





# QEEG Clinical Report BrainLens V0.4

# Report Description

# Personal & Clinical Data

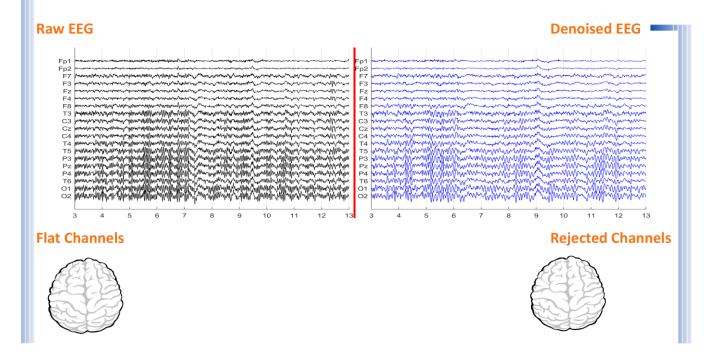
Name	Seyedezahra Shamsipoor	Date of Recording	07-Oct-2024						
Date of Birth - Age	21-Mar-1998 - 26.54	Gender	Female						
Handedness(R/L)	Right	Source of Referral	Dr Masjedi						
Initial Diagnosis	Anxiety-Dementia-Headache-Migraine								
Current Medication	Medication Free								

Dr Masjedi





# Denoising Information (EC)



Number of Eye and Muscle Elements				Low Artifact Percentage			
Eye	1	Muscle					
Total Artifact Percentage				High Artifact Percentage			
				0			
<b>EEG Quality</b> bad		<b>Total Recording Time Remaining</b> 230.15 sec					





# Pathological assessment for mood disorders

### **Compare to Mood Disorders Database**







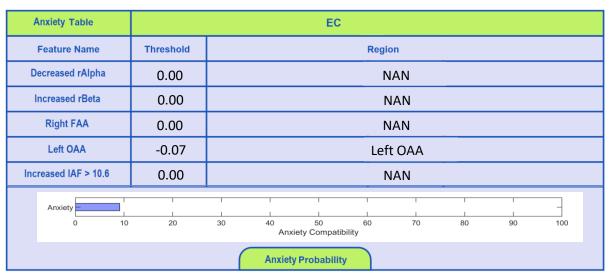




### **EEG Compatibility with Depression Diagnosis**

Depression Table	EC							
Feature Name	Threshold	Threshold Region						
Increased Global rAlpha	0.50	global						
Increased global rTheta	1.00	global						
Decreased rDelta	-0.50	RF-LT-RT-P-						
Increased rBeta	0.00	NAN						
Left FAA	-0.11	Left FAA						
Right OAA	0.00	NAN						
Decreased Coherence (D, T)	-0.50	Decreased Coherence (D,T)						
Increased Coherence (A, B)	(A, B) 0.00 NAN							
depression 0	10 20	30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100  Depression Compatibility						
Depression Probability								

# **EEG Compatibility with Anxiety Diagnosis**







### EEG Compatibility with Mood Swings Diagnosis \*

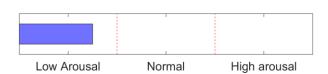
Mood Swings T	able		EC								
Feature Nam	е	Threshold	Threshold Region								
Decreased rAlp	ha	0.00	0.00 NAN								
Increased (rDelta+	rTheta)	0.50	0.50 LF-RF-MF-LT-C-								
Increased rBet	ta	0.00	NAN								
Decreased Alpha Co	herence	-0.50	Decreased Alpha Coherence								
Right FAA	Right FAA 0.00 NAN										
BMD 0	10	20	30	40 Mood S	50 Swing Compa	60 atibility	70	80	90	100	
Mood Swings Probability											

\* This index can only be investigated if there are symptoms of mood swings (R/O BMD or R/O mood swings).

# Cognitive Functions

### Arousal Level Detection

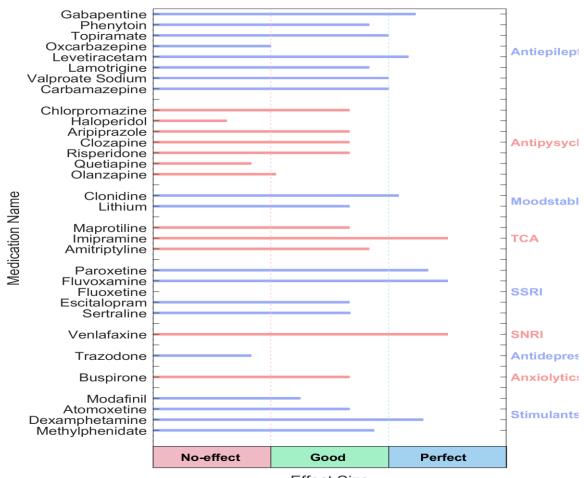








### **QEEG** based predicting medication response



Effect Size

### **Explanation**



#### Medication Recommendation

These two tables can be considered the most important finding that can be extracted from QEEG. To prepare this list, the NPCIndex Article Review Team has studied, categorized, and extracted algorithms from many authoritative published articles on predict medication response and Pharmaco EEG studies. These articles are published between 1970 and 2021. The findings extracted from this set include 85 different factors in the raw band domains, spectrum, power, coherence, and loreta that have not been segregated to avoid complexity, and their results are shown in these diagrams. One can review details in NPCIndex.com.

These two charts, calculate response probability to various medications, according only to QEEG indicators. Blue charts favor drug response and red charts favor drug resistance. The longer the bar, the more evidence there is in the articles. Only drugs listed in the articles are listed. These tables present the indicators reviewed in the QEEG studies and are not a substitute for physician selection.



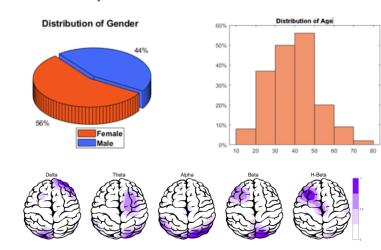


#### rTMS Response Prediction

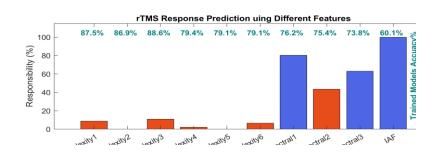
#### Network Performance

Accuracy: 92.1% Sensitivity: 89.13% Specificity: 97.47%

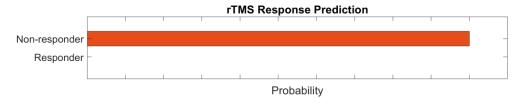
### Participants Information



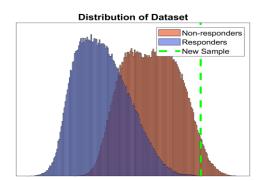
#### Features Information



#### Responsibility



#### Data Distribution



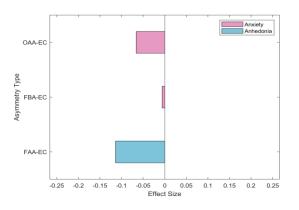
#### About Predicting rTMS Response

This index was obtained based on machine learning approaches and by examining the QEEG biomarkers of more than 470 cases treated with rTMS. The cases were diagnosed with depression (with and without comorbidity) and all were medication free. By examining more than 40 biomarkers capable of predicting response to rTMS treatment in previous studies and with data analysis, finally 10 biomarkers including bispectral and nonlinear features entered the machine learning process. The final chart can distinguish between RTMS responsive and resistant cases with 92.1% accuracy. This difference rate is much higher than the average response to treatment of 44%, in the selection of patients with clinical criteria, and is an important finding in the direction of personalized treatment for rTMS.

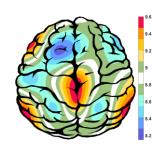




### Alpha Asymmetry(AA)



### APF(EC)



Frontal APF= 08.75

Posterior APF= 09.50

# Absolute Power-Eye Closed (EC) 🥟

























































### TBI Severity

	_	_								
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

### 🚃 Relative Power-Eye Closed (EC) 🧭















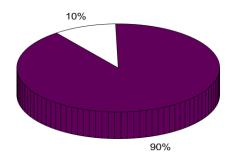






# TBI Probability

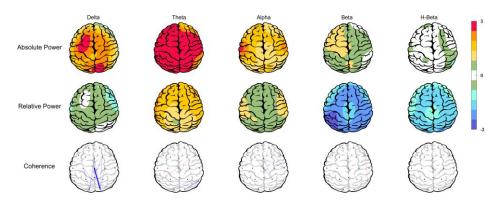
**TBI Probability** 



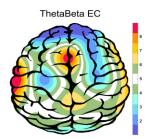


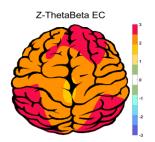


### Z Score Summary Information (EC)

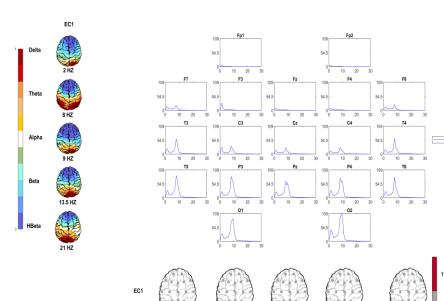


## E.C.T/B Ratio ( Raw- Z Score)





### **EEG** Spectra



### Arousal Level

