

# Report Description

# Personal & Clinical Data

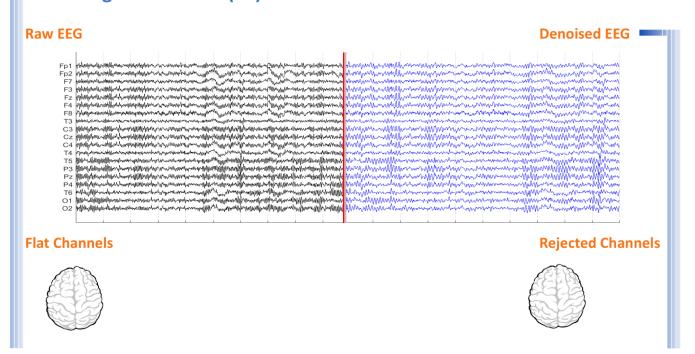
Name	Mazyar Nemati	Date of Recording	23-Jun-2024					
Date of Birth - Age	21-Sep-1985 - 38.76	Gender	Male					
Handedness(R/L)	Right	Source of Referral	Dr Rahimi					
Initial Diagnosis	OCD-GAD							
Current Medication	Medication Free							

Dr Rahimi





# Denoising Information (EC)



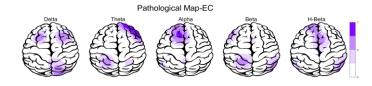
Number of Eye and Muscle Elements				Low Artifact Percentage				
Eye	0	Muscle	0	0				
Total Artifact Percentage				High Artifact Percentage				
()								
EEG Quali	ity	good		Total Recording Time Remaining	329.55 sec			





# Pathological assessment for mood disorders

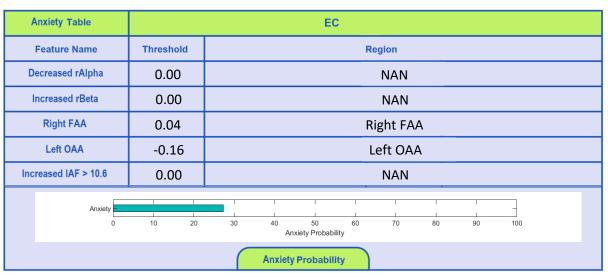
### **Compare to Mood Disorders Database**



### **EEG Compatibility with Depression Diagnosis**

De	epression Table	EC								
	Feature Name	Threshold	Threshold Region							
Increa	ased Global rAlpha	1.00	global							
Incre	ased global rTheta	0.00	NAN							
De	ecreased rDelta	-0.50	LF-MF-							
lr	ncreased rBeta	0.00	NAN							
	Left FAA	0.00	NAN							
	Right OAA	0.00	NAN							
Decrea	ased Coherence (D, T)	0.00	NAN							
Increa	sed Coherence (A, B)	0.50	Increased Coherence (A,B)							
	depression 0	10 20	30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100  Depression Probability							
Depression Probability										

# **EEG Compatibility with Anxiety Diagnosis**





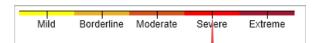


### **EEG Compatibility with Mood Swings Diagnosis \***

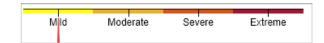
Mood S	wings Table	EC											
Featu	ıre Name	Thresh	old	Region									
Decrea	sed rAlpha	0.00	0	NAN									
Increased	(rDelta+rTheta)	0.00	0	NAN									
Increa	sed rBeta	0.0	0	NAN									
Decreased A	Alpha Coherence	-0.50 Decreased Alpha Coherence											
Rig	ht FAA	0.04	4	Right FAA									
	BMD 0	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100		
Mood Swings Probability													

\* This index can only be investigated if there are symptoms of mood swings (R/O BMD or R/O mood swings).

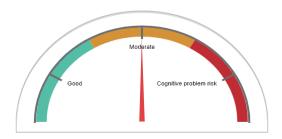
## **Depression Severity**



## **Anxiety Severity**



# Cognitive Functions



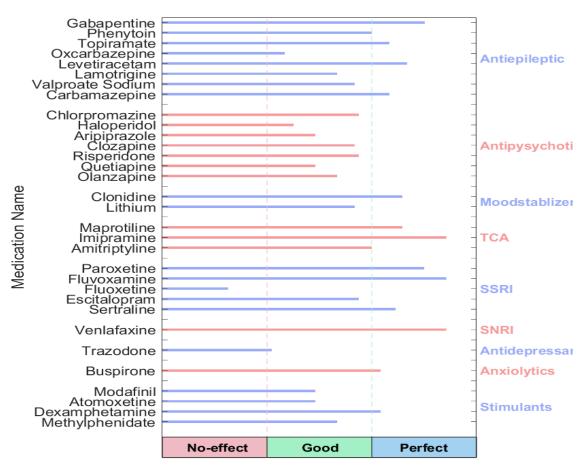
### Arousal Level Detection







### QEEG based predicting medication response



## **Explanation**

Medication Recommendation

These two tables can be considered the most important finding that can be extracted from QEEG. To prepare this list, the NPCIndex Article Review Team has studied, categorized, and extracted algorithms from many authoritative published articles on predict medication response and Pharmaco EEG studies. These articles are published between 1970 and 2021. The findings extracted from this set include 85 different factors in the raw band domains, spectrum, power, coherence, and loreta that have not been segregated to avoid complexity, and their results are shown in these diagrams. One can review details in NPCIndex.com .

These two charts, calculate response probability to various medications, according only to QEEG indicators. Blue charts favor drug response and red charts favor drug resistance. The longer the bar, the more evidence there is in the articles. Only drugs listed in the articles are listed. These tables present the indicators reviewed in the QEEG studies and are not a substitute for physician selection.



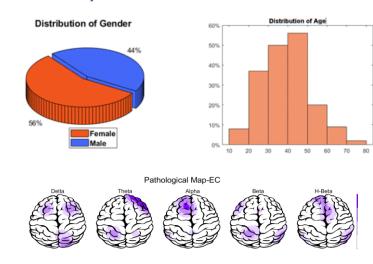


### rTMS Response Prediction

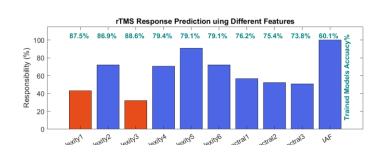
#### Network Performance

Accuracy: 92.1% Sensitivity: 89.13% Specificity: 97.47%

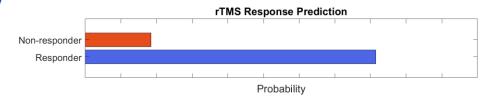
### Participants Information



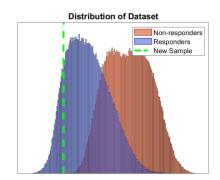
#### Features Information



#### Responsibility



#### Data Distribution



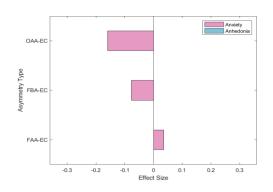
#### About Predicting rTMS Response

This index was obtained based on machine learning approaches and by examining the QEEG biomarkers of more than 470 cases treated with rTMS. The cases were diagnosed with depression (with and without comorbidity) and all were medication free. By examining more than 40 biomarkers capable of predicting response to rTMS treatment in previous studies and with data analysis, finally 10 biomarkers including bispectral and nonlinear features entered the machine learning process. The final chart can distinguish between RTMS responsive and resistant cases with 92.1% accuracy. This difference rate is much higher than the average response to treatment of 44%, in the selection of patients with clinical criteria, and is an important finding in the direction of personalized treatment for rTMS.

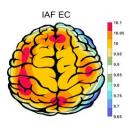




## Alpha Asymmetry(AA)



## IAF(EC)

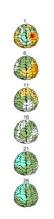


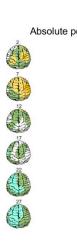
Frontal APF= 10.00

**Posterior APF= 10.00** 

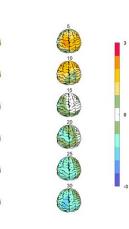
## Absolute Power-Eye Closed (EC) 🌮









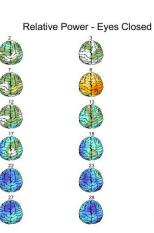


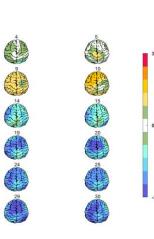
### Relative Power-Eye Closed (EC)







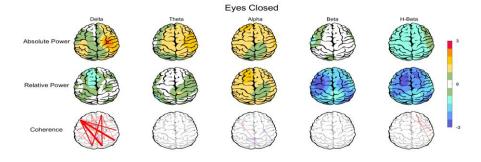




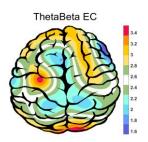


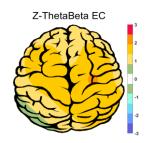


# Z Score Summary Information (EC)

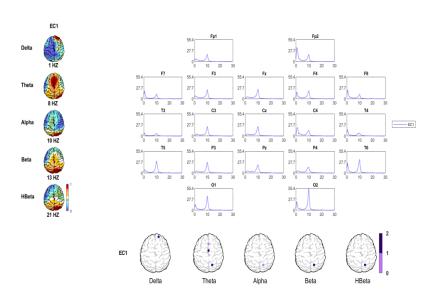


# E.C.T/B Ratio ( Raw- Z Score)





# EEG Spectra



## Arousal Level

