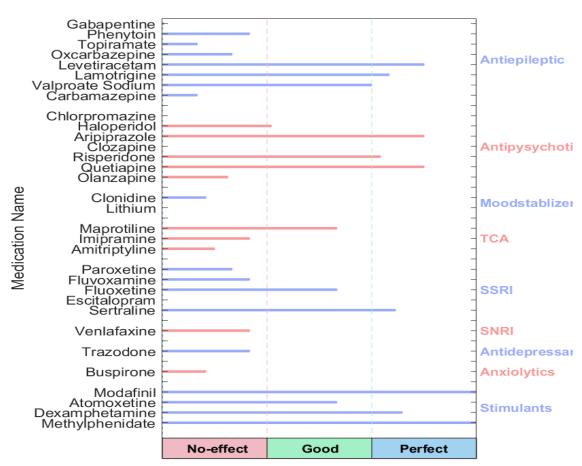
Arousal Level Detection







QEEG based predicting medication response



Explanation



These two tables can be considered the most important finding that can be extracted from QEEG. To prepare this list, the NPCIndex Article Review Team has studied, categorized, and extracted algorithms from many authoritative published articles on predict medication response and Pharmaco EEG studies. These articles are published between 1970 and 2021. The findings extracted from this set include 85 different factors in the raw band domains, spectrum, power, coherence, and loreta that have not been segregated to avoid complexity, and their results are shown in these diagrams. One can review details in NPCIndex.com .

These two charts, calculate response probability to various medications, according only to QEEG indicators. Blue charts favor drug response and red charts favor drug resistance. The longer the bar, the more evidence there is in the articles. Only drugs listed in the articles are listed. These tables present the indicators reviewed in the QEEG studies and are not a substitute for physician selection.



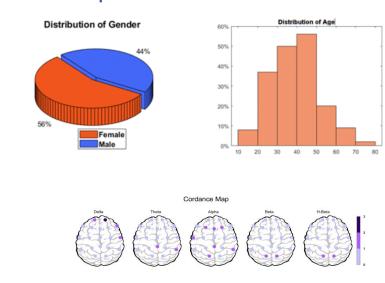


rTMS Response Prediction

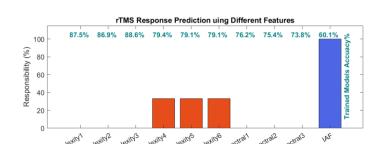
Network Performance

Accuracy: 92.1% Sensitivity: 89.13% Specificity: 97.47%

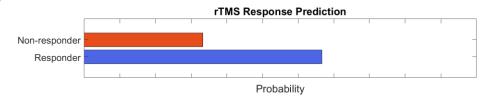
Participants Information



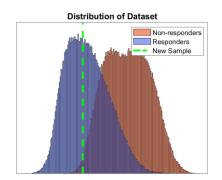
Features Information



Responsibility



Data Distribution



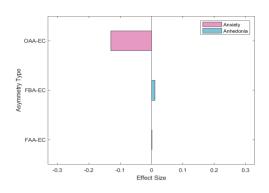
About Predicting rTMS Response

This index was obtained based on machine learning approaches and by examining the QEEG biomarkers of more than 470 cases treated with rTMS. The cases were diagnosed with depression (with and without comorbidity) and all were medication free. By examining more than 40 biomarkers capable of predicting response to rTMS treatment in previous studies and with data analysis, finally 10 biomarkers including bispectral and nonlinear features entered the machine learning process. The final chart can distinguish between RTMS responsive and resistant cases with 92.1% accuracy. This difference rate is much higher than the average response to treatment of 44%, in the selection of patients with clinical criteria, and is an important finding in the direction of personalized treatment for rTMS.

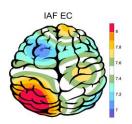




Alpha Asymmetry(AA)



IAF(EC)

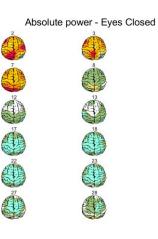


Eye Close IAF= 07.50

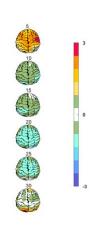
Absolute Power-Eye Closed (EC) 🌮





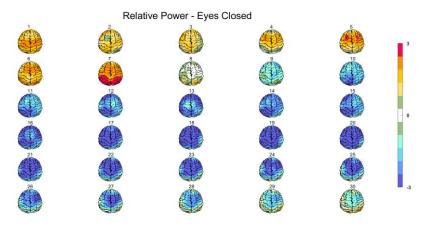






Relative Power-Eye Closed (EC) 🌮



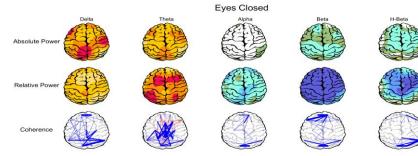






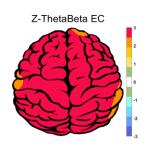
Z Score Summary Information (EC)



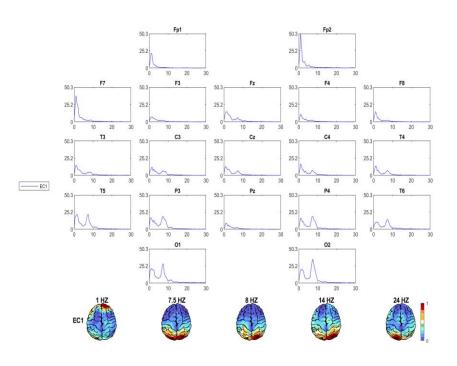


E.C.T/B Ratio (Raw- Z Score)

ThetaBeta EC



EEG Spectra



Arousal Level

